Established June 14, 1881.

Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future Great Railroad Centre and Grand Gateway of International Commerce.

VOL. XXXVII. LAREDO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, MARCH 10, 1918—TWELVE PAGES. NO. 39

RICHTER'S

New Silk Dresses are being shown in the Ready to Wear Department.
The prices range from $18.50 to $35.00.

SPECIAL GEORGETTE WAISTS
Value $3.98 at $2.48.

CHILDRENS GINGHAM DRESSES, from 1 to 14 years, priced from 75c to $2.50. The kind that stays sewed after washing.

THE TOODLE KID ROMPER DRESS
for Girls at 75c and $1.00. Most practical.

Have you seen the New Athletic Union Suit for Summer wear. A new idea.

Store opens 8 a. m. Closes 6:30 p. m.

Aug. C. Richter

NO CAMOFLOUGE!

ALWAYS REAL!

We have never attempted any misleading supposed Sale Price-Advertising.

Our stocks represent only the

"STANDARD LINES OF AMERICA"

and in these times of Soaring Prices have been priced exceedingly low, saving considerable both in Dollars and Quality for our Customers.

We are now pleased to announce additional Saving Reductions in our

AFTER INVENTORY SALE

of Seasonable Merchandise.

Ladies and Misses HIGH GRADE FOOTWEAR included.

I. ALEXANDER
CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER

CONSUMERS ICE & FUEL COMPANY

Ice, Distilled Water
Ice Cream
Cold Storage

TELEPHONE 145

EXPLOIT OF AMERICAN SENTRY READS LIKE SCENARIO FOR ROMANCE OF THE GREAT WAR

One Solitary American Killed German Leader, Wounded Others and Put to Flight a German Patrol of Forty Men, Part of Whom had Already Entered the American Front Line Trenches.

By Associated Press.

With the American Army in France, March 9.—A lone American sentry this morning attacked an enemy patrol of about 40 men, some of whom had entered an advanced American trench. He drove them off, killing their leader and wounding others.

Expurgated Casualty List.

Washington, March 9.—The first of the expurgated casualty lists was issued by the war department today. It shows that First Lieut. Louis Gordon was killed in action and First Lieut. John Greene was slightly wounded. The names of 36 privates are on the list, but according to the new custom, without the home addresses of their next of kin. Two are shown to have been killed in action, eight died of disease, five were severely wounded, nineteen were wounded slightly and two were killed in an accident. One is an airplane casualty.

Enemy Bombarded Americans.

With the American Army in France, March 9.—There was comparatively lively artillery firing last night and today in the section of the Lorraine front where the Americans are stationed. Last evening the enemy bombarded the American position heavily, but without result.

Russo-Rumanian Peace.

London, March 9.—Conclusion of peace between Russia and Rumania is announced in a Russian wireless despatch. Rumania promises to evacuate Bessarabia.

Rumania also agrees to evacuate Bendari on the Dniester, 40 miles south of Kishinev, within two months.

Germans Raided Paris.

Paris, March 9.—German aviators raided Paris last night. Early reports show that bombs were dropped with some loss of life and property. Signals were given at 12:30 o'clock that all was clear.

Russian Transports Sunk.

London, March 9.—Two Russian transports were attacked and sunk by two German destroyers south of the Aland islands Thursday, according to a Copenhagen despatch.

Trotzky Has Resigned.

Petrograd, March 9.—Leon Trotzky, addressing the Maximalist party Friday, announced his resignation as commissary for foreign affairs.

To Overthrow Bolsheviki.

London, March 9.—The social revolutionaries decided at a recent Moscow conference to form a national guard to overthrow the Bolsheviki, according to Dr. Eleff of the Moscow University, says a Copenhagen despatch. The Cossacks are supporting the organization in the Don district. The army would introduce a republic in Russia and would not accept German peace. Dr. Elef says the Bolsheviki have suppressed news.

Germans Attacked Yesterday.

London, March 9.—After an all-day bombardment, the Germans yesterday evening attacked on a front of nearly a mile in Belgium from a point south of the Menin road to a point north of Poelderkoeck, the war office reports.

This is the first time this year that the Flanders front has been the scene of serious fighting. The enemy force retired to its own positions after a lively engagement. The British occupied 300 yards of the German line when throwing back the enemy. The enemy suffered losses. The Cambrai and Ypres areas continue to be scenes of spirited artillery actions. With clear weather the British put out of action 20 enemy machines, destroying ten.

Gen. Hoffmann Explains.

Petrograd, March 9.—Gen. Hoffmann, the German commander, in a telegram to Ensign Krylenko, says that German operations continued since the armistice were due to sporadic movements of disorganized Russian detachments. The genera declares that all the regions occupied since the conclusion of peace will be evacuated immediately.

Germans Dispersed Russians.

Berlin, March 9.—German troops after an engagement yesterday, dispersed bands north and south of Birheula, on the Sherka-Odessa road, says the German statement.

PEOPLE KNOW THAT THIS IS THEIR WAR

PLEDGE THEMSELVES TO THEIR COUNTRY TO AID IN THE NEW LIBERTY LOAN.

Special to The Times.

Dallas, Texas, March 9.—At a conference of Liberty Loan workers held in Dallas, it was agreed that the prominent feature of the Liberty Loan situation is the manner in which the people have awakened to the needs of the situation. The federal reserve bank has a number of organizers and speakers covering the territory and reports presented at the conference show that there is now no longer any question about the people of the district regarding this as "their war." The people are solidly behind the government; by thousands, individually and in meetings, they have pledged themselves to the cause of America. They have realized that success means keeping open their best market, namely, Europe; that failure means ruin. The threat of Germany to "make America pay" has aroused the indignation of the people.

One representative said that the most impressive statement he had heard was made by a Confederate veteran at one of his meetings. The old soldier said: "I am going to arrange my affairs so that when the call comes I will be ready to lend my country all that I have which is mine to offer. My sword is rusty now and I am too old to use it, but I still have my little worldly fortune. I am going to lend my country not just the money I do not need, but the money I do need, the money which would bring me a few luxuries, which I could lend out at a higher rate of interest that the government gives me. The money it has taken me many years to accumulate; the money which, perhaps, I have valued too much."

The situation in the agricultural districts is especially gratifying. The farmers have cheered to the echo when speakers have told them: "We are at war to protect your homes, your wives and your children."—E. P. Clayton, Publicity Dept. Federal Reserve Bank, Dallas.

NOT IN SESSION TODAY.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 9.—Neither the senate nor the house were in session today, having voted yesterday to adjourn until Monday.

NEW DRAFT CLASSIFICATIONS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 9.—Reclassification according to physical condition of men in the next selective service army call is provided for in revised instructions of medical advisory boards which are being sent to local examining boards throughout the country. The new regulations require that every man summoned be placed in one of the following four classes: First, acceptable for military service; second, acceptable for general military service after being cured of remediable defects; third, acceptable for special or limited service in specified capacity or occupation; fourth, rejected, exempted from military service. It is expected that provision will be made later for the sort of work for the third class which will not endanger their health. Under the new regulations many ailments and defects which previously were cause for rejection will now result in the men being placed in the second class and given the privilege of the services of a family or army physician.

SIX BANDITS ARE KILLED

Capt. Ryan of State Rangers, Who Sent His Men to Join in Pursuit, Gets Word.

Captain Will Ryan at 3 o'clock this afternoon received a telephone message from Sergeant Lon Willis, who was then on the East ranch, notifying him that up to that time six Mexicans had been killed by the posse, several had been wounded and that the pursuit was still in progress near Randado ranch.

Information received by Willis was that the posse would get the entire party of bandits before they could get near the river, as they are not going in the direction of the Rio Grande. Captain Ryan's men have joined the posse in the pursuit.

ORDNANCE BUREAU WANTS MORE MONEY

ASKED FOR FOUR HUNDRED MILLIONS TO MAKE MORE HEAVY GUNS FOR ARMY.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—The army ordnance bureau today asked congress for an urgent deficiency appropriation of $400,000,000 for the manufacture of ordnance, principally heavy guns.

Lieutenant Aviator Killed.

San Antonio, Texas, March 9.—Lieut. Chandler of Hillsdale, Ill., was killed when his airplane fell at Kelly Field late yesterday evening.

Quashed Search Warrant.

Chicago, March 9.—The United States circuit court of appeals today quashed the search warrant issued by Judge Landis permitting the examination of letter files in the office of Henry Veeder, counsel for Swift Company, by the government. The decision was "without bar to further proceedings."

HOLLWEG'S PROPERTY FIRST.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 9.—Property in the United States owned by former Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Junkers generally and the German government will be the first placed under the hammer under the new alien property act, according to A. Mitchell Palmer, custodian.

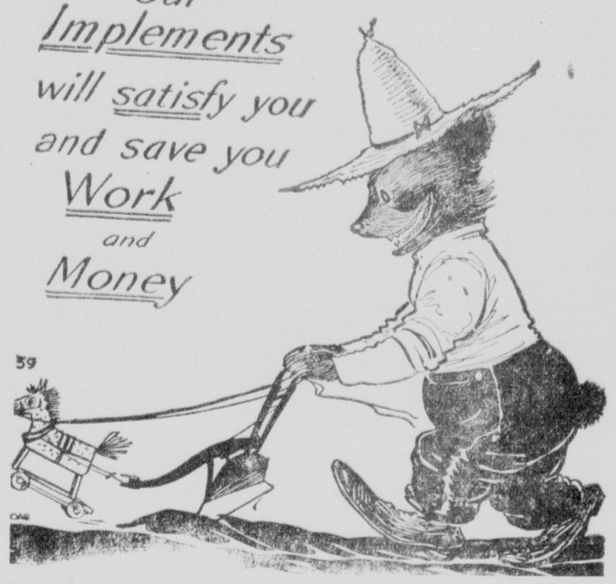
PRINCETON INTERSCHOLASTIC MEET.

New York, March 9.—What promises to be the largest interscholastic track and field meet of the season in this section is to be staged tonight in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. The competitions will be conducted under the auspices of Princeton University and the proceeds will be given to the Princeton ambulance corps now in France.

Laredo National Bank

CAPITAL . $ 200,000
SURPLUS . 100,000
DEPOSITS . 1,500,000

Our Implements will satisfy you and save you Work and Money



AN OLD WORN-OUT OR POOR IMPLEMENT MAKES YOUR WORK HARD, WASTES YOUR TIME AND COSTS MONEY FOR REPAIRS. THROW YOURS AWAY AND COME TO US FOR NEW ONES.

OUR IMPLEMENTS ARE THE LATEST PATTERNS. HAVE ALL THE NEW CONVENIENT ATTACHMENTS; AND THE MAKERS NAME IS A GUARANTEE THAT THEY ARE THE BEST MADE.

WHEN YOU THINK OF BUYING SOME NEW IMPLEMENT COME IN AND LET US SHOW YOU HOW GOOD OURS ARE.

USE OUR HARDWARE; IT STANDS HARD WEAR.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

CHICO WASHING WONDER

DIRECTIONS
To clean Clothes Without Rubbing.

1. Dissolve a big spoonful of "CHICO" in half a tub of water and soak the clothes in it overnight.

2. Cut up and add HALF THE SOAP you generally use; boil thirty or forty minutes. Rinse in clear water and hang out.

THAT'S ALL. Clothes will be Clean, Sweet and White as Snow, and last Twice as Long. "CHICO" is made in Laredo and sold by all good Grocers. 25c can LASTS A MONTH; Cleans TWELVE Tubs.

Be a Patriot and Start a Vegetable Garden!

Increase the food supply of the nation and do your bit toward victory. Incidentally we carry a full line of garden tools and implements, and to incourage this laudable movement, we will give a special discount of 5 per cent on all garden tools bought for this purpose.

Joseph Netzer Hardware Co.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords to its patrons security and comfort

BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM SERVICE

—TODAY—

Carlyle Blackwell, Evelyn Greeley, June Elvidge and Arthur Ashley in "THE BEAUTIFUL MRS. REYNOLDS." How a beautiful woman was the cause of the downfall of a secretary of the United States treasury. How a United States senator shot and killed this secretary, the famous Alexander Hamilton, in a duel on the Palisades.

Also a Fox Sunshine comedy in two parts, "ARE MARRIED POLICEMEN SAFE?"

Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: "HER AMERICAN HUSBANDS," Triangle drama with an all-star cast, and "COURTS AND CABARETS," new Keystone comedy.

From Friday's Daily.

SWITZERLAND FOOD SHORTAGE.

We are informed that Switzerland is facing a food famine, and there are some who seem to place that little neutral nation in the same category as the Scandinavian countries, as having helped Germany out in the matter of food.

It should be remembered that of all neutral nations, Switzerland is most entitled to be called neutral. Not only have the Germans benefitted from Switzerland's neutrality, but France and Great Britain, as well as Italy later, have also been accorded privileges equal to those granted to the Germans.

Had it not been for the hospitality of Switzerland, the British and French prisoners of war would have suffered far more severely than they did, for the Swiss government and people made it possible to send food and even luxuries to the prisoners in Germany, as well as offering an asylum for the sick and wounded for whom Germany had neither the room nor the surgeons to care for.

Many hundreds of British and French soldiers and officers would have died had it not been for the care given them en route home by the hospitable Swiss. The Swiss resorts were thrown open to these sick and wounded prisoners, some of whom were exchanged at a time when they were unable to stand the long journey home.

Little was done in the way of looking after enemy prisoners by any of the hostile nations at the beginning of the war, and the Swiss Red Cross, the parent of all similar organizations, did all it could to relieve suffering, as well as to put an end to the uncertainty on the part of the soldiers' relatives as to the whereabouts of the prisoners.

The Swiss postal department carried without cost many millions of letters, and eventually many hundreds of thousands of packages of food and clothing sent to the prisoners who would have fared badly had it not been for the kindly hearts and the indefatigable labors of the Swiss.

And during it all the Swiss government was maintaining a neutrality far more strict and rigid than that of any other government. No supplies were sent to the belligerent forces, and when Germans crossed the line to purchase food their packages were carefully scrutinized before they crossed the border.

That Switzerland is now facing a food famine is due to two causes. First, she has depleted her own supplies in order to care for the many thousands of refugees within her borders. Second, she has had to mobilize her army and keep it at war strength for three years past, which has interfered greatly with her agricultural labors.

If there is anything to spare above what our armies and our allies need, Switzerland should have the first call on it. Not that Switzerland is begging; she has plenty of money with which to purchahse the necessities of life. But she should be permitted to buy necessary food supplies, because she has hospitably cared for our allies during the continuance of the war, and should the occasion arise, she could be depended upon to care for our soldiers and officers as well.

Switzerland has not purchased largely in excess of her own needs in order that she might trade with the enemy, as have Sweden, Norway and Denmark. She has not depleted her own food supplies in order to make an exorbitant profit by selling to the needy Germans. Of course, Germans have purchased some foodstuffs, as well as other articles, from Switzerland, but no more so than they did from us until we entered the war.

The only trouble is that all the malingerers of Europe are gathered in Switzerland, and it seems a shame that they should be fed while Swiss women and children are going without, especially if we have to furnish the food supplies.

But Switzerland is in a class by herself, and sre should not be discriminated against on the charge that she has aided and is likely further to aid our present enemies.

LABOR AND ROADS.

We have received a very comprehensive plan from the pen of a Wisconsin doctor who proposes to revolutionize the road system of the United States, and the main proposition that we find is that of hiring—after importation—of Chinese, Mexican and Porto Rican "cheap" labor.

There is one trouble with everyone who advocates any modern improvement in this country, and that is that he invariably proposes "cheap" labor as a means of "economically" doing the work.

It should be remembered that we have hundreds of thousands of laboring men in this country who should be given the first chance to do any work, particularly government work. There is no particular reason why we should employ Chinese, Mexicans and Porto Ricans, save that it is popularly supposed that these particular laborers will work cheaper than the native born.

The work, if it is undertaken, should be done by Americans—at least, by American residents. We have no need of looking abroad for labor. The American residents in normal times are fully capable of doing the ordinary work, especially as we have each year a record of unemployed which runs into the hundreds of thousands.

It seems unjust to employ foreign labor, especially when we have to import it, in doing work which it is conceded is for the benefit of the entire country, and which the entire population will be taxed to pay for.

It seems unjust that the money derived from taxes in the various states should be paid to foreign laborers, whom the Wisconsin doctor says "may be deported after the work is done."

Is there any reason why the United States, the wealthiest nation in the world, should not be able to employ the people who live here for necessary public work? Is there any reason why preference should be given to the imported laborer for government work?

There is no doubt that a comprehensive system of public roads would be to the advantage of the country at large. We on the border have for some years past been recommending a border highway which would not only be for the benefit of the local population, but which would result in great benefit to the federal government from a military standpoint.

But we have never even suggested that imported foreign labor should be employed on the ground of supposed economy. We have been willing to accept our share of the taxes, even though it might be considered that the Texas people should pay a disproportionate share, in order that we might reap the benefits of better transportation as well as increased federal protection.

The people of Texas are dependent to a certain degree upon foreign labor. But we have never suggested that the government work be given to foreign laborers because they were cheaper than the home supply, because we have always been willing to give the first preference to home labor when we could get it.

If it is decided to build some thousands of miles of national, state and county highways, we trust that the American laborer will be given the preference in the first choice of employment, and that only when it is demonstrated that there is an insufficiency of American labor will the foreigners be given work.

It looks like an impudent proposition to beg for foreign laborers to come here and do the work, with the understanding that they are to be deported as soon as the work is done. If the laborers are capable of doing the work, they should be considered capable of remaining and becoming American citizens.

We are not in favor of any proposition which looks to the employment of foreign labor as opposed to the native laboring man. There should be a distinction made in favor of the American, and the foreign element should be imported only when there is a failure of the native supply.

DISTRICT COURT CONVENES HERE ON MONDAY MORNING

Regular Term of Eight Weeks; Grand Jurors Have Been Summoned to Be on Hand Monday Morning.

The regular term of district court for Webb county will be convened at the courthouse in this city on next Monday morning and will continue in session for eight weeks. The following have been summoned to appear to serve as grand jurors for the term:

J. E. Applewhite, T. A. Austin, Gus D. Becker, Henry Borchers, Hal W. Brennan, L. R. Ortiz, Higinio Valdez, V. A. Puig, Eduardo Cruz, Julio Wormser, Gonzalo Farias, John Gilligan, Ike Hirsch, R. C. Bryant, M. A. Sallee and F. M. Ramsay.

SHOWS WILL VISIT LAREDO SHOWING HERE MARCH 17-18

Christy Hippodrome Shows Will Hold Forth in This City Two Performances Daily March 17 and 18.

The Christy Hippodrome Shows will make their first visitation to Laredo on March 17, when they will give two performances that day and two on the following day and night. Clarence Auskings, the general agent of the shows is now here arranging for the aggregation to come here and has secured the vacant block south of the Texas-Mexican station recently used by the carnival for the show grounds.

Besides a number of clowns, Prof. Roberts, the strong man, ponies, dogs, acrobats, aerialists, contortionists and other attractions, the show carried a good band. The Rhodes family of Aerialists, five in numbers, present a series of sensationalism in the lofty peaks of the big canvas causing many a gasp as their slythe bodies fly thru the air as nimbly as so many birds.

The Three Zeneros in a Contortion Novelty unsurpassed by any; these seemingly boneless people twist their bodies into unbelieveable positions like so many reptiles or some spineless creatures.

WOULDN'T RISK IT.

Clara—I wouldn't wear my hair down over my ears for anything.

Egbert—Don't you admire the fashion?

Clara—Yes; but suppose some man should propose and I didn't hear him!

DEATH OF EDWARD S. MACKIN FOLLOWING A LONG ILLNESS

WAS FORMER CONTRACTOR AND ENGINEER OF MONTEREY.

Came to Texas as a Young Man From Ohio and Later Went to Mexico; Came to Laredo Eight Years Ago.

Edward Sarsfield Mackin, for many years a prominent contractor and construction engineer of Monterey, where he was a member of the firm of Mackin & Dillon, but who came to this city on account of failing health in 1910 and had since made his home here, most of the time engaged in the onion growing industry in North Laredo, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, on the Heights yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, his death not being wholly unexpected.

Deceased was born in Zanesville, Ohio, on July 26, 1856, and as a young man of 21 years left Ohio with his parents and family for Texas, locating at Taylor, where the Mackin family made their home for many years. Later he went to Monterey and engaged in general contracting, forming the firm of Mackin & Dillon, which for about fifteen years was one of the leading contracting firms of Mexico, and conducting operations at Monterey, Saltillo, Torreon and other places. About eight years ago Mr. Mackin's health became impaired and he decided to remove to Laredo, coming here and engaging in the onion growing business, which he conducted up to about two years ago, when he was compelled to abandon the work on account of his weakened condtion. Since that time he had made his home with his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, on the Heights, his devoted wife being with him and ministering to his every want at all times. For some time past his condition had gradually become more serious and the family were prepared for the inevitable, and yesterday afternoon he closed his eyes in peaceful slumber.

Besides his grief-stricken wife, he is survived by one daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, two brothers, Sam Mackin of this city and W. H. Mackin of Waco, and one sister, Mrs. D. C. Rossman, of Clifton, Kansas, all of whom have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement. Deceased was a prominent member of the Masonic order and while in Mexico occupied a high office in the Masonic lodge there. He was also a member of the Knights of Pythias and Modern Woodmen. The funeral takes place from the Foster home on the Heights this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock under the auspices of the Masons, with interment in the Masonic cemetery.

WILL HAVE A SERVICE FLAG FOR LAREDO HIGH SCHOOL

WITH STAR FOR EACH FORMER PUPIL OF INSTITION.

Committee Having Matter in Charge Wants Names of All Former Students Besides Those on List.

A committee of the Laredo High School composed of Misses Helen Richter and Cecilia Leyendecker and Dan Lowry, have been assigned the work of getting the names of all former Laredo High School students who are now in the service of their country and to determine the number of stars which shall be placed on the service flag to be made for the institution.

The committee would appreciate the submission of any other names than those already on the list, together with information as to the branch of the service the men are in and the year of attendance at the high school. The names on the list so far are the following:

Edward M. Matson, J. Seymour Denike, Albert M. Penn, LeGette Tarver, Sam A. Westbrook, Joe Mudd, Jesse McClendon, Joseph Christen, James Christen, Edmund J. Moser, Percy R. Winch, Gus Buttron, Alfonso Siros, Willis Lowry, Luke Loftus, Fred. Netzer, Thomas A. Austin, Guy Trout, Peter P. Leyendecker, Jr., George Bigden, Edward Brewster, Hilton Cline, George Lang, Charles E. Lang, Leo Eistetter, E. J. Barthelow, Lawrence Nelson, Fenelon Nicholson, Robert Nasahl and Charles Woodul.

High schools all over the country in a most ostentatious and deservedly proud manner are displaying service flags with a star for each member of the institutions who have answered their country's call, and the Laredo high school, justly proud of the young men who received their educations in the local high school are preparing to put a star on their flag for each and every boy who attended the high school here, but who are now in the service of the United States army or navy.

TESTAMENTS FOR SOLDIERS.

New York, March 8.—The National War World Council of the Y. M. C. A. has ordered 500,000 more New Testaments, making a total of 1,700,000 bought by the association for army men during the last few months. The Testaments are sent to the camps all over the country, but the greatest demand for them comes from Texas. The director in charge of the distribution says it is impossible to keep enough of them on hand to meet the demand.

LITTLE LOCALS

—The enlistments in the Laredo troop of cavalry of the Texas National Guard have begun, the first man to enlist being M. A. Harper, dairyman of this city, who applied his signature to the roll yesterday.

—John L. Dannelley, talking under the auspices of the "Four-Minute Men," will deliver an address at the Strand Theater tonight and at the Royal Theater tomorrow night. At both places his remarks will be in regard to the world war.

—The Mexican ladies of Friendship Grove, Woodmen of the World, will give a "Jamaica" on Martin Plaza on the evening of March 15 as a benefit for the local chapter of the Red Cross. A program and fuller details of the festival will be announced in a few days.

—The Laredo High School is preparing a service flag which it will display with one star for each former student of that institution who is now with Uncle Sam's fighting men. Those who know of any students whose names do not appear in the list published elsewhere today should communicate with the committee having the service flag matter in charge.

—The onion growers committee is in Houston today conferring with State Food Administrator Peden regarding Texas onions. Tonight they leave the Magnolia City for the national capital, there to tell Mr. Hoover their plans to make Texas onions a popular edible and ask his help in putting them in the hands of the consumer at a nominal cost.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS ELECTED SET OF OFFICERS

C. C. BIGGIO IS FIRST VICE-PREST. R. G. & E. P. Ry. Co.

Deserved Promotion Comes to Young Man Who Has Been With Company For the Past Thirteen Years.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. Co. was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when the following board of directors were elected: C. B. Wright, W. T. Wright, E. F. Wager, W. H. Alley, A. Winslow, B. M. Alexander, H. G. DaCamara, R. W. Davis and C. C. Biggio, all being re-elections with the exception of R. W. Davis, who succeeds the late James J. Haynes as a member of the board.

The board of directors met immediately thereafter and elected the following officers to serve for the ensuing year: C. B. Wright, president; E. F. Wager, vice-president; C. C. Biggio, first vice-president; H. G. DaCamara, treasurer, and J. D. Merriman, secretary.

The new first vice-president, Chester C. Biggio, has been auditor and secretary of the company for the past thhirteen years, and his election to the responsible position of vice-president is a deserved recognition of his ability. With the indisposition of E. F. Wager, the vice-president and general manager of the company, Mr. Biggio now finds it devolving upon him to act in the capacity of general manager. Prior to going with the R. G. & E. P. Ry. Co., Mr. Biggio was in the auditing department of the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. here.

MONITION.

In the United States District Court, For the Southern District of Texas.

The United States of America vs. Six Thousand Dollars in American Gold Coin.
No. 109 in Admiralty.

In obedience to a Warrant of Seizure to me directed, in the above-entitled cause, I have seized and taken into my possession the following described property, to-wit:

Six Thousand Dollars in American Gold Coin. For the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the U. S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, at Laredo, Texas, I hereby give notice to all persons claiming the said described Six Thousand Dollars in American Gold Coin, or knowing or having anything to say why the same should not be condemned and forfeited, and the proceeds thereof distributed according to the prayer of the libel, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held in and for the Southern District of Texas, at the United States Court Room, in the City of Laredo, Texas, on the 18th day of March, 1918, at 10 o'clock on the forenoon of that day, if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jursdiction thereafter, then and there to interpose a claim for the same, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

J. A. HERRING,
U. S. Marshal, Sou. Dist. of Texas.
By ALLAN WALKER, Deputy.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

AMERICANS DEMONSTRATED THAT TWO TO ONE IS AN EASY PROPOSITION FOR THEM

American Patrol of Five Met and Defeated German Patrol of Ten, Killing Two and Capturing Two More After Wounding Them—Russians Recapture Jamburg, Held by the German Forces.

By Associated Press.

With the American Army in France, March 8.—An American patrol of five men five nights ago outfought an enemy patrol of 10 men. They met in no man's land, two Germans being killed and two wounded and taken prisoner.

Russians Captured Jamburg.

London, March 8.—The Russian revolutionary army captured Jamburg, 68 miles from Petrograd, March 5th, according to the official Russian statement Thursday, forwarded here.

Germans Dropped Bombs.

London, March 8.—Seven or eight airplanes raided England last night. One reached London, dropping bombs in the northwest and southwest districts of the city. In the northern districts the raiders dropped bombs, demolishing several houses. Eleven persons were killed and 46 injured in the raid on London. It is feared that six additional bodies lie in the ruins of the wrecked houses.

Want German Princeling.

London, March 8.—It is reported that the Finnish government has asked the German emperor to appoint Prince Oscar, the emperor's fifth son, king of Finland.

Enemy Artillery Active.

London, March 8.—Enemy artillery was active last night in the vicinity of Revecourt and the Scarpe valley and on both sides of Ypres, says today's statement.

British Casualty List.

London, March 7.—Casualties for the first week in March were 3,343, the lowest in many months. They are divided as follows: Officers killed or died of wounds, 63; men 628. Wounded or missing—officers 179, men 2,473.

Artillery Battle Continued.

Paris, March 8.—The artillery battle on the Verdun front continued, says today's report. Four German airplanes were brought down Wednesday.

Spanish Cabinet Resigned.

Madrid, March 8.—The Spanish cabinet recently constructed by the Marquis de Alhucemas, who was premier and held the portfolio of foreign affairs, resigned today.

FARMER FURLOUGHS ARE TO BE GRANTED

AGRICULTURAL STUDENTS MAY BE EEMPTED BY JOINING THE QUARTERMASTER RESERVE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 8.—Furloughs for farmers and others in non-military pursuits necessary to the war were authorized in the senate bill passed by the house with the war department's approval.

Students to Be Exempted.

Washington, March 8.—Students in land grant agricultural colleges whose class standing places them in the upper third of the senior class may enlist in the quartermaster listed reserve corps and be placed in class 5 on the ground that they are in the military service.

Interest Rate Raised.

Washington, March 8.—The interest rate on loans to the allies has been raised from 4¼ to 5 per cent as the result of the recent increase of rates on certificates of indebtedness from 4 to 4½ per cent.

Reduced Coal Prices.

Washington, March 8.—Drastic reductions in the fixed price of coal at mines in Colorado, Utah, Montana and Wyoming, in some cases as much as 25 per cent, have been ordered by the fuel administration. Operators declare that half these mines will be forced to stop production under the new scale.

Grain on Hand.

Washington, March 8.—Grain in farmers' hands on March 1 as announced by the department of agriculture, was: Corn, 1,292,005,000 bushels, or 40.9 per cent of the 1917 crop. Wheat, 11,272,000 bushels, or 17.1 per cent. Barley, 43,404,000 bushels, or 28.8 per cent.

Favored Draft Treaties.

Washington, March 8.—By unanimous agreement the senate military committee today ordered a favorable report on the administration bill to give effect to alien draft treaties which may hereafter be negotiated, including those with Great Britain and Canada, already signed, by authorizing the president to order the registration of such aliens.

WAR WORK TO BE DISCUSSED.

Baltimore, Md., March 8.—States included in the territory of the Southern Commercial Congress, and other States not in that territory, have been invited by Governor Harrington of Maryland to send representatives to the tenth annual convention of the congress to be held in this city next December. In a formal proclamation, Governor Harrington points out that the congress will be devoted to an interpretation of the part America will have taken in the war for liberty and democracy, and also to practical consideration of questions related to agriculture, education, industry and commerce.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAY TODAY.

MARCH 8.

Ira Nelson Morris, Minister of the United States to Sweden since July, 1914, celebrates his forty-third birthdayday anniversary today. Minister Morris is a Chicago-born, Yale-educated man of wealth, who early in life gave up finance and money-getting for more leisurely and idealistic pursuits. His first enlistment in national service was as a commissioner to Italy in behalf of the international exposition at San Francisco, a post that he filled to the satisfaction of Washington. Then followed the assignment to Sweden. In his official position at Stockholm he is now gaining importance among diplomatists abroad, owing to the increasing tension between the neutral nations of the North and the United States, and also to the ability he is showing in handling the interests of the nations allied with the United States as they have come into conflict with Germany's ambitions and purposes in Scandinavia. Mr. Morris has traveled widely, and has literary tastes, including authorship.

PROHIBITION DATE WILL BE APRIL 15

HOUSE REFUSED TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT FOR DATE OF APRIL 1.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Tex., March 8.—The house refused to accept the senate amendment fixing the date of the ten-mile zone prohibition at April 1 instead of April 15, as provided in the house bill. The house asked for a free conference committee. The house concurred in the senate amendment to the $2,000,000 drouth relief bill.

German in Public Schools.

Austin, Tex., March 8.—The house today voted down a resolution which would ask the governor to submit the subject of prohibiting the teaching of German in state schools.

AMERICAN WAR DECORATIONS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 8.—President Wilson has authorized four decorations for bravery in war service. The war department order designated them as: First, distinguished service cross; second, distinguished service medal; third, war service chevrons; fourth, wound chevrons. The first will be a cross of bronze with ribbon, awarded for extraordinary heroism. The service medal will be of bronze and ribbon, for exceptionally meritorious service in war time duty, great responsibility or in connection with military operations. The war service chevrons of gold worn on the left sleeve will be awarded to officers and enlisted men for each six months' service in the war zone. The wound chevrons are the same as the war service chevrons, except that they will be worn on the right sleeve and will be awarded to men gassed or wounded so badly as to need medical attention. Women are eligible to receive the cross and medal.

THE RETURNED SOLDIER.

Ottawa, Ont., March 8.—To prevent the exploitation of returned soldiers by firms who seek the services of salesmen for articles of little value, and who believe that returned soldiers will appeal to the sympathies of the public, the Great War Veterans Association has gone on record as opposed to the granting of licenses by Canadian municipalities to returned men to peddle such articles.

MANY JEWS IN SERVICE.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 8.—Jews here meeting to welcome Doctor Isaac Alcastly, grand rabbi of Serbia, who recently arrived, received a message from Congressman Isaac Sigel, stating that more than 61,000 Jews are now in the military service of this country, besides many now fighting in France. Nine Jews were among the Tuscania's victims. The secretary of the orthodox Jewish congregations of America said that "American Jewry unquestioably patriotic and is supporting the government." A service flag with 8787 stars was presented to the congregation. The stars indicated the number of members in the military service.

TO USE ELLIS ISLAND.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 8.—The department of labor announced today that, because of the great falling off of immigration to less than one-tenth of that in normal peace times, it would be possible to use Ellis island immigrant station during the period of the war for other purposes. One section allotted to the war department will be used as temporary quarters for wounded soldiers before their transfer to base hospitals, while the section allotted to the navy will be used for the accommodation of several thousand sailors before they are permanently assigned. The part of the island reserved by the department of labor will be used for immigrants as heretofore.

USING KAISER'S TELESCOPE.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 8.—A costly telescope which was once given an American by the German emperor is now loaned to the United States navy in response to a public appeal for binoculars, etc., for use against the kaiser's submarines. The citizen whose father received the telescope, bearing the inscription stating that it was a gift from "Wilhelm, by God's Grace German Emperor, King of Prussia," offered the telescope!

WOULD PREVENT WYOMING GOING DRY.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 8.—The first organized effort of liquor interests to defeat prohibition in Wyoming when the State amendment proposition comes up for vote at the election in November of this year has come to light in the organization of the Trades Union Liberty League, which has just completed the mailing of letters to all members of organized labor in Wyoming appealing for the defeat of the prohibition measure.

The letter appeals to labor men on the ground that the saloons stand for the "protection of unions, of homes, of positions and of rights." It declares that the voting out of saloons in Wyoming will throw out of employment scores of "organized brothers" who will be obliged to seek employment in trades that are unionized.

DETERMINED PARENT.

A Southern man tells of a colored mother living in a country district of Georgia who was induced by her 10-year-old child to take him to the circus in a town near their home.

"She borrowed a wagon and a mule and set out with her offspring for the circus. The roads were bad—it had rained—and the youngster was frightfully fidgety. Finally the tired mother exclaimed:

"'See heah, you Erasmus! Yo set still! I've druv yo' ten miles to enjoy dis circus an' you shall enjoy it, if I has to pull ebery hair out er yo' haid!'"—Everybody's Magazine.

From Thursday's Daily.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAY TODAY.

MARCH 7.

Dr. Ira Nelson Hollis, president of Worcester Polytechnic Institute and one of the foremost leaders of the mechanical engineering profession in America, celebrates his sixty-second birthday anniversary today. Dr. Hollis is an Indianian, who entered the United States Navy as a graduate from the Annapolis academy in 1878, and rose steadily in the engineering ranks of that branch of the military arm until 1893, when he responded to Harvard University's invitation and joined its scientific school as professor of engineering. During his decade of service in this important post Professor Hollis, as he then was, became a conspicuous champion of naval expansion, and urged the adjustment of national education to national political needs. When the engineering council for war purposes was organized some time ago by the United Engineering Society of the United States, Dr. Hollis was selected to serve as chairman. He has been a prolific writer for the press, is a good speaker, and consequently is much in demand for public functions. In 1813 he left Harvard to go to Worcester as president of the polytechnic school there.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight unsettled; warmer. Friday generally fair.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 68 degs.
Min. temp. 54 degs.
General direction of wind: North.
Cloudy.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 1:20 p. m.
Train No. 3 leaves for Corpus Christi at 8:30 p. m.
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christ at 2:10 p. m.
Train No. 4 arrives from Corpus Christi at 7:05 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 11:00 a. m. and arrives at 4:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

THE POOR BAKER.

Between the demand of part of the public, which clamors for the pretty, white, fluffy loaves of the ante-war days, and the positive demands of the food administration that 20 per cent substitute be used in white bread, the poor baker is like the proverbial person "between the devil and the deep blue sea." Every practical person knows, or should know, that it is impossible to make as large loaves or as white bread with the substitutes at hand, and for them to clamor for the impossible is unjust and unreasonable, and for the public or any person to seek out and patronize a baker that will violate the rules in order to please the customer, is positively unpatriotic. The same rule applies to the evading or violating of any of the rules, whether it is "wheatless," "meatless" or "less sugar."

A. D. SMITH,
Food Administrator Webb County.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing application of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inlonvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt, Editor. Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist Church will meet with Mrs. Jennings at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet with Mrs. Frank Lattig in the afternoon at 4 at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest.

There will be an executive meeting of the Red Cross at Elks Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

The Epworth League will hold their regular weekly meeting at the League room at 8 o'clock in the evening, in the Methodist Church.

Friday.

The Sansugi Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will meet in the afternoon.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 1 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the League room of the Methodist Church in the evening at the regular time.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 2 will meet at Fireman's Hall at 7:30 in the evening.

• • •

The Lads Away.

All the lads have gone out to play
At being soldiers, far away;
They won't be back for many a day,
And some won't be back any morning.

All the lassies who laughing were
When hearts were light and lads were here,
Go sad-eyed, wandering hither and there—
They pray and they watch for the morning.

Every house has its vacant bed
And every night, when sounds are dead,
Some woman yearns for the pillowed head
Of him who marched out in the morning.

Of all the lads who've gone out to play
There's some'll return and some who'll stay;
There's some will be back 'most any day—
But some won't wake up in the morning.

—Coningsby Dawson.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Ames and family, who have made their home in Laredo for the past few years, have gone to Arizona to make their future home.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Melville and daughter, Miss Anita, who have in Laredo for the past several months, expect to leave shortly for West Virginia.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Melville and daughter, Miss Anita, who have been in Laredo for the past several months, expect to leave shortly for West Virginia.

• • •

Mrs. Frank Nye and little Elinor, expect to leave on Saturday for San Antonio, where they will be the guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Walter Nye for a few days before going on to Fort Worth for a ten days' stay with Mr. Randall Nye.

• • •

In this day of rapid promotions in the army it is interesting to come across the names of one's friends. In a list published in Sunday's Light the names of Julian Dodge, E. C. Waddell and Earle Wilson were given as receiving majorities. The above are all well known in Laredo.

• • •

Among former Texas University students who celebrated Texas Independence Day in Chicago was Mrs. Attie McClendon Marshall, who gave a recitation.

• • •

Announcements.

The W. C. T. U. will hold its regular monthly meeting at the residence of Mrs. Charles Hopkins, 906 Cortez street, at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

• • •

There will be a prayer-meeting at the aBptist church Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The subject will be "The Negro," and the leader is Mrs. Absbear. On Saturday afternoon at the same place and hour another meeting will be held, with "Mountain Schools" as the subject and Miss Annie Pace as the leader.

• • •

Club Notes.

The Nopales Chapter of Camp Fire Glid held a very pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon with Misses May and Ruth Netzer. Plans were discussed for a hike this afternoon. The members take two hikes every month and devote a part of their time to Red Cross surgical work. They also are taking an interest in civic matters and in the conservation of food. Thost present were Misses Florence Shanks, Jessie Hale, Margaret Lutz, May and Ruth Netzer.

• • •

Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Episcopal Church held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Elmer Anderson. The afternoon was devoted to sewing on articles for the Easter sale. The hostess served fruit lemonade after the work session. Those present were Mesdames Mussett, Younkin, Woodman, MacGregor, Nye, Vidales, Puster, Johnston, Kehl, Cook, Arthur, Arkles and the hostess. The Guild will meet with Mrs. Arkles next week.

PERSONALS

Aurelio Gonzalez returned home this morning from a short business trip to San Antonio.

BENDER:—J. O. Chapman, U. S. A.; L. E. Dudley, Austin; A. L. Gray, St. Louis, Mo.; H. L. Corbett, Dallas; L. Leland, N. A. Davis, S. E. Luke, San Antonio; J. F. Thomas, N. P. Deavours, Dallas; W. Edgecomb, San Antonio.

HAMILTON:—B. Ross Jones, Miss Florence E. Breen, New York; Celestino Rodriguez, Everett Love, D. Healy, San Antonio; D. D. Davis, Dolores; R. R. Jennings, Aguilares; S. Z. Alexander, Jacksonville; Manuel Arcaraz, Arturo Arcaraz, Los Angeles, Calif.; W. J. Murray, Lampazos, Mexico.

Stop Lively! Corns Quit with "Gets-It"

The Great Corn-Loosener of the Age. Never Fails. Painless.

Watch my step? What's the use! I go along "right side up without care," even with corns, because I use "Gets-It", the painless, off-like-a-banana-peel corn remover. I tried other ways galore, until I was blue



Corns Simply Can't Stop us, We use "Gets-It"!

in the face and red in the toes. No more for me. Use "Gets-It." It never fails. Touch any corn or callus with two drops of "Gets-It," and "Gets-It" does the rest. It's a relief to be able to stop cutting corns, making them bleed, wrapping them up like packages and using sticky tape and salves. It removes any corn clear and clean, leaving the toe as smooth as your palm. You can wear those new shoes without pain, dance and be frisky on your feet. It's great to use "Gets-It."

"Gets-It" is sold at all druggists (you need pay no more than 25 cents a bottle), or sent on receipt of price by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

"Sold in Laredo and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by People's Phcy. (Flavio Vargas, Prop.)

Horner's Pharmacy.
City Drug Co.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation ask anyone who has used it.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Three hundred and fifty courses, 145 of them in the School of Commerce, are now open to women in New York University.

The former Grand Duchess Olga, daughter of the ex-Czar of Russia, is said to be giving piano lessons to children in Tobolsk.

One hundred thousand women in New York City will cast their first votes next month in the special elections for representatives in Congress.

An army of 1,000 girls is being mobilized in the Pittsburgh listrict to make aeroplanes for the United States Government for use in France.

The senior class at Smith College has decided to give up commencement festivities next June and to forego the usual "senior dramatics," as a war economy measure.

Miss Katherine Birke, a British nurse, who has just arrived in this country, is the only woman who has received the decoration of "a commander of the British Empire."

One hundred thousand Camp Fire Girls throughout the country will join in big patriotic rallies next month to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the organization.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

FARMERS RELIEVED FROM PRESSURE OF 50-50 WHEAT PLAN

BUYING OF SUBSTITUTES NOT NECESSARY WHEN HAVING SAME; MAY PURCHASE 70 PER CENT OF NORMAL SUPPLY.

Effective February 15 Administrator Peden put into practice the ruling on the distribution of wheat flour to farmers, which replaces the fifty-fifty plan and does not work a hardship upon farmers already having wheat flour substitutes on hand. It has become necessary to make this modification of the ruling made by Washington in order that the farmer who is now embarking on his 1918 year of production will not begin discouraged by a program which did not take into account originally the fact that he had substitutes on hand.

Administrator Peden has received communications from all over the State indicating that the plan of fifty-fifty for distribution of wheat flour would work an extreme hardship upon the farmer. Many messages have passed between his headquarters and the national headquarters on the subject.

The ruling as it now stands and applies to farmers of Texas is as follows:

Present Rule Works Hardship.

Realizing that the rule requiring that consumers who buy wheat flour shall at the same time buy an equal number of pounds of specified substitutes works a serious hardship on those farmers who have an ample supply of home-grown substitutes, and that many farmers have grown these substitutes upon the urgent request of the government, the following modification of the rule in its application to farmers is hereby authorized, effective February 15:

Retailers may sell to their farmer trade 70 per cent of their normal requirements of wheat flour without substitutes, provided the farmer furnishes the retailer a written statement that he has on hand an adequate supply of home-grown substitutes, showing approximate quantities.

This is the only exception made to the pound-for-pound rule, and applies only to the farmer having on hand his home-grown substitutes.

However, a farmer or other consumer must not purchase or use over 70 per cent of his normal requirements of wheat flour each month.

Dealer Must Explain Rule.

If in February, 1917, he consumed 100 pounds of wheat flour, in February, 1918, he must not consume over 70 pounds.

If in March, 1917, he consumed 100 pounds, in March, 1918, he must not consume over 70 pounds.

If in April, 1917, he consumed 100 pounds, in April, 1918, he must not consume over 70 pounds, and so on, month by month.

The retailer in selling the consumer must explain this rule and assure himself that it is being strictly lived up to.

It is desired and strongly urged that the retailer confine his sales of wheat flour to his regular established trade and not seek new customers. Unless the retailer pursues this course he will later find that he is unable to secure a sufficient supply of wheat flour to take care of his regular customers, as a retailer can only buy and distribute 70 per cent of his normal supply.

E. A. Peden,
Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

FEDERAL RELIEF GIVEN THE HEN; U. S. NEEDS HER

Hens and pullets are to have the protection of the government in the matter of egg production. Between the period of February 11 and April 30 the poultry dealers of America are placed on notice that there must be no slaughter of the egg producers until the embargo against the killing of the fowls is lifted. Administrator Peden received the following message from the United States Food Administration, which will serve to improve biddie cackle:

"The following telegram sent today to all exchanges and associations affected:

"'Following rule has been adopted in connection with special rules and regulations governing dealers in poultry and eggs.

"'Rule 14. The licenses shall not between February 11, 1918, and April 30, 1918, purchase, ship, sell or negotiate the sale of any live or freshly killed hens or pullets, provided, however, that this shall not prevent the purchase, shipment or sale between February 11 and February 23, 1918, of hens and pullets which were either killed or shipped prior to February 11, 1918, to markets for sale as food, and provided further that nothing in this rule shall prevent the purchase, shipment or sale of live hens or pullets for egg production purposes. Effective February 11, 1918.'"

BRADFORD IS DISTRICT FOOD ADMINISTRATOR.

District No. 1 of the Federal Food Administration for Texas has a new administrator to replace J. R. Babcock, resigned. He is Thomas L. Bradford, vice president of the Southwestern Life Insurance Company. Mr. Bradford spent one day in Houston recently going over his new duties and his appointment dates from February 11.

Porter A. Whaley, district administrator for Amarillo, has been transferred to Brownwood as district administrator, while the Amarillo appointment has been filled by L. A. Wells of Amarillo. Both Mr. Whaley and Mr. Wells attended the recent conference in Houston and received their instructions at the meeting.

GERMAN OFFENSIVE CONTINUES DESPITE GERMAN PROMISE TO CEASE HOSTILITIES

German Forces Capture Narva, Only 68 Miles from the Russian Capital—Russian Executive Committee Calls Upon Delegates to Vote for Ratification of the German Peace Terms.

MR. PALMER ASKS BLANKET AUTHORITY

ASKS FOR AUTHORITY TO SELL ALIEN PROPERTY WHEN IN HIS DISCRETION IT IS ADVISABLE.

By Associated Press.

To Sell Enemy Property.

Washington, March 7.—Mitchell Palmer, alien property custodian, today asked congress for power to sell any enemy property in the United States within his discretion. This legislation would be supplemental to President Wilson's recent request for authority to acquire legal title to German wharves and property at Hoboken, N. J.

To Fix Steel Prices.

Washington, March 7.—Steel manufacturers have asked the government to fix prices on all products entering into the manufacture of steel, in order that a fixed price for steel may be established.

Administration Won.

Washington, March 7.—The administration won today on the first test of strength in the senate judiciary committee's consideration of Senator Overman's bill to give the president greater power in co-ordinating and reorganizing the government departments and agencies during the war. By a vote of 10 to 7 the committee voted down a resolution to have members of the cabinet inform the committee of legislation believed necessary or desrable.

SPEED UP OIL PRODUCTS.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 7.—The federal oil controller conferred today with representatives of the nation's oil industries with a view to speeding up so as to meet the requirements of the United States and our allies. The report of oil shortage is denied. Attention is to be given to the attainment of better facilities for the moving of oil products to ports and factories.

CHICAGO READY FOR BILLY SUNDAY.

Chicago, Ill., March 7.—A small army of cleaners and decorators are engaged in putting the finishing touches to the big tabernacle in which Billy Sunday is to conduct his Chicago campaign, opening next Sunday. The tabernacle, which is located on the lake shore at Chicago Avenue, only a stone's throw from the loop district, is one of the largest and best equipped ever built for a similar purpose in this country. The building is 274 feet by 250 feet and will accommodate 15,000 persons. Near the tabernacle has been constructed another building containing rooms for checking and caring for babies, nurses for the sick, and a restaurant. The evangelist's private room will be in the tabernacle. A large field for parking automobiles is provided.

Mr. Sunday and his party are scheduled to arrive in Chicago Saturday. The formal opening of the campaign will take place Sunday night, when the great choir of 2,000 voices will be heard in public for the first time. The evening following the opening a great reception in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Sunday is to be given at the Hotel La Salle. Three hundred Chicago clergymen representing all denominations have been invited. According to present arrangements the Chicago campaign will continue three months. On Sundays three services will be held in the tabernacle and during the week two services daily.

TO ISSUE GRAIN REPORT.

Washington, D. C., March 7.—Tomorrow afternoon the Federal Department of Agriculture will issue a report relating mainly to stocks of grain in farmers' hands. The report will give an estimate of the amount of wheat, corn, oats and barley of the 1917 crop on farms in the United States on March 1, the proportion of each of these crops which will be shipped out of the counties where grown, and the percentage of the 1917 corn crop on farms in the United States and which is of merchantable quality.

By Associated Press.

German Offensive Continues.

London, March 7.—The official Russian statement says that despite the German announcement that hostilities against Russia have ceased the Germans have captured Jamburg, east of Narva, while the Turco-German offensive is continuing beyond Trebizond. Jamburg is on the railway line from Revel to Petrograd and only 68 miles from the Russian capital.

Urge Ratification.

Petrograd, March 7.—The central executive committee of the soldiers' and workmen's council while recognizing that the German peace terms were those of "political bandits," has called on its delegates to vote for their ratification. This is advised because peace has afforded the social revolution "an absolutely necessary respite."

Petrograd is Quiet.

Petrograd, March 5.—Petrograd is quiet today, regardless of the presence of the German armies not more than 100 miles distant.

Enemy Raid Repulsed.

London, March 7.—An attempted enemy raid last night east of Epehy under cover of a heavy artillery barrage was completely repulsed, says today's statement. Other hostile raids were similarly repulsed. Artillery activity which reached intensity was reported from some sectors.

Repulsed by the French.

Paris, March 7.—German raids on the Verdun front last night were repulsed by the French, the war office reports.

American Captured Prussian.

With the American Army in France, March 6.—An American staff colonel accompanying a French raiding party in advance of the Americans taking over positions recently captured and brought in a Prussian lieutenant.

Activity on Verdun Front.

Paris, March 7.—Continued activity on the Verdun front, where heavy artillery fighting and raiding operations have been in progress for several days, is reported in today's statement.

American Patrol Returned.

With the American Army in France, March 7.—An American patrol composed of one officer and eight men who had been missing since last night in the sector northwest of Toul suddenly emerged from a shell hole close to the German line today and made a dash across no man's land without a shot being fired at them.

The incident occurred on the Lorraine front. The German raid in this sector occurred Monday. Sharp fighting took place, the Germans suffering repulses with losses. The Americans here are training with the French as at Chemin des Dames. This makes three American forces now facing the enemy. The American losses here have been extraordinarily slight, as the sector is one of the quietest. The Americans here are among the recent arrivals.

RED CROSS TO PALESTINE.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 7.—The American Red Cross has appointed a delegation to go to Palestine to aid in the relief of suffers there.

AMERICAN SOLDIER SPIRIT.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—The spirit of the American soldiers in France is shown in a letter from a soldier to his mother in which he says: "Do not take up good space with sweets that should be used for needed ammunition. Taste fine, but won't do much good when the Hun starts his offensive, so do not do anything which can hinder the United States from getting the ammunition over here."

PITTSBURGH HAS MILLION-DOLLAR MOVIE.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 7.—A million-dollar motion picture theater, proclaimed as the finest and costliest house in the entire country to be devoted to the silent drama, was opened to the public in this city today. The building occupies the site of one of the downtown theaters destroyed in the big fire a year or so ago.

DISLOYALTY ACT FINALLY PASSED

MAKES IT FELONY TO MAKE DISLOYAL REMARK OR COMMIT DISLOYAL ACT DURING THE WAR.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Tex., March 7.—The "loyalty" bill was finally passed when the house concurred in the amendments decided upon by the joint conference of both houses. It now goes to the governor. It would make it a felony to make a disloyal remark or commit a disloyal act during the war. The house ten-mile zone bill was to come up in the senate this afternoon. It seems disposed to adopt the committee recommendation to fix the date at April 15 instead of April 1 as fixed by the house.

MACHINISTS FOR AVIATION.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—The army Signal Corps has called for the immediate enlistment of 10,000 machinists, chauffeurs and other skilled workmen for the aviation section.

MORE THAN THEY CAN EAT.

Special to The Times.

Paris, March 7.—American troops are very popular among the poor people of the country districts, with whom they often share their rations, saying they have more than they can eat.

NOW HOLD EIGHT MILES.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—American troops are now holding over eight miles of trenches in France which are liable to extension from time to time.

EXPECT NEW OFFENSIVE.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—Official advices from Italy indicate that a new Austrian offensive is imminent, as enemy reinforcements are coming up and important redispositions are taking place. Italian refugees from conquered districts say that Austrian soldiers are deserting in considerable numbers and fleeing to the mountains.

SAVINGS STAMP CAMPAIGN.

Special to The Times.

Palm Beach, Florida, March 7.—War Savings Stamps worth $66,393 were sold here in a single day by four teams working under captains in various parts of the resort. The leading team sold $23,690 worth, mostly on the beach. The highest single purchase was $5,000.

WANT GERMAN PIERS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—President Wilson has asked the senate for authority to take over the title to the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd piers at Hoboken, New Jersey. The committee chairman said the bill now in committee would be amended so as to authorize the president to acquire title by purchase or condemnation. The war department now controls the piers, the government having commandeered them. The alien property custodian has asked permission to sell the piers.

When Itching Stops

There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and skin irritation almost instantly and that cleanses and soothes the skin.

Ask any druggist for a 35c or $1 bottle of zemo and apply it as directed. Soon you will find that irritations, pimples, blackheads, eczema, blotches, ringworm and similar skin troubles will disappear.

A little zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions and makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

From Wednesday's Daily.

HYSTERICAL NATIVE SONS.

An echo of the trouble of a few years ago is heard from the Pacific "Slope," in the form of a protest against giving Japan a free hand in Siberia, because the "native sons of the Golden West" dread the prestige which will come to the Japanese through victory.

There is one trouble about the "native sons," the self-confessed aristocrats of the Western slope, whose fathers swung the pick or drove the mine mule, and that is that they consider themselves superior to anyone else on earth: in fact, they acknowledge it—you don't have to prove it. And chief of their prejudices is that against the Chinese and Japanese.

It will be remembered that California stirred up a good deal of trouble for President Wilson in the early days of his first term by passing a law which forbade the Japanese to acquiring landed estate in that state of great fortunes and abject poverty. They were perfectly willing that the Japanese should continue to come over for the purpose of working at all sorts of menial occupations, like the famous Hashimura Togo of Will Irwin's stories, but they did not want them to become landed proprietors, especially after their victory over the Russians, which made the Japanese feel that they were as good as any native son who ever was born on Nob Hill.

Without entering into the merits of the controversy, although admitting that the Californians have a perfect right to refuse to permit the alienation of their land to any foreigner, we would call attention to the fact that the Japanese have a greater say-so in the present question of Siberia than any other of the allied nations.

Japan was willing to forget the past and enter into an alliance with the imperial Russian government, which government Japan had gone far toward overthrowing by defeating its troops, and as an evidence of good faith, Japan sent large quantities of arms and ammunition, as well as other war material, to the aid—not of Russia but of the allies against the German and Austrian empires.

The overthrow of the imperial government was accepted by Japan as an evidence of the democratic tendencies of the Russian people, and she still continued to aid Russia until the Bolsheviki overthrew the republic and entered into the traitorous conferences with the Germans.

We do not for a moment believe that Japan is actuated by a particular love for the United States in this act. She has reason to distrust, if not to hate us, for the part we have taken in humiliating her people. But Japan is no doubt acting in good faith in this matter, because it is to her own interests to see German domination in the Orient destroyed.

So far as California is concerned, we have no bone to pick with that section of the country. There are many loyal citizens in California, and there is the strongest section of the I. W. W. and other treasonable organiations of which this country has ever had occasion to feel ashamed, with headquarters in San Francisco, from which city the loudest howl of protest against the Japanese alliance comes.

The opposing element to the Japanese alliance is not noted for its loyalty to the United States. It is the same element which the United States forces had to curb in the sand lot riots of a generation ago, and the present successors of Dennis Kearney and his ilk are under indictment or convicted for having placed bombs to kill women and children during a loyalty parade.

But the people of the country at large will see no menace in permitting Japan to take upon herself the burden of protecting Siberia against German intrigue. So far there seems no one else willing to undertake the task, and if Russia—or any part of it—is to be saved for democracy, the plucky little Japanese will come nearer doing it than any others.

FRIENDS AND ENEMIES.

General Ruckman, commanding the Southern department, with headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, is the target for some abuse in San Antonio because of his outspoken declarations concerning conditions in that city, and his warning that unless conditions are changed there is the possibility of the leaving of that city without troops and with no additional expense to the government to use conveniences nearer to the point of embarkation.

General Ruckman is well and favorably known in Laredo, and it is certain that there is not a single person who knows him who does not credit him with being a skilled soldier, a cultured and refined gentleman, and a positive asset to any community where he may be located.

It must be remembered that General Ruckman is first of all a soldier; that his entire time and effort is given to improving conditions for the benefit of the forces under his command. While he is not actuated by any desire to aid "big business" in San Anonio or elsewhere, especially where that business might be opposed to his ideas of what was for the good of the service, he is certainly not actuated by any petty desire to inflict damage upon San Antonio.

It is unfortunate that there is always in times of great national necessity a certain element which opposes any effort on the part of the authorities to smooth the way for the most effective attainment of the ends desired. Sometimes these people are actuated by treasonable motives, sometimes they are merely affected by a desire to continue "business as usual," but in each case the result of their antagonism is the same—it hampers the government in the proper exercise of its functions.

While General Ruckman was in Laredo he did everything in his power to avert friction between the soldiers and the civilian element, and to demonstrate that the soldiers were entitled to the same privileges under the law as were the civilians. At the same time, he was rigid in his discipline of soldiers who were guilty of offenses against the civilians, or against the civil law, and he showed that he "played no favorites" in his endeavor to do his duty as he saw it.

It is gratifying to note that the better element in San Antonio, as demonstrated by an editorial in the Express of that city, are behind the general in his efforts to have the regulations enforced, not only for the good of the soldiers, but for the good of San Antonio as well.

Not only will the business interests of San Antonio suffer if the soldiers are removed for failure on the part of the city authorities to enforce the regulations, but the social and moral prestige of the city will also suffer.

Says the Express: "General Ruckman stands for the good of the army and for the good of San Antonio—for they are both one and the same. He has no friends among the vicious, the narrow, the enemies of San Antonio: he is above reproach. The big, high principle that he is fighting for is exactly the principle animating the thinking, law-abiding, decent citizenship, the friends of San Antonio."

It is said that there is a move on foot to request the removal of General Ruckman from San Antonio. This is too ridiculous for consideration. He is too well known to the war department officials to have any doubt of his motives considered, and as it is certain that he is working for the good of the service, it is certain that he will be retained there and will remain in command of the department until it is found that his services are more desirable elsewhere.

And it would be deplorable if the action of a certain element of San Antonio residents should lead, not only to the removal of the large garrison there, but also of the headquarters to a more desirable point. Yet this is within the probabilities if San Antonio does not live up to the exact letter and spirit of her agreement with the war department.

A BIRMINGHAM GENIUS.

"Have you any geniuses in this town?"

"I don't recall but one just now."

"Poet, painter or musician?"

"No; he's a chap who contrives to stay illuminated week in and week out, despite the fact that this town is dry."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

ANNIERSARY OF THE FALL OF THE ALAMO 82 YEARS AGO

The Cradle of Texas Independence Experienced Massacre of Its Defenders on March 6, 1836.

Today marks the anniversaries of two epoch-making incidents in the history of the Lone Star State—the 82d anniversary of the massacre of the heroes of the Alamo on March 6, 1836, and also the 72d anniversary of the protest of Mexico against the annexation of Texas by the United States and the Mexican minister at Washington demanded his passports, which were readily given him.

The fall of the Alamo is an event known to all through history, and from infancy to old age, Texans have heard the story told by ther parents of how the valiant band of Texans, greatly outnumbered, fought and died at the heroic cradle of Texas independence. The old fortress of the Alamo, at San Antonio, which stands until today as a monument to the heroism of the Texans, was used during the stirring days of the war for Texas independence. It was occupied by the Texans under Travis, with whom was Crockett, Bowie and other heroes, and for many days they fought valiantly during the siege and held out against the considerable number of Mexicans under General Santa Anna, but it was carried by storm at last and on the 6th day of March, 1836, fell into the hands of the Mexicans, who butchered all its occupants and but one living person, a female child, escaped. Among those who fell in the last struggle of the heroes of the Alamo were Colonel James Bowie and Davy Crockett.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Chas. H. Brient, the well known contractor, who built the Latin-American Club building and many other of the finest structures in Laredo will assume the management of the Webb County Lumber Co. on March first. This does not mean that he has quit the building business, but on the contrary will be into it more than ever and he will be glad to give all persons contemplatng building the benefit of his wide experience in the building business if they will call on him. His office phone number is 550.

2-28-6t.



WAR IS ON US
HOUSEWIVES ATTENTION!

WITH all the talk and advice about extravagance, economy, wasting, saving and everyone doing their daily "bit," there seems to be a large shortage of *real practical information*—the kind of tips and pointers that a woman can take up and apply right now, today, this moment. That's the kind of advice this nation wants. If you give us dope or data that we can use, instead of "hot air" we'll show the world what the patriotic women of America will do.

FOR INSTANCE, here is a tip of the right sort. Buy a 25c package of CHICO at the corner grocery TODAY. Read the directions that tell of the new way to use soap, wash clothes and do house cleaning—and try them out. You may be astonished at the savings in labor and in soap that CHICO will make in many of the regular household tasks. Also the *very great* savings in *clothing*. By *eliminating* about two-thirds of the *washboard rubbing*, it does, naturally, cause clothing to *last* about *twice* as long, for you know most of the wear and tear occurs on the laundry machines and rub boards.



AREN'T SUCH SAVINGS AT LEAST WORTHY OF INVESTIGATION—TODAY?

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 6.

1706—Sir George Pocock, the British admiral who took Havana from the Spanish in 1762, born. Died in London, April 3, 1792.

1836—Texans who had retired to the Alamo were overpowered and massacred by the Mexicans under Santa Ana.

1845—Mexican minister at Washington protested against the admission of Texas into the Union and demanded his passports.

1857—The Supreme Court of the United States delivered its opinion in the Dred Scott case.

1861—Salmon P. Chase resigned his seat as United States senator from Ohio to accept appointment as secretary of the treasury.

1862—First day of the battle of Pea Ridge.

1867—Charles F. Browne (Artemus Ward), famous American humorist, died in England. Born at Waterford, Me., April 26, 1834.

1889—Milan I. of Serbia voluntarily abdicated in favor of his son.

1910—The Socialists held a large open-air meeting in Berlin in defiance of the police.

THE WAR:—

1915—French and British fleet continued to pound forts at the Dardanelles.

1916—Dutch liner Tubantia, with Americans aboard, sunk by German submarine without warning.

1917—Austria, in reply to inquiry from the United States, sought to justify the German program of ruthless warfare by submarines.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it.

SOMETHING ABOUT "BARNEY" BARUCH.

Washington, D. C., March 6.—President Wilson's appointment of Bernard Baruch to succeed Daniel Willard as chairman of the war industries board has served to call public attention anew to a man of whom much has been heard in connection with the mobilization of American industries and the strengthening of the "second line of defense" since the war began. Mr. Baruch has come to be regarded as one of the notable "finds" of the war. Before the conflict began his name was virtually unknown outside of the immediate circle in which he moved. Today he occupied a high place in official estimation, and Washington has come to look upon him as a man of whom much is likely to be heard before the war is over.

Bernard M. Baruch, or "Barney" Baruch, as he is better known to the public, is a product of New York city. When he was old enough to go to work he found employment in a brokerage house at a wage of $3 a week. He did not exactly polish up the handle of the big front door, but he weighed the mails of the concern that employed him so carefully that his compensantion was soon raised to $5. Then he got a job in a small bank, at a small salary. Later, he began, in a small way, with a big bond and stock concern. At the end of six years he was able to withdrew from a partnership in that house with $1,000,000 in his own name. There upon he started in business for himself, attended sedulously to his own affairs, read the newspapers carefully, and one day discovered a "but" in a speech by Mr. Lloyd George, which enabled him to go into the New Stock Exchange and "clean up" an immense profit.

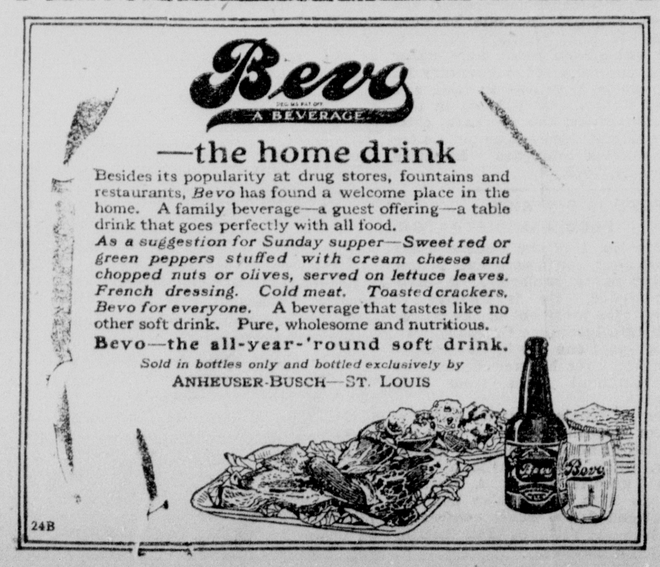
The world might never have known anything about this transaction if he had not been named, in the course of a sensational episode, as one of those who had been apprised in advance of the forthcoming of the famous "peace note" dispatched to all the Powers by President Wilson, some time before the latter decided that the United States could not, in honor, keep out of the war.

Before a committee of Congress, "Barney" Baruch testified that he had no advance knowledge whatever with regard to the peace note, but he made no attempt to conceal the fact that, from his own judgment of existing conditions, based partly upon a passage in an interview with Mr. Lloyd George, published in London about the same time, and telegraphed to New York, he made his trades on the probability that something would be said or done that might be taken to indicate, on the side of the Allies, a willigness to negotiate with the enemy. Although Mr. Lloyd George was misunderstood or misquoted, the intervew contained a passage which seemed to indicate that, while the peace overture made by the imperial German chancellor could only be rejected without qualification, the door would not be closed against a possible understanding.

Mr. Baruch, it will be recalled, came through the congressional investigation with a clean bill. How pleasing this circumstance was to President Wilson very few knew at the time, but, as a matter of fact, any other outcome would have been extremely disagreeable to the Executive. The reason is not hard to give.

As Mr. Baruch increased in wealth he was invited to accept various honorary positions in his home city. Thus he was given a seat in the board of trustees of the College of the City of New York. Here one of his closest associates was William F. McCombs, who was later to manage the campaign for the nomination and election of Woodrow Wilson in 1912. Through Mr. McCombs, Mr. Baruch met the then Governor of New Jersey, and something in the nature of a personal and political friendship sprang up between the two. Mr. Baruch first became interested in Mr. Wilson because his friend, McCombs, was interested in him, and, as time went on, he became interested in Woodrow Wilson for his own sake.

During the first years of his administration Mr. Wilson did not give Mr. Baruch a thought, perhaps, as a possible officeholder, nor, it may be presumed, did Mr. Baruch ever give a thought to filling a public office. But when war was declared Mr. Wilson thought he saw where a man of "Barney" Baruch's talents might be made very useful to the country. When the Council of National Defense was created Mr. Baruch was one of the first appointees. His record in that capacity evilently has been so satisfactory that the President decided he was the man to fill the important post of chairman of the was industries board.



STRAIGHTEN THAT BENT BACK.

No need to suffer from that tired, dead ache in your back, that lameness, those distressing urinary disorders. Laredo people have found how to get relief. Follow this Laredo resident's example.

E. T. Ramon, merchant, 1619 Lincoln St., says: "I have suffered from attacks of backache for some time. I have had dull throubing pains through my kidneys, so I couldn't stoop or straighten up without suffering greatly. When one of those attacks has come on, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have never failed to remove the trouble. Doan's relieve the pain and make me feel better generally."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ramon had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

LITTLE LOCALS

—A telegram received this morning by J. L. Dannelley, counsel, advised that the case of Encarnacion Shely, charged with murder of Alejandro Sarli in this city, had been reversed and remanded by the court of criminal appeals. Shely was tried and convicted in the district court of this city at a recent term.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tf.

—B Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—Reports from Mexico say the poorer class of people throughout that country are suffering from pangs of hunger on account of food supplies being scarce and that which is on sale being sold at exorbitant prices. Such a condition has existed in Mexico for some time, but it can get worse unless conditions there are improved.

—A. S. Hiatt, representing Thos. Goggan Bros., San Antonio. Phone 156, Travelers Hotel. New and second-hand pianos for sale just like rent. 3-6-2t.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced.

3-5-tf.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's.

3-2-1m.

—First Lieut. Albert B. Zooman, U. S. Signal Corps, who is now camp signal officer at Camp Stanley (Leon Springs) attached to the Ninth Field Signal Battalion of the regular army, is here on a business visit to Laredo, his old home. Lieut. Zooman has disposed of his business affairs here and expects soon to leave for "over there." Mrs. Zooman and daughter, Alberta, are in Perth Amboy, N. J.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot.

3-4-5t.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through this port today: One carload of beer, one carload of henequen, two carloads of copper matte, five carloads of lead and twelve carloads of calamine.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modrin machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m.

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-10t.

—Springtime is here in all its grandness now and everything seems to indicate that old winter has made his exit after one of the most prolonged and severest visitations experienced here in years. During the past three months there has been more severe winter weather than ever before was experienced in this section.

—When wanting milk phone 356.

1-22-tf.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t.

—A troop of cavalry for service in this country is now being organized in Laredo as a unit of the Texas National Guard. This affords an opportunity for all to get in line, especially those who are good horsemen and marksmen and would make real Texas cavalrymen. Enlistments are being taken at Moser's Store.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage, tel. 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed.

8-11 tf.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street.

2-14-1m

—Mayor Robert McComb and State Quarantine Officer H. C. Hall are in Washington, where they were summoned on important business, and for which place they left on Sunday forenoon.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county. 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—Prof. F. W. Mally is in receipt of a telegram from C. J. Brand, director of the bureau of markets at Washington, advising him that his department will open an office in Laredo on March 25 prior to the beginning of the onion shipping season.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

ACTED ON ROUTINE MATTERS BEFORE THE CITY COUNCIL

City Fathers at Meeting Last Night Took Up Matter of Park Improvements and to Let New Award.

The city council met in regular session this evening at 8 o'clock. Present: His Honor, Mayor Pro-tem Agan; Aldermen Hein, Henry, Farias, Westbrook, Leyendecker and Guernsey. Absent: Alderman Maher.

With a quorum present the following proceedings were had:

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

The monthly report of A. Winslow, city attorney, of the progress made in the collection of delinquent taxes was read and, on motion, was ordered filed.

A communication from J. D. Merriman, stating that he and Wm. Brennan are the owners of lots 1 and 3 in block 202 W. D., facing east on Main avenue, and were on the proper street line, and that Señoras de la Cruz are the owners of lots 5 and 7 in the same block, and facing east on Main avenue, but are out in the street 15 feet, and requesting that the Señoras de la Cruz be required to place their fence on the proper street line, was read and, on motion, was referred to the street and bridge committee to report at the next regular meeting.

The petition of J. C. Vizcaya, stating that he is the owner of lots 5 and 6 in block 560 E. D., that the lots were assessed at $575 and improvements at $400, when in truth and fact there are no improvements on said lots, and requesting that he be refunded the amount of taxes erroneously charged, was read and, on motion, was referred to the mayor and city attorney to report at the next regular meeting.

The petition of Maria de Jesus Dovalina, stating that she is the owner of lots 4 and 7 in block 21 W. D., and claiming that they had been overassessed and requesting that the valuation be reduced, was read and, on motion, was ordered filed.

The following report was presented, read and adopted:

Laredo, Texas, March 5, 1918.—To the Hon. Mayor and City Council; Gentlemen: We, your committee on public parks, rejected the bids offered on improvement work on School Plaza and Martin Plaza for the reason that Mr. Beckelhymer, the lowest bidder, gave up the job and Florencio Flores and Company's bid was considered exorbitant. John Maher, chairman; J. T. Agan, J. P. Leyendecker.

All bills and accounts against the city were ordered paid upon approval by the finance committee.

There being no further business before the council, it adjourned until the next regular meeting.

A. V. WOODMAN, Secretary.

Laredo, Texas, March 5, 1918.

PROF. MALLY IS SELECTED TO ACCOMPANY COMMITTEE

But He is Desirous That C. N. Ousley of Department of Agriculture Take His Place at Houston.

Professor F. W. Mally, county agent, has been selected by the Webb County Farmers Association to accompany the onion growers committee to Washington in an advisory capacity and will leave here tonight for San Antonio to join the other members of the committee in addition to John H. Davis from this county, who leave San Antonio tomorrow night for Houston.

Prof. Mally has wired C. N. Ousley, director of the extension service of the A. & M. College and assistant secretary of agriculture, asking him to meet the committee in Houston on Friday and take his place and go to Washington with the onion growers, as Mr. Ousley would be in a better position to help the growers than Prof. Mally, who at this time has his hands full with his work here, but if Mr. Ousley can not accompany the committee after the conference at Houston with State Food Administrator Peden, then Prof. Mally will go with them to Washington for the conference with Food Administrator Hoover next week.

CAPT. J. O. CHAPMAN ARRIVES; IS INTELLIGENCE OFFICER

Succeeds Captain Cheek in Charge of Important Branch of the Military in Laredo District.

Captain J. O. Chapman arrived here this morning from Fort Sam Houston and becomes intelligence officer of the Laredo District, succeeding Captain A. L. Cheek, who goes to San Antonio.

Captain Chapman is a man well qualified to fill this important position and to keep in close touch with events on the border, as he has had experience that will prove invaluable in his work. His office will be in the Alexander building opposite the Western Union Telegraph office.

Despondency Due to Constipation.

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect. *

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

From Tuesday's Daily.

COMMITTEE IS APPOINTED TO MAKE WASHINGTON TRIP

FIVE COUNTIES ARE REPRESENTED IN COMMITTEE LIST.

Leave San Antonio Thursday Night, Meet Administrator Peden Friday, Then Go to Washington.

The executive committee of the onion growers of Southwest Texas met in session yesterday afternoon at the Laredo Chamber of Commerce quarters and transacted business of much importance to the growers of Bermuda onions in Southwest Texas who will within the next four weeks begin the movement of approximately 9,000 carloads of onions to market.

The principal business transacted at the meeting yesterday afternoon was the appointment of the committee which leaves this week for Washington to lay before Food Administrator Hoover the proposition of securing his aid in making the onion a recognized food of wholesome value and in fixing a price at which the product can be sold to the consumer—probably 4 to 6 cents per pound, thereby making onions an edible that can be procured at a low figure. In the appointment of the committee of five to go on this mission discretion was exercised to appoint men qualified to do the work and to have the various sections represented on the committee line-up so far as it was possible to do so.

The Committee appointed to go to Washington consists of John H. Davis, of Webb county; W. L. Bradbury, of Hidalgo county; A. H. Rife, of Zavalla county; W. R. Stone, of Dimmitt county, and F. I. Rock, of La Salle county. The members of the committee will meet in San Antonio Thursday, leaving there that night for Houston to confer with State Food Administrator E. A. Peden on Friday, and departing from Houston to Washington on Friday night. About Monday of next week the committee will confer with Food Administrator Hoover and Director McAdoo of the railroads in Washington on the recognizing of onions as a wholesome and valuable food at a low price and the transportation of same from the Texas shipping stations to the markets of the country.

SOLDIERS CAPTURED HERE DID NOT TAKE AUTOMOBILE

After Stopping Auto and Exchanging Clotnes With Chauffeur Men Left Car and Went Toward River.

The four soldiers who were captured yesterday about seven miles from Laredo near the banks of the Rio Grande by customs inspectors, will be returned to Fort Sam Houston to answer charges preferred against them by the military authorities, while the civil authorities will probably waive the charge they have against the men in uniform of holding up a man with prohibited weapon.

The Times stated that after compelling the chauffeur to stop and exchange clothes with one of the soldiers the men left him standing in the roadway and soldiers drove off in the car. This was erroneous, as the soldiers compelled the chauffeur to drive away in the car and they took a road which they believed led to the Rio Grande, hoping to reach there and cross over to Mexico, but they were captured and brought here.

ELECTION DECLARED VOID IN STATE OF TAMAULIPAS

President Carranza Declares That Frauds Were Perpetuated in Gubernatorial Election Last Month.

According to a report received in Nuevo Laredo today, President Carranza has issued a decree declaring as null and void the gubernatorial election held in the state of Tamaulipas on February 3, when the opposing candidates were ex-Governor Luis Caballero and General Lopez de Lara.

The decree states that many discrepancies and frauds are shown by the official returns and that neither party received a legitimate majority. Returns received after the election indicated that General de Lara, the people's candidate, was triumphant at the polls. No announcement is made in the news from Mexico City as to when another election will be held in the state of Tamaulipas.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Chas. H. Brient, the well known contractor, who built the Latin-American Club building and many other of the finest structures in Laredo will assume the management of the Webb County Lumber Co. on March first. This does not mean that he has quit the building business, but on the contrary will be into it more than ever and he will be glad to give all persons contemplatng building the benefit of his wide experience in the building business if they will call on him. His office phone number is 550.

2-28-6t.

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. R. A. Millar at the usual time in the afternoon.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Rectory with Mrs. C. W. Cook at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will be held at Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the eening. The meeting will be for work, and all members are urged to be present. All visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

The Woman's Missonary Society will meet at the Red Cross Surgical Room at 4 o'clock.

Wednesday.

The Red Cross Surgical Room will be open at 9 o'clock in the morning.

The Nopales Chapter of Nopales Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. J. A. Burnett at 4 in the afternoon.

The Parish Guild of Christt Church will meet with Mrs. Elmer Anderson on the Heights at 330 in the afternoon.

The Christian Endeavor Training for Service Class will hold its regular weekly meeting.

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Watts and son of Toronto, Canada, who have been in Tampico, Mexico, for the past month, passed through Laredo yesterday en route home.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Guinn and children of Dallas, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Guinn.

• • •

Mrs. Asher Smith returned yesterday from Dallas, where she has been visiting her mother.

• • •

Mrs. Leslie Stoner and Mrs. Dave Clark returned yesterday from San Antonio.

• • •

Mrs. O. E. Kennedy will return today from San Antonio, after spending the week-end with her husband.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Sory have moved into the Mackin apartments.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. H. Stow Garlick have taken a cottage on Rosario street, on the Heights, and expect to move on Thursday.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. McKinney have taken the Barlow home on the Heights.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Leonard have purchased the Cotulla home on the Heights.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hamilton expect to move into their new home on the Heights the latter part of the week.

• • •

Mrs. Sorrell and children returned yesterday from a pleasant stay in Corpus Christi.

• • •

Miss Elizabeth Wright and Miss Julia McCoy of Alfred, Texas, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mussett.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ulmer returned yesterday from a pleasant motor trip to Cotulla.

• • •

Mr. Asher Smith has returned from a short stay in San Antonio.

• • •

Mr. Leonard Haynes is among the visitors in Laredo this week.

• • •

Mrs. J. D. Merriman and Miss Hazel Merriman have returned from a short visit to Mrs. Stanley Houser in San Antonio. Mrs. Houser has recently returned from Georgia and will make her home with Lieut. Houser's mother during his absence in the army.

• • •

Mrs. Scott, of Chicago, is visiting at the home of her father, Mr. E. F. Wager.

• • •

Announcements.

"The Womanless Wedding" will be given at the Royal Theater April 5 under the auspices of the Red Cross.

• • •

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Frank Lattig at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest.

• • •

Entertainment.

Mrs. L. W. Hansen entertained with a delightful paper party last night in honor of Mrs. H. S. Roberts, vice president of the Presbyterian Christian Endeavor Society, who left this morning for a two months' stay in Zapata. The guests included the members of the society. A number of pleasant contest games was enjoyed, among which was piecing together cut-out postcards. In this Miss May Netzer and Mr. Van Epps were the lucky winners. Delicious ice cream and cakes were served, and the remainder of the evening was passed in playing other games. Those present were: Misses Minnie Spear, Margaret Lutz, Ruth Everett, Lois Stoner, Eva, Ora Lee and Emma Beyette, Florence Shanks, Hortense Tannenbaum, Jo Gray, May and Ruth Netzer; Messrs. J. W. Glasgow, J. Black, Charles Trafver, Ernest Clay, Charles Friend, F. H. Case, H. Hines, C. Kizer, G. C. Baker, Anderson, A. W. Van Epps, H. G. Earnest, and H. S. Roberts, the honor guest; Mr. and Mrs. Spear, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Ramsay, Mrs. Wharton, Mrs. Hopkins, Miss Spear and others.

• • •

Earnest Little Workers.

A club of little girls recently formed has donated $1.00 from its dues and fines to The Times Tobacco Fund. The Times takes this opportunty of thanking the little donors, who are the following: Eugenia Copeland, president; Josephine Daiches, secretary; Anne McKinney, treasurer; Evelyn Kerr, Beth Bryant, Ione Parker, Elinor Morrow and Gladys Sauvignet. May the club live long and prosper.

• • •

Heights Civic Club.

The first of a series of food demonstrations by the members of the Heights Civic Club was held at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan Monday afternoon. Mrs. J. R. Moore served cornmeal crisps, Mrs. Arkles served Boston brown bread, Mrs. Cullinan served war bread and cornmeal ginger bread. Among other recipes that have been tried out by the club members, "tamale pie" is especially good, and serves both as bread and meat. Some of the new recipes have been greatly improved upon by club members, also a number of new dishes have been originated by those who realize that the "culinary art" holds many possibilities for serving our country—and incidentally your pocketbook.

As one woman remarked, "Cornmeal is a great little mixer." It can be combined, not only with wheat flour, graham flour etc., but also wth cereals and with potatoes. With the numerous combination recipes, there is no need for a crumb to go to waste. Little "left-overs" make delicious dishes when properly prepared. Even the water in which vegetables have been boiled contains valuable mineral salts and can be utilized in soups.

It is a deplorable fact that some people are merely complying with the formality and not the spirit of their pledges. A few go so far as to feed the cornmeal to their chickens, continuing to use the same amount of wheat as heretofore. One is forcibly reminded of those men during the Civil War who hid out to evade conscription, and during the intervals slipped in and stole cattle from the families who were at the front giving their lives for their country. These people who lived on the "stolen" fat of the land believed in letting the other fellow do it. The sacrifices we are called upon to make are insignificant compared with those made by our ancestors.

The American Indian, hardiest of all races when living in the open and eating only corn for bread, has become almost extinct since becoming "civilized." Living in civilized houses, eating civilized food and drinking civilized "grog."

"Grog" brings with it the remembrance of General Ruckman's contribution to Sunday's San Antonio Express, in which he so neatly sums up the military situation. Also the editorial "What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander." The sentiment of the club can best be expressed by quoting: "Grog is neither food nor ammunition, and every grain distilled or brewed is wasted power in this war." Some people are patriots until you touch their pocketbooks, others until their stomachs are affected. Finicky patriotism won't win this war.

The members of the club decided to plant surplus ground in the back of Loma Vista Park in castor beans, as the government requires the oil for airplane uses, and has requested that this plant be planted generously.

The next demonstration meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. J. R. Moore at 4 o'clock next Monday afternoon. Everyone interested is most cordially invited to attend.

PERSONALS

BENDER:—J. S. Butler, San Antonii; E. Woods, Saltillo, Mex.; J. H. Hunter, A. Zaldoor, San Antonio; C. A. Chase, New York; H. T. Hodges, Dallas; W. W. Coulter, New Orleans, La.; H. J. Linkins, Chicago, Ill.; D. T. Newberg, New York; D. P. Allen, Chicago, Ill.

HAMILTON:—A. H. Rife, W. A. Shumate, J. G. Baker, C. A. Heath, alley Wells; Mrs. B. H. Wright and daughter, Saltillo, Mex.; Ed. Gonzalez Tejada, Torreon; Juan Gavito and wife, Mexico City; E. Gonzalez Riejo, Miss Marina Uribe, Toluca, Mexico; C. C. Folf and wife, W. R. Stone, R. A. Gregory, Carrizo Springs; R. A. Taylor and wife, Crystal City; T. W. Eckstein, Dallas; W. P. Thirkfield, New Irleans; W. H. Dunn, W. T. Smith, Asherton; R. W. Seefield, Big Wells; P. C. Levering, O. W. Bilkesheimer, Big Wells; R. H. Trammell, Aguilares; M. Linsky, 37th Inf.; P. B. Gaines, Houston; Henry Meier, A. R. Bacon, San Antonio; Lieut. A. B. Zooman, Leon Springs; G. H. Tepee, Dallas; J. A. Thompson, Chicago; J. W. Murray, St. Louis.

THE MARCH AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

Everyone interested in the war, every father and mother who has a boy in the service, will be grateful for the message of cheer that is given in the March American Magazine by Surgeon-General Gorgas and Private Peat. Surgeon-General Gorgas tells in an interview what the chances are of getting hurt or killed in this war, and his facts are indeed cheering. Private Peat, the famous soldier-lecturer, tells in a wonderful article "Why We Come Smiling Out of Hell." His story is inspiring and thrilling.

The lecture of Frederick W. Taylor, the father of Scientific Management, and the man whose work on steel alone has been worth between $50,000,000 and $100,000,000 a year to the machine industry of the country, is printed for the first time in this issue. It is called "Not for the Genius—But for the Average Man." "How I Cured Myself of Being Too Sensitive" is the story of a man who almost ruined his life by having a sensitive nature; "Why I Believe in Deciding Things Quickly" is by Al H. Woods, the theatrical manager; "Ripley's Recipe" is an article on E. P. Ripley, the famous railroad president; "The Joy of the Job" is an inspiring article by Edna Ferber about how she works and how she loves to write; and "When My Boy Comes" is an anonymous article by a father who wants to enlist but who is held back by the approaching birth of an heir.

The fiction this month contains stories by William Dudley Pelley, Holworthy Hall, Bruce Barton, Bertha Rich, and other well-known writers. The Interesting People is fully up to its usually high standard, and the Family Money and contest results hold many things of interest and worth.

PRIVATE.

Pat, who was "somewhere in France," had just received a letter from ould Ireland. Being unable to read, he called in the aid of the chaplain, who readily agreed to decipher it for him.

But Pat was not wholly happy. Drawing closer to the reverend gentleman, and lowering his voice to a whisper, he said:

"I hope it's not angry ye'll be, sorr, but as the matter is of a very private nature, do you moind puttin' your figure in your ears, sorr, whilst you are reading it out?"—Tit-Bits.

HER WORK.

Congresswoman Jeannette Rankin said in a Y. W. C. A. address:

"Charles Schwab married on $7 a week, and Chauncey Depew on $9. I have no sympathy with the girl who makes a devoted young man wait till he can support her as luxuriously as her old father does.

"My sympathy all goes out to the young man who said joyously, as soon as he was accepted:

"'Then, darling, we'll get married at once. Of course, at first, we shan't be able to keep a servant.'

"'Oh, Jack, hadn't we better wait, then?' she protested. 'What would the neighbors say if they saw me doing my own work?'

"Jack looked puzzled.

"'Why, sweetheart, he said, 'whose work do you want to do?'"—Washington Star.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 1:20 p. m.

Train No. 3 leaves for Corpus Christi at 8:30 p. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christ at 2:10 p. m.

Train No. 4 arrives from Corpus Christi at 7:05 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 11:00 a. m. and arrives at 4:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

JAPAN IS TO BE GIVEN FREE HAND IN THE DOMINATION OF SIBERIA AGAINST GERMANS

Details Remain to be Worked Out, but the Main Plan is to Give Japan Permission to Handle the Siberian Affair as Best Interests of Allied Powers Dictate, and Prompt Action Wanted.

By Associated Press.

London, March 5.—Japan, reports indicate, will act soon to protect the allied interests in eastern Siberia. Press reports say the the British, French and Italian ambassadors at Tokio have or will immediately ask Japan to take whatever action is considered necessary to oppose the German propaganda in Siberia and protect the military stores at Vladivostok. It is said that need for Japanese action is increased by the signing of peace by the Bolsheviki and the German invasion of Finland.

United States Agrees.

Washington, March 5.—The United States is now in agreement with Japan, Great Britain and other co-belligerents on the principle of action in Siberia, but the details remain to be worked out. This became known as the cabinet met with President Wilson to discuss the subject.

Question is Settled.

London, March 5.—The Evening Mail says the question of Japanese intervention in Siberia has been settled and that all the allies, as well as the United States, have agreed to immediate action to safeguard the interests of the powers.

No Agreement on Subject.

Washington, March 5.—In the discussion of possible action by Japan in Siberia, Senator Lewis of Illinois, Democrat, in the senate declared there was no agreement or understanding between the United States and Japan on the subject.

Senator Lewis said Pacific coast people had expressed fear of Japan's intentions and had advised him that an alliance governing Japan's action provides for freedom to enter Siberia in return for protecting the Philippines and American interests in the Orient. "There is no such alliance or compact," he said.

Japan is Interested.

Tokio, March 5.—The Russian situation is absorbing the press and public. The Japanese cabinet has held frequent meetings, doubtlessly considering the entire question.

German Attack Repulsed.

Paris, March 5.—A German attack last night on American trenches in Lorraine was repulsed, says today's French statement. American patrols operating in the same region took a number of prisoners.

Austrians Restoring Order.

Vienna, March 5.—Operations of the Austro-Hungarian forces for restoring order and security in the Ukraine are taking their course, says the official statement.

Penetrated German Lines.

Paris, March 5.—The French statement issued last night says that the French, despite violent enemy opposition, surprise attacked and penetrated the fourth German line on a front of 1,200 meters to a depth of 600 feet, and that in some places the enemy counter attack failed.

Thousands Lost Lives.

Washington, March 5.—Several thousands of lives were lost and millions of dollars of damage done in the city of Kiev during the recent fighting between the Ukrainians and the Bolsheviki, according to advices here.

Germans Captured Narva.

London, March 5.—Continuing their advance on Petrograd, the Germans captured Narva, 100 miles from the capital, and reports say the advance continues.

Successful British Raid.

London, March 5.—The British successfully raided enemy trenches last night at Warnerton, capturing prisoners, says today's statement. An enemy raid in the same neighborhood was repulsed.

SECOND LEVY IS NOW EXPECTED SHORTLY

ACTION OF GENERAL CROWDER WAITS ON AMENDMENTS TO THE DRAFT LAW.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 5.—Announcement of the date of the next draft is imminent. The provost marshal general's office has prepared "an important announcement," which is believed to deal with the time and the method of summoning the second levy. The best of public opinion is that the first of the men will move to camp in April. Publication of the provost marshal general's announcement is being held up for congressional action on pending amendments to the selective service act.

Won't Use Aliens.

Washington, March 5.—Officers and men in the army of enemy nationality, but whose loyalty is unquestioned, will not be permitted to serve on the battle fronts, but will be detailed to insular posts when the regiments are sent abroad.

To Take Over Wharves.

Washington, March 5.—President Wilson intends to take over the Hamburg-American and North Lloyd wharves and docks at Hoboken, N. J. He has asked that the urgency deficiency bill be amended so as to give him such authority.

BRIBERY CASES DISMISSED.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 5.—The supreme court decided yesterday that federal courts have no jurisdiction over bribery at general elections. Ninety-nine voters who were indicted for frauds in the Cincinnati election will not have to stand trial.

PEMMICAN FOR TROOPS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 5.—Acting Quartermaster General Goethals has decided to include pemmican in the army ration, following the recommendation of Rear Admiral Peary, the Arctic explorer who discovered the North pole. Pemmican is made from beef or whale meat. Admiral Peary notes that a vast amount of whale meat is available from Labrador and also from the Pacific coast, at a cost of 12½c. a pound. Admiral Peary wrote Gen. Goethals: "Pemmican is the only prepared meat food men working outdoors in a low temperature can eat enjoyably two or three times daily throughout the year and keep healthy. It is concentrated, compact food, I know. One pound daily, plus a pound of ship's biscuit, four ounces of condensed milk and a half ounce of tea form the standard Arctic sledging diet. It is eatable cooked or dry. One pound is equal to four pounds of fresh beef. Pemmican is virtually dried mincemeat. I am informed that there are 100,000,000 pounds of whale meat available on the Pacific coast each season."

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The law firm of Hicks, Hicks, Dickson and Bobbitt composed of Marshall Hicks, Yale Hicks, Chas. M. Dickson and Robt. L. Bobbitt announce that on account of the entry into the army of Mr. Dickson, who is now a First Lieutenant in the Aviation Section and stationed at Washington as Adjutant, and of Mr. Bobbitt, who is now in the Officers Training Camp at Camp Travis, Mr. S. T. Phelps, formerly of Pearsall, is now a member of the partnership and the style of the firm name has been changed to Hicks, Phelps, Dickson & Bobbitt.

The San Antotnio and Laredo offices of the firm will be continued as in the past, Mr. Phelps being in personal charge of the Laredo office, Mr. Yale Hicks at the San Antonio office, and Mr. Marshall Hicks will give his attention to the business of the firm at both places as in the past. Mr. Dickson and Mr. Bobbitt will both return to active practice with the firm when the war is over.

3-5-1m.

For Burning Eczema

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 35c, or $1.00 for extra large size, get a bottle of zemo. When applied as directed it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching, and heals skin troubles, also sores, burns, wounds and chafing. It penetrates, cleanses and soothes. Zemo is a clean, dependable and inexpensive, penetrating, antiseptic liquid. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and satisfying.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

PROPOSES SUSPEND THE TEXAS FISH LAW

GOVERNOR HOBBY ASKS THE LEGISLATURE TO HELP IN INCREASING NATIONAL FOOD SUPPLY.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 5.—Govenor Hobby today submitted to the legislature the subject of the suspension of the fish law relative to the taking of fish, oysters and shrimp from the salt waters of the Texas coast in order to increase the food production and conserve meat. Seven other minor subjects were submitted at the request of members.

SOME LEGATIONS DETAINED.

Special to The Times.

London, March 5.—Despatches from Petrograd report the departure of the British and French embassies. The Belgian, Serbian, Greek, Portuguese and Italian legations were detained, the reason not being stated.

AERIAL MAIL ROUTES.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 5.—Coincident with the opening of the first aerial mail route between Washington and New York April 15, a new 24c stamp will be issued. This plus the regular postage will make the cost for delivery by air service 27c, cheaper and quicker than night letter by telegraph. At the start only one airplane will go each way daily. Mail airplanes will top at Philadelphia, but it is believed the trip from New York to Washington will be made in two hours.

JEWISH SOCIALIST APPEAL.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 5.—The Jewish Socialist League of America has issued an appeal to all socialists to unite for the defeat of kaiserism. The appeal says: "The majority of the socialists in Germany and Austria have betrayed liberty and socialism. They have entered into a miserable pact with the kaiser and the junkers to conquer all democratic peoples. The Russian proletariat have been deceived and misled. A great calamity has befallen Russia. This war is now deciding the world's history. It is a holy war now. It must guard the sacred treasure of freedom and democracy.

HATS OFF TO THE FLAG.

Doesn't it make you mad to see some man stand stolid as the flag goes by and never lift his hat? Sometimes you go out and speak to him. We have known persons to go out to the curb and politely remove the offender's hat. We know a woman who stepped out to the curb and took four hats off as many men all in a row. And the exasperating thing about that was that they did not know what it was all about until she explained that the colors were going by and that every man was expected to uncover to the flag. But after all, it is not so much a lack of patriotism as it is a lack of education which is responsible for our want of courtesy to the Stars and Stripes. We have all been so very slack in instilling into the younger generations and into those who have come to us from a foreign land a proper respect for the ensign of the land.—Buffalo Express.

TO RATIFY TREATY.

Special to The Times.

Petrograd, March 5.—Lenine and Trotzky have signed an official announcement stating that the Bolsheviki peace delegates, after signing the peace treaty at Brest Litovsk, are proceeding to Petrograd, where the text will be published. Ratification is fixed for Thursday, but the final decision will be made by the All-Russian congress which meets at Moscow on March 12.

THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Publishers and Proprietors.

Terms:—Published every evening except Sunday, daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico.

One copy, one month..... .50 cts.
One copy, one year.....$5.00

Weekly:—Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada.

One copy, one year.....$2.00
One copy, six months..... 1.00
One copy, three months.... .50

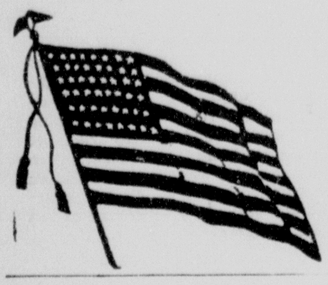
Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance

Address communications to
PENN PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone 43, ... Laredo, Texas.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

From Monday's Daily.



- - - This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war - - - - - -

THE GOVERNMENT POSITIONS.

In view of the demand for stenographers and typewriters in government positions nowadays, the attention of the public, especially that part which is gullible, should be called to the advertisements of some of the alleged "business colleges" advertising in the country weeklies—and in even the city dailies—regarding civil service appointments.

In the first place, it should be understood by all—though it seems hard to convince some of the people—that there is no institution on earth, not even congress, that can assure a man or woman a position under the civil service unless the applicant is qualified and has been properly certified after an examination.

Some of these "schools" actually promise their "students," who by the way never actually take a commercial or professional course, that they will secure a position as soon as they receive their diplomas. And any school which will so advertise may be put down as a fake, pure and simple.

Some of the new "systems" of stenography or of typewriting are also advertising to equip students in thirty days to accept positions, notwithstanding the fact that the sort of students who would believe such an advertisement could not qualify in two years, because they have not the most rudimentary intelligence or schooling to start with.

A shorthand magazine published by one of the most prominent shorthand institutions in the country calls attention to the fact that some students who had been led into taking a course in Chicago which promised to "teach the system" in an hour lost their suits against the woman who taught this particular "system," because she declared that her system consisted of the alphabet and twelve simple rules, and she made her pupils, who had each paid $50 in advance, confess in court that they had learned the alphabet and the rules in an hour. And by the way, the alphabet was one with which they were more or less familiar from the start, being simply the old Pitman alphabet originated more than a half century ago.

Some of the teachers of a "system" of teaching typewriting, charging all the way from $20 to $50, also tell in print of the enormous advantages to be derived from their "system," when all there is to typewriting is a correct system of fingering, alike in all the systems, and then—some months of practice.

If one will but take the trouble to talk with some expert in shorthand and typewriting, he will save himself much disappointment and perhaps some money. Anyone who is a competent stenographer will say that there is no royal road or shortcut to success in that line of work; it is attained solely by practice and study.

Meanwhile, the government wants many hundreds—some ten thousand, it is said—expert stenographers and typewriters. Those who feel that they are competent can readily demonstrate that fact, and the appointment follows as a matter of course, the vacancies being many times the number of applicants.

There is nothing mysterious about shorthand. It is merely a simpler form of writing than the ordinary penmanship, but one must consider that it took him eight or ten years—perhaps more—to learn to write ordinary English in longhand, and that he cannot learn shorthand over night.

There are many business men who have not yet learned to write an ordinary letter on the typewriter, although they have had a machine in the office for years. And the government needs stenographers or typists who can write correctly, with a minimum of errors and with the maximum of speed, in order to get through with the ordinary day's work, to say nothing of the rush when it comes.

The main idea of this is to warn people not to be too optimistic in their acceptance of fake advertsing.

JAPAN'S LATEST MOVE.

There is another bugaboo which seems to disturb some of our statesmen more than all past charges against Japan, and that is the dread that Japan may not be acting in good faith in her proposal to go into Siberia to protect the great stores of ammunition and other war material at Vladivostock. Some people affect to believe that even though Japan is acting in good faith the Germans will succeed in convincing the Russians that the little island empire intends to seize Siberia, thus arousing the Russians against Japan, and incidentally against the allies who agree to the proposition.

There seems to be little reason for the latter view. Even if the Russians become aroused against Japan, they will not be more dangerous to the allied cause than they have been ever since Lenine and Trotzky gained the ascendancy. And now, when they ought to be united in repelling the German forces, they are still indulging in talkfests, while the only troops they have are laying down their arms and going home.

Japan, it must be remembered, furnished a great part of the supplies which she is now anxious to prevent falling into the hands of the Germans; not, perhaps, because of an overwhelming affection for Russia, but because the munitions were of advantage to the allied cause.

There has all along been a feeling that the entrance of Japan into the conflict in the west would be disastrous to the allies. Some even declare that Japan is opposed to the establishment of republics, basing their statements on the attitude of Japan toward the new Chinese republic. But it must be remembered that Japan has always had ambitions in connection with China, even when it was an absolute monarchy.

The oldtime "yellow peril" scare comes up every time that Japan offers to do something for the allied cause. Some mention Genghis Khan, Timur-lane and the Turks as evidence that the yellow race is not to be trusted when it has once succeeded in putting its foot in the crack of the door.

But Japan could not more be a menace to the united allied forces than could the Turks alone. The only fear for the future is that the wily German diplomats may succeed in forcing a split between Japan and the allies. The Japanese are very touchy as to their national honor, and they object to being called Mongolians and thus placed on a par with the Chinese. And they object to being treated as an inferior race, calling attention to the fact that they were a civilized nation with arts and sciences at a time when the Germans, to use the latter's own words, "lay on bear hides and ever drank another horn of beer."

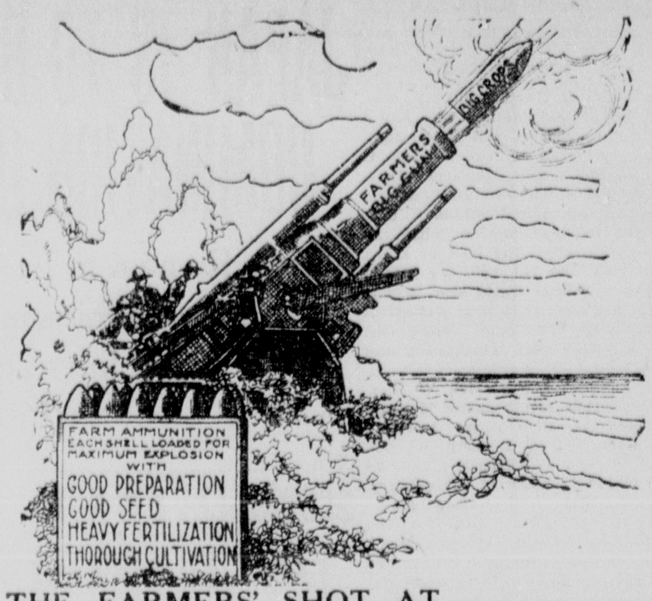
Japan is skilled in intrigue, yet her diplomats learned many valuable lessons from the Germans. She has many trained in espionage, yet they are children compared with the German spies. She is too small as a nation to ever dream of attacking the western world, although her one ambition is to one day rule the Mongolian empire and to extend her sphere of influence to the farthest reaches of the Asiatic mainland.

So far Japan has kept her pledged word in a manner which ought to bring the blush of shame to the faces of the Germans and the Russians. She captured Kiao Chau from the Germans; she used her naval forces to patrol the Pacific, and she offered to send soldiers to Europe, which offer was politely declined.

But now after having sent enormous quantities of arms and ammunition to Russia, she demands the right to send troops to Siberia in order to prevent these stores from falling into the hands of the Germans through the treachery or the besotted ignorance of the Russians who are now in control.

If the allies are to win, they must cut loose from Russia. There is nothing to be gained by wasting troops or supplies in that country. And if Japan is willing and able to protect an extensive territory from German invasion, by all means let her do it.

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $



THE FARMERS' SHOT AT KAISERISM IS MAXIMUM CROPS

Written for the Texas Food and Feed Production Campaign by C. A. Whittle

Upon those whom the United States has not called from the farm, rests a great obligation of feeding and clothing the liberty armies of the world. **The greater the crops the harder the armies will be able to strike.**

What can hinder the farmer from making maximum crops? Will it be a lack of market and a good price? No, the market and price prospects are good.

Will it be for lack of money or credit with which to buy tools, seeds, fertilizers or other necessary supplies? No, money is plentiful and credit is good.

Will it be for lack of labor? Labor is scarce without doubt. In fact, the shortage of labor is practically the only great obstacle the farmer has to meet in producing maximum crops. If he could have abundance of labor he could increase the cultivated acreage and by proper fertilization he could bring in a very great crop. But in view of the lack of labor what must he do?

He can do two things to overcome the labor shortage: First, increase the applications of fertilizers, which will increase the yield without enlarging the cultivated acreage. Second, use labor saving machinery.

But overcoming the labor shortage is not all that is necessary to obtain maximum crops. Here is a schedule of important things that must be done by every farmer to get maximum crops:

1. Break the land deeply turning under all stalks, stubble and litter possible.
2. Harrow, roll and pulverize the seed bed thoroughly before planting.
3. Use only the best possible seed, preferably pedigreed seed, from a responsible plant breeder.
4. Make liberal use of fertilizers, and use manure whenever obtainable to supplement the fertilizers.
5. Give thorough and frequent cultivation to the tilled crops, preferably shallow and frequent cultivation.
6. Harvest savingly and protect the stored crops from pests.

While it is true that everything the farmer has to buy is high in price, it is also true that whatever the farmer has to sell is also high in price. The fertilizer people figure out that their products have not advanced in price as much as the price of crops, and that as a matter of fact, cotton, corn, peanuts, tobacco and the like will buy more fertilizer now than ever. Which being true it follows that it will pay better now to use it than formerly, for the increase for which they are responsible will be worth more.

Another thing that the farmer must bear in mind if he would be sure to raise a bumper crop and that is, to place his orders early for everything that is to be shipped by rail. The railroads are hard put to it and do not afford assurance of prompt shipments. Orders placed late are more than likely to be too late to be delivered in time.

Even if shipping were good, there would be nothing gained by delay. Prices are not likely to be lower. In fertilizers, especially there is a scarcity of materials and advancing prices, making it improbable that the fertilizer will be cheaper.

NATIONAL LEAGUE MANAGERS FOR 1918.

New York.—John J. McGraw, successful of National league managers, born at Truxton, N. Y., 1873. Played first professional engagement with the Olean (N. Y.) team in 1890. Joined the famous Baltimore Orioles in 1892 and almost immediately shared honors with the great stars of that team. Later played with the St. Louis Nationals and Baltimore Americans. Since becoming pilot of the New York Giants in 1902 McGraw has won six National league pennants and one world's championship.

Philadelphia.—Patrick J. Moran, who is credited with piloting the only Philly team to win a National league pennant, was born at Fitchburg, Mass., in 1876. Began his baseball career at Lyons, N. Y., in 1897 and two years later joined the Montreal team. Entered National league in 1901 as a catcher for Boston. Developed into a star backstop. His big league career covered five years with Boston, four with Chicago and five with Philadelphia. He piloted a pennant winner in 1915, his first year as manager of the Phillies.

St. Louis.—John C. Hendricks, recently signed to pilot the Cardinals, was born in Chicago in 1879. After a varied career in semi-pro and minor league ball he got a trial as an outfielder with the New York Giants in 1902. He failed to stick with the Giants and returned to the minors as manager of a Central league team. His next move led him to Denver, where he piloted a Western league championship team. Last season as manager of the Indianapolis team he won the American association pennant.

Cincinnati.—Christy Mathewson, manager of the Reds and former star pitcher for the Giants, was born at Factoryville, Pa., in 1880. Before entering professional baseball he was a crack college player at Bucknell university. His first regular job as a pastimer was with the Taunton, Mass., team in 1899. The following year he was at Norfolk and at the close of the season he joined the Giants. During the ensuing fifteen years Mathewson was the mainstay in the box for the McGraw outfit. He became manager of the Reds in 1916.

Chicago.—Fred Mitchell, pilot of the Cubs, was born at Cambridge, Mass., 1879. Joined the St. John, N. Z., team as a pitcher in 1906 and the next season was with the Boston Americans. He continued his major league pitching in Boston, Philadelphia and Brooklyn, until 1906, when he joined the Toronto team. In 1910 he became coach of the Boston Braves and last season entered the managerial ranks as pilot of the Cubs.

Boston.—George Stallings, veteran leader of the Braves, was born at Augusta, Ga., in 1870. He began as an outfielder back in the middle eighties and played with several minor league teams and with the Philadelphia and Brooklyn Nationals. His long career as a manager began in 1893 at Augusta where he piloted a pennant winner. Later he managed teams at Nashville, Detroit, Buffalo, Newark and New York, going to Boston in 1914. Though he found the team in the Hub a tail-ender he won with it the National league pennant and the world's championship.

Brooklyn.—Wilbert Robinson, leader of the Dodgers, was born at Hudson, Mass., in 1869. He made his professional debut as catcher for the Haverhill, Mass., team in 1885 and later played with the Athletics of the American association, the Baltimore Orioles and the St. Louis Cardinals. Robinson was a member of the wonderful Oriole team of 1894-6 and shared honors with such stars as McGraw, Jennings, Brodie and Keeler. After retiring from active pastiming, Robinson joined the Giants as coach and remained with McGraw five years. He took charge of the Dodgers in 1914 and won the National league pennant two years ago.

Pittsburgh.—Hugo Bezdek, manager of the Pirates, was born in Chicago in 1884. The selection of Bezdek last July to succeed Jimmy Callahan as pilot of the Pirates came as a surprise to baseball followers, owing to the fact that he had had no connection with big league baseball, other than a brief period of scout duty for the team he now leads. Bezdek was at one time a star fullback on the University of Chicago football team. Later he was a successful athletic coach at the University of Oregon.

MESSRS. MALLY AND DAVIS REPRESENT WEBB COUNTY

Named as Representatives From This County on Committee That Will Go to Washington Shortly.

The Webb County Farmers Association have selected Prof. F. W. Mally, the county agricultural agent, and John H. Davis, one of the most extensive growers in the onion industry in this section, as the members from this county on the committee of five representative onion growers of Southwest Texas who will go to Washington to place the proposition of making onions a recognized wholesome food before the food administrator and asking Mr. Hoover to name a price at which the onions be furnished consumers.

The executive committee appointed at the general meeting of onion growers held here last week will meet this afternoon and name the other members of the committee and transact much important business to onion growers.

EVERETT COLBY



Everett Colby of Orange, N. J., is a member of the United States Food Administration's Commission to France, who has returned recently to the United States. He will make a tour of Southern Texas during the week of March 17-23, beginning on March 17 at Houston. He will give an account of what he saw of food needs and deprivations in France, England, Italy, Belgium and the Balkan States; and will be heard at Houston on March 17, San Antonio on March 18, Austin on March 19, Bryan on March 20, Galveston, March 21; Beaumont, March 22, and Marshall on March 23. Special rates will be made for his lecture from adjoining cities and towns by the railroads. Every patriotic Texan should hear this speaker. At the same time Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur of the Leland Stanford University and Miss Kate Barnard will be speakers at Richmond, Cuero, Victoria, Brenham, Navasota, Bay City, Conroe, Orange, Palestine, Jacksonville and Longview.

The commission's investigations of the food situation started at once. Every day until early in January when the tour was concluded in France, every member of the commission made the most of every moment to find how urgent is Europe's need of American food.

London and Paris were visited. The training farm, where English women are learning to become agriculturists, was inspected, and in France Mr. Colby, with other members of the commission, visited many of the farming centers.

The commission has been able to form an accurate resume of the situation, both from informal observation tours, and trips made in company with British and French officials. The actual situation will be presented by Mr. Colby in vivid, impressive fashion.

Mr. Colby is an attorney, has been a member of the New Jersey house of representatives, and of the New Jersey State senate, and of the New Jersey National Guard.

WHOLESALER DENIED U. S. FOOD LICENSE

ORDER AGAINST SAN ANTONIO FIRM SIGNED BY HOOVER.

Not Allowed to Operate as Wholesaler, Broker or Jobber—Action Result of Refusal to Accept Shipment.

J. L. Gengler & Co. of San Antonio, because of a refusal to accept two carloads of potatoes consigned to them by McClintock & Co. of Wisconsin, has been denied by the United States Food Administration the privilege of operating further in the United States as wholesaler, broker or jobber in any of the commodities embraced in the proclamations of the president, or hereafter to be issued by the president.

United States Food Administrator Hoover signed the order refusing a license to the company February 12. The firm had made application for license, but the matter had been held up pending the termination of this controversy.

The record in the case was prepared in San Antonio, where the hearing was held during the last week in January. The record or findings of fact made by the special examiner, in substance that the refusal to accept shipment of two cars of potatoes on the part of J. L. Gengler & Co. was unwarranted, was forwarded on February 4 to Washington.

"The effect of the order," states the legal department of the Federal Food Administration of Texas, is that the Gengler firm may no longer deal as a wholesaler, jobber or broker in any of the commodities embraced in either of the proclamations of the president heretofore issued or that may hereafter be issued.

"This complaint is but one of hundreds that are being received by the Federal Food Administration of Texas complaining of the refusal to accept shipment. While each complaint must stand on its own facts, there has undoubtedly been a disposition on the part of some dealers, in the presence of a falling market, to reject shipments on trivial or baseless grounds, causing a tieing up of railroad equipmen and deterioration of contents. The Federal Food Administration of Texas will give just consideration to complaints of consignors that consignees are acting wrongfully, as well as complaints of consignees that consignors have made shipment of inferior quality not covered by contract."

LITTLE LOCALS

—The importations through this port from Mexico today consisted of two carloads of ixtle, one carload of henequen, three carloads of hides, one carload of goatskins and two carloads of copper.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-tf.

—INCOME TAX reports carefully and correctly prepared. Leonard W. Craig. Phone 411 or 1015. 2-26 7t.

—The March term of district court for Webb county will be convened at the courthouse in this city on next Monlay morning by Judge Mullally. The term will last for eight weeks, and immediately upon its expiration a second successive term of eight more weeks will begin.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's. 3-2-1m.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—The following marriage licenses have been issuel by the county clerk since last report: Antonio S. Martinez and Mrs. Luz Gallegos, Salomon Medina and Miss Dolores Flores, Juan Vasquez and Miss Rosenda Rivera.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot. 3-4-5t.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modtrn machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-10t.

—According to a telegram received this morning from Representative Atlee the ten-mile dry zone law passed to engrossment by the house of representatives on Saturday includes Laredo. The measure as now before the legislature seeks to make the law become effective April 1, or less than one month, but this feature of the bill may be changed before final passage for extended time.

—When wanting milk phone 356. 1-22-tf.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—The executive committee of the onion growers are in session at the Chamber of Commerce rooms this afternoon taking action regarding the market conditions and also naming the members who are to comprise the committee who are to go to Washington to see Hoover. There will be no meeting of growers tonight as previously announced.

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage, tel. 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed. 8-11-tf.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street. 2-14-1m.

—Judge A. Winslow has been appointed chairman for Webb county for the sale of Unted States treasury certificates of indebtedness, dated Feb. 27, 1918, which are due and payable May 28, 1918. These certificates draw 4½ per cent per annum. The subscription books will close at the close of business March 5, 1918, and all applications for these certificates must be wired to the Federal Reserve Bank, Dallas, Texas, by that hour.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county. 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

Funeral Held Saturday.

The funeral of Mrs. John S. Sielski was held on Saturday afternoon from the Convery undertaking parlor to the Episcopal church at 3 o'clock and was largely attended, the funeral services being conducted by Rev. C. W. Cook at both the church and grave. The pall-bearers were M. W. Brennan, T. A. Leyendecker, E. R. Tarver, J. Lynch, W. Y. Bunn and F. H. Lusk.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

WAS VICTIM OF DESERTERS ACCORDING TO CHAUFFEUR

Man Says He Was Hired By Soldiers and When Within Ten Miles of Laredo His Car Was Taken By Men.

A man wearing a United States army uniform and claiming to be a chauffeur of San Antonio, arrived in Laredo early this morning after having walked a distance of about ten miles and reported to the city marshal's office and the military commander here that he had been the victim of four soldiers who had deserted from San Antonio.

The man said he had been hired by the four soldiers yesterday to take them for a ride, and that they left San Antonio and came directly toward Laredo, the soldiers ordering that this route be taken. When within about ten miles of Laredo, the chauffeur said, the men made him stop the car, get out and, with a gun shoved under his nose, he was compelled to exchange his clothes with one of the soldiers. Then they turned the car about, started off and left him standing in the road. He walked to Laredo, reaching here this morning.

The name of the chauffeur is E. H. Otton, owner of Studebaker Six, No. 183762, which is a service car of San Antonio.

Deserters Are Captured.

Shortly before noon today Mounted Customs Inspectors Robert Rumsey and John Chamberlain arrived at the federal building, having in custody in an auto four members of the Sixth Cavalry, stationed at Fort Sam Houston, who were the men who had taken the automobile from E. H. Otton. They were captured about seven miles northwest of Laredo by the customs inspectors this morning while headed for the river front. They are Privates Jesse Mooman, Ray Arnols, John E. Chevolt and K. V. Shafer of Troop C, Sixth Cavalry. The inspectors surrendered the four soldiers to the customs authorities, who in turn surrendered them to the military authorities and they are now in the guardhouse at Fort McIntosh pending instructions from the Southern Department headquarters.

W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that I, administrator of the estate of Joseph McKendrick deceased, will on the 2nd day of April, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M. being the first Tuesday of said month, at the court house door in Laredo, Webb County, Texas, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate belonging to said estate and situated in the Western division of the City of Laredo, Webb County, Texas: to-wit: Blocks numbered 781, 782, 783, 758, 760 and 581. Witness my hand this 25th day of February, 1918.

WILLIAM McKENDRICK,
Administrator.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it.

NOMINATION JOHN E. GREEN HAS BEEN SENT TO SENATE

Present Efficient Official Serving in That Capacity Has Been Nominated for Another Term.

Announcement has been received from Washington that the nomination of John E. Green as United States attorney for the Southern Dstrict of Texas has been sent to the senate for confirmatiton.

Mr. Green is the present able district attorney of this federal court district and it is pleasing news to his many friends that he will represent the district for the next four years.

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the *real* cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. ●You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like. At 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

From Monday's Daily.

LIEUT. COL. QUACKENBUSH IN COMMAND OF KELLY FIELD

Popular Officer Who Made Many Friends in Laredo is Deservedly Receiving Fast Promotions.

The following announcement is of interest to Laredo people, where the popular officer mentioned was stationed for a time last year as adjutant and intelligence officer of the Laredo District under Brigadier General Ruckman, and who was later called to San Antonio by General Ruckman and made a member of his staff, at that time being a captain:

Lieut. Col. Gerritt Van S. Quackenbush, formerly commanding the First Training Brigade at Kelly Field, and acting commander of the field, has been made commander, to succeed Col. William D. Chitty.

Colonel Quackenbush received his orders to take command of Kelly Field by telegram from the chief signal officer in Washington.

Colonel Quackenbush is well known in the Southern Department and in San Antonio. Before going to Kelly Field he was stationed at Fort Sam Houston. On going to Fort Sam Houston he was a captain and aide to General Ruckman. Soon after being transferred to Fort Sam Houston he was promoted to a major. On going to Kelly Field he was made a lieutenant colonel. Colonel Quackenbush had also been adjutant to General Ruckman while the latter was in command of the Laredo district.

Colonel Quackenbush joined the army at the time of the Spanish-American War as a lieutenant in the New York Infantry. He entered the regular army February 2, 1901. He was born in New York October 18, 1870.

STRAIGHTEN THAT BENT BACK.

No need to suffer from that tired, dead ache in your back, that lameness, those distressing urinary disorders. Laredo people have found how to get relief. Follow this Laredo resident's example.

E. T. Ramon, merchant, 1619 Lincoln St., says: "I have suffered from attacks of backache for some time. I have had dull throubing pains through my kidneys, so I couldn't stoop or straighten up without suffering greatly. When one of those attacks has come on, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have never failed to remove the trouble. Doan's relieve the pain and make me feel better generally."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ramon had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

PROMOTIONS ANNOUNCED FOR CUSTOMS EMPLOYES

Importatnt Changes Are Made in the Personnel of the Staff of the Customs Service at Laredo.

While for some time past it was known that several changes had been made or were being made in the staff of the Laredo customshouse, official announcement of the changes was not made until this morning.

Miss Mary Devine, the deputy collector, has been promoted to deputy collector in charge, succeeding R. G. Ginn, who has been transferred back to Brownsville.

Adolph R. Kahn, formerly cashier, has been promoted to deputy collector and clerk, N. A. Miller succeeds Mr. Kahn as cashier.

E. W. Eaton has been made export clerk and Miss Wilhelm Born is the stenographer of the customs service here.

Farmers and others who live at a distance from a drug store should keep in the house a bottle of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It may be needed at any time for cuts, wounds, sores, sprains or rheumatism. It is a powerfull healing and penetrating remedy. Price 25, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

AGREED ON A SETTLEMENT AND THE TRIAL IS STOPPED

Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. Compromise Wih O. E. Martin, Who Was Suing For $30,000 Damages.

The following item regarding the disposition of the case of O. F. Martin vs. the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. on trial at Corpus Christi last week, is taken from the Corpus Christi Caller of Sunday:

A damage suit case that has been on trial in the district court since last Tuesday before a jury ended abruptly yesterday afternoon when the attorneys in the case announced that they had agreed on a settlement and that the trial need not proceed further.

O. F. Martin who sought $30,000 damages against the Texas-Mexican Railway Company for alleged personal injuries was given $6,000 under terms of the settlement. Attorneys in the case were J. M. Taylor for the plaintiff and Asher Smith of Laredo and Sutherland & Pope for the defendant company.

HERBINE cures constipation and reestablishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists. r

EVAPORATED ONIONS—WHY NOT?

Waste of Culls and No. 3's Can be Utilized by That Process.

To The Times:

During the convention of delegates from the upper counties to work out a plan of properly distributing the present prospective onion crop, I suggested the following outline of a plan whereby not only could the low grade onions be utilized, but the poorer quality of onions kept out of the market, and both the culls stock (evaporated) as well as the good onions, be sold at a profit.

Since I became convinced that there was such a great acreage of onions, and worse than all, assuming that it might be possible to rain again, some time, and the possibility also that it might rain during the onion harvesting season, I began an investigation last December to provide for ways and means of avoiding total, or at least very great losses.

In the first place there are evaporating equipments which are tested and adjusted for drying smaller quantities, which involve a cost of from $250.00 to $500.00 which will be large enough to properly dry and put into good commercial condition, the culls from most any average onion farm of forty acres, or less. Then there are equipments which can be installed which will handle car lots of these culls almost daily, if necessary. Then the off grade onions are in a condition to be stored, or sold to the army and navy, and all merchant marine transportation companies.

It is not an untried matter, as the army, navy and merchant marine now buy mostly evaporated vegetables to conserve space in their ships. The undried form is too bulky and perishable, and they have gradually gotten to the practice of buying these evaporated vegetables. The list includes spinach, beets, carrots, cabbage, irish and sweet potatoes and largely onions. I have samples at my office of the form of evaporated vegetables just listed which are being prepared by a large corporation in California. There are similar factories I think in Oregon and Washington, and for onions some in Ohio and New York. These larger installations run into cost of equipments any where from $2,500.00 to five or ten thousand dollars as the business justifies, or regular army and merchant marine contracts may warrant.

But to protect against loss from water-logged onions, or from smut and decay in damp onions, I have carried on a test the past year for disinfecting the damp onion so that it will not decay readily, and also a process which will reduce the moisture in waterlogged onions so that they will become firm and safe for shipment.

On a larger scale it would only require a small engine with properly designed air fan, and sylinder for driving the damp air over a hot blast or furnace, and driving this dried hot air through even as much as a car of crated onions properly stacked over a slatted flour above. The exact time of this drying process will depend on the nature of the weather, but it is easily within the realm of commercial operations to reduce the moisture of water-logged onions by this method, until they are dry and safe for shipment. Another result of these tests shows that the wax onions especially, will be protected from the development of the black smut, which so easily develops. The Laredo growers with their warehouses, etc. could easily adjust an installation of great value along this line, the culls be saved, water-logged onions cured for shipment, and the markets of the better grades made more profitable.

FRED. W. MALLY,
County Agent.

Notice of Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. will be held at the offices of the company in Laredo, Texas, Thursday, March 7, 1918, at 3 p. m. for the purpose of electing a board of directors and the transacting of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The regular meeting of the board of directors will be held immediately after the meeting of the stockholders at the same place and on the same date.

C. C. BIGGIO,
Secretary.

Laredo, Texas, Feb. 5, 1918.

2-5 30t.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Chas. H. Brient, the well known contractor, who built the Latin-American Club building and many other of the finest structures in Laredo will assume the management of the Webb County Lumber Co. on March first. This does not mean that he has quit the building business, but on the contrary will be into it more than ever and he will be glad to give all persons contemplatng building the benefit of his wide experience in the building business if they will call on him. His office phone number is 550.

2-28-6t.

Take HERBINE for indigestion. It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by all durggists. x

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

Red Cross Surgical Room will be open at the usual hour in the afternoon.

The Hebrew Ladies Aid Society will hold their monthly business meeting at the Y. M. H. A. Hall at 3:30 in the afternoon.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at four o'clock in the afternoon.

The Heights Civic Club will hold a "demonstration meeting" at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Tuesday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. R. A. Millar at the usual time in the afternoon.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will hold their regular wekkly meetin at the Rectory with Mrs. C. W. Cook at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will be held at Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the eceing. The meeting will be for work, and all members are urged to be present. All visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

* * *

Vespers.

The birds are sleepy, yet they pray
Unto their god, in humble way,
That he will give them, for their need
Tomorrow, store of drink and seed.

They thank him, gravely reverent,
That he, this day, in bounty sent—
For that he is so kind and good—
Much folk to walk within their wood.

And glad them by their raiment bright
From leap of sun till lack of light.
And give them heart, the whole day long,
To labor at their task of song.

—Mary Carolyn Davies.

* * *

General Mention.

Mrs. C. H. Ellsworth of New York arrived yesterday on a visit to her cousin, Mrs. W. W. MacGregor.

* * *

Mrs. F. W. Mally left for San Antonio Sunday to visit relatives for a few days and will then go to Crystal City, extending her absence from Laredo until Prof. Mally returns from his trip to Washington as a member of the onion growers committee sent to confer with Food Administrator Hoover.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. G'Sell and little daughter, Catherine May, returned home on Sunday from a pleasant xisit to relatives in Groveton and they also spent a few days with Mrs. House, in Houston.

* * *

Mr. Alfred Giles and Miss Marcella Giles of San Antonio are spending a week in New York, visiting Mrs. Geoffrey J. Giles. They are planning a number of delightful side trips. Miss Christine Hill is staying at the same apartment house.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Florian of San Antonio arrived in the city yesterday to join Mr. Florian after spending the winter in Washington, Baltimore and Atlanta. They are pleasantly located at the Hotel Hamilton and will be in the city for a short stay.

* * *

Greetings have been received from Miss Christine Hill of Laredo and San Antonio, who is in New York, where she is doing splendid work at the American Academy of Dramatic Art. Miss Hill graduated from the San Antonio High School and from the Briggs' School of Expression last June.—San Antonio Express.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Winchester, who have been in Laredo for the past several years, have gone to San Antonio to make their future home.

* * *

Mrs. O. E. Kennedy spent the week-end in San Antonio with her husband, who is stationed at Camp Travis.

* * *

Mrs. J. A. Wilson left this morning for Corpus Christi to spend two weeks as the guest of Mrs. R. A. MacCulloch.

* * *

Mr. John Kenney of Richmond, Ind., arrived Thursday to be the guest of his sons, Dr. C. F. and Mr. J. W. Kenney, for the remainder of the cold season. Mr. Kenney usually spend the winter in the South, but was delayed this year by blockades and train embargoes. He reports this the coldest winter in Indiana since 1832.

* * *

Announcement.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian church will be entertained by Mrs. L. W. Hansen at 1508 Salinas avenue tonight with a paper party.

* * *

Club Notes.

The members of the Fidelis Class of the Baptist Church entertained the members of the Berean Class at the Pastorium on Friday evening with a delightful social. A number of pleasant games were enjoyed under the direction of Miss Minnie Burr and Mrs. J. N. Campbell. Delicious refershments were served at the close of the evening.

* * *

Keatly-Crandall.

On Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock a very pretty weddng ceremony was solemnized in Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev. C. W. Cook officiating, Lieut. Edwin Emerson Keatley of the 37th Infantry, U. S. A., and Miss Adele Louise Crandall of Battle Creek, Michigan, were the contracting parties. Capt. J. T. Harris gave the bride in marriage, while Mrs. Harris stood as matron and witness. Lieut. Swift acted as best man and groom's witness. On account of the season of Lent the rite was administered with very simple and unostentatious surroundings. The bride was simply gowned in silk of navy blue with accessories to match. The church was well filled by friends of the bride and groom, many of the people witnessing the ceremony being from Fort McIntosh. The wedding party and guests went immediately from the church to the post, where Captain and Mrs. Harris had prepared a reception, where light refreshments were served. The Times, with a host of friends, wish the happy pair long life and happiness.

* * *

Shipped Hospital Supplies.

The Laredo Chapter is sending today to the Division Supply Depot at St. Louis two boxes of convalescent gowns of double faced canton flannel, 40 garments in each box, and a conservative estimate would be for the 80 garments $200. The box was from Circle B, Mrs. G. C. Woodman chairman.

SPORT CHATTER.

Bryan Downey of Chicago and Joe Eagan, the Boston battler, will clash again at Columbus, March 11. It will be the third time they have met in the ring.

Miller Huggings, the Yanks' pilot, is an ambitious cuss, anyway you take him. He put in a bid for about all the American league stars, even though he succeeded only in making a trade with the Browns.

Glowing accounts of how the Yankees are grabbing star players are printed in the New York papers one day and denied the next. Evidently Gotham scribes know as much about the Yankee outfit as does some hick in Squirrel Centre.

As Percy Houghton, Leo Leary and Reggie Brown, the Harvard football experts, are slated to return to the job at Cambridge this year, it looks as if the Crimson gridders intend to play real football instead of the informal variety.

Stranger Ed. Lewis must have been side-cracked in the wrestling championship merry-go-round. It was only a short time ago that the Kentucky grappler held the spotlight in the mat game, but now Joe Stecher, Earl Caddock and Biscuits Zbyszko are monopolizing the stage.

WILL INTERFERE WITH PLANS.

Prior to the last city election in Martinsville, the republican and democratic party leaders held a meeting and agreed not to buy votes at the coming election, says the Indianapolis News. One of the old citizens, who lives on a farm near the outskirts of the town, was told of the agreement, and was heard to say:

"Hum, that will interfere with my plans considerably."

PERSONALS

J. F. Gunther left for Del Rio yesterday on a short business visit.

Lee Edwards, after an absence of more than a year from Laredo, during which time he has been at the factory of the Bessemer Gas Works, has returned to his home in this city.

BENDER:—R. H. Jeffrey and wife, Saltillo, Mex.; H. Blenke, Cincinnati, O.; A. Y. Bartholemew, Peoria, Ill.; L. A. Smith, Peoria, Ill.; J. A. Bennan, San Antonio; J. H. Leon and son, Chicago, Ill.; M. Phillipe, Mexico City; Chas. B. Goldborough, G. L. Morgan, New York; J. W. Downing, St. Louis, Mo.; E. H. Sager, Memphis, Tenn.; Wm. Creamer, Memphis, Tenn.; G. H. Byrne, Los Angeles, Cal.; W. Kelso, San Antonio.

HAMILTON—R. L. Pratt, Manassa, Colo.; Mrs. C. H. Florian, J. J. Jordan, Chas. B. Watts, Wm. Paes, A. J. Spruill, John Jackson and wife, P. C. Lueche, Marshall Hicks, San Antonio; G. A. Bruni, Dallas; Ernest S. Kerlin, T. S. Harper, L. K. Mulleniux, 37th Inf.; Geo. Hart, N. Laredo; C. Ludveph, John Hamilton, Dallas; Cesar Soail and brother, M. G. Loyola, Mexico City; W. T. Wiley, Mission; W. L. Bradbury, Shangland; Chas. Votz, Mission; Ernest L. Anderson, Mexico City.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing application of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inlonvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

DRY ZONE BILL WITH EMERGENCY CLAUSE EFFECTIVE APRIL 1 PASSED HOUSE TODAY

Drastic Prohibition Law Now Goes to the Senate—Attempts to Include Manufacturers of Liquors Failed---Decision Now Rests with Senate, as Governor Hobby is Behind the Bill.

GERMANY PREPARES TO OCCUPY FINLAND

SEIZURE OF ALAND ISLANDS PROTESTED BY SWEDEN BUT MADE NO DIFFERENCE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 4.—The German occupation of the Aland islands is only the preliminary to the total occupation of Finland. Germany has informed Sweden that she intends to occupy Finland and the latter has protested. Germany said she does not intend to permanently occupy Finland. By the occupation of the Aland islands the Germans expect to make a base there for supplying the occupation of Finland.

Occupied Aland Islands.

Christiania, Norway, March 4.—The Aland islands were occupied at noon aSturday by the Germans.

Not from American Trenches.

American Army in France, March 2.—The Americans which the Germans claim to have captured on the Chemin des Dames proper were the arger part of a patrol of 13 men which went out and is still missing. The enemy obtained no prisoners from the American trenches.

Germans Still Preparing.

Washington, March 4.—In the weekly military review the war department notes continued German preparations on the western front. Raids on the American sectors is an example "of what is taking place on the entire western front." The statement discloses nothing new regarding American operations.

Russians Destroying Bridges.

Washington, March 4.—The Russians have been destroying bridges in the trans-Siberian railroad between Baikal and the Chinese frontier. Officials believe the Russians are destroying the bridges to prevent the expected advance of Japanese troops. A large number of other structures have been mined, it is said, so they could be readily destroyed.

British Raids Successful.

London, March 4.—The British last night carried out a number of successful British raids on different parts of the front, says today's statement. About 50 Germans were killed in one encounter and 11 prisoners and one machine gun were captured by the British, whose casualties were light in all the raids. An attempted enemy raid was repulsed. Considerable enemy artillery activity is reported in the neighborhood of Lens.

British Outnumbered Enemy.

London, March 4.—In January the Germans dropped 1,482 bombs in the area in France occupied by the British. During the same period the British dropped 7,653 bombs in enemy areas.

British Still Advance.

London, March 4.—The British in Palestine north of Jerusalem have advanced along a 12-mile front to a depth of more than 3,000 yards astride and west of the Jerusalem Nabelus road.

German Raids Checked.

Paris, March 4.—German raids last night on the French lines north of Chemin des Dames and near Malincourt wood were checked by French fire, it is officially announced.

Austrians Make Progress.

Vienna, March 4.—The Austro-Hungarians operating in Podotia, southwestern Russia, are making satisfactory progress, says the Austrian statement. More than 770 guns and a large quantity of material were captured.

Military Operations Stopped.

Berlin, March 4.—Military operations in Russia stopped yesterday, says the German official statement. A number of Belgians were captured on the western front on the line of the Yser. In minor raids 27 prisoners were taken by the Germans.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 4.—The house today, by a vote of 108 to 10, passed the 10-mile dry zone bill with an emergency cluse making it effective April 1. The bill now goes to the senate. Cities with shipbuilding plants are included. Efforts to amend the bill to prohibit the manufacture of liquor, designed to put the brewers out of business, failed.

THREE PERSONS KILLED.

By Associated Press.

Boone, Iowa, March 4.—Three persons were killed and 30 injured in a head-on crash of the Des Moines passenger train from the Fort Dodge, Des Moines and Southern electric road with an interurban freight train near here.

FIVE AMERICANS KILLED.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 4.—General Pershing reports five Americans, including one lieutenant, killed; five severely wounded and four slightly wounded in a fight north of Toul.

PORK RESTRICTION ENDS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 4.—The food administration announces that restrictions on the use of pork on Saturdays have been temporarily removed. The meatless restrictions on Tuesdays remain in effect. The necessity for saving wheat, on the other hand, is even greater than before.

TO HELP IN LOAN.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 4.—Treasury officials announced today that the war department will give all possible help to the campaign for the third Liberty Loan which starts April 6th. Aviators will be sent out from all training camps to distribute literature and stir the enthusiasm of the people.

POSTPONE ENDOWMENT.

Special to The Times.

Cambridge, Mass., March 4.—The endowment fund of $10,000,000 which the Harvard University alumni association was raising previous to the war has been postponed until peace is declared. There are 5612 Harvard men now actively engaged in army and navy and other forms of war service. Numerous Harvard buildings, laboratories, the famous botanical institute, the physiological laboratory, dental school, translation department, medical school and business administration school have all been turned over for government use.

ACCEPT GERMAN CONDITIONS.

Special to The Times.

Petrograd, March 4.—Fearing that to give argument to the German delegates would only result in still more severe peace terms, the Russian delegation at Brest-Litovsk has accepted all the German conditions and will sign the agreement. The German demands have already been increased to include the cession in southern Russia of Karaband, Kars and Batoum, with a stern hint that any delay in the acceptance of these terms would mean harsher ones.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

A slender acquaintance with the world must convince every man that actions, not words, are the true criterion of the attachment of friends; and that the most liberal professions of good-will are very far from being the surest mark of it.—Washington.

Despondency Due to Constipation.

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect. *

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

MEXICANS KILLED IN BOMB EXPLOSION

WORKERS IN STEEL PLANT AT FORT WORTH KILLED BY MYSTERIOUS BOMB.

By Associated Press.

Fort Worth, Texas, March 4.—Two Mexican workers were killed in an explosion of a bomb in the plant of the Armstrong steel mills early this morning. A number of other employees were injured. The bomb was brought into the plant in a junk car.

Must Rearrange Schedules.

Washington, March 4.—Passenger train schedules between Chicago and St. Louis have been ordered rearranged by Director McAdoo. The number of daily trains each way is reduced from 15 to 9.

Ordnance Base in France.

Washington, March 4.—The war department is building a $25,000,000 ordnance base in France, including approximately 20 large storehouses, 12 shop buildings and 100 smaller shops.

FOR OVERSEAS SHIPMENTS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 4.—The food administration has announced the creation of a marine transportation department headed by C. Doe, of San Francisco, president of the North Pacific Steamship company. Mr. Doe is to have direct charge of overseas shipments. John Fletcher, also of San Francisco, formerly with the Luckenback steamship company, is to have charge of coastwise food shipments.

MOBILIZING THE HENS.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 4.—America's hens have been mobilized and are now doing a tremendously effective bit to win the war. Following a stretch of mild weather, the hens suddenly contributed 300,000,000 eggs in the past week, of which a large part were rushed into the large cities, thus making it easy for the people to give up wheat flour, meat, etc., for shipment to our allies. The price of fresh eggs dropped 30c a dozen in two days as a result of the hens' effective mobilizatiton for the war.

WOULD KEEP THE SECRET.

A person was driveing home from an outlying village one night when he overtook a young woman. He recognized her as the maid of all work at a farm which he would pass, so he pulled up and offered her a lift. The girl gladly accepted his offer, and they chatted pleasantly all the way to the farm gate.

"Thank you, sir," she said, as she got down.

"Don't mention it, Mary; don't mention it," he replied, politely.

"No, I won't," Mary obligingly assured him.

SOME THROWER.

A house hunter saw an advertisement in the papers describing a charming house "within a stone's throw of the station."

He made an appointment, and in due course was escorted to the house in question, two miles away.

When they reached the threshold, he turned to the agent suavely. "Would you mind introducing me," he whispered, "to the person who threw that stone?"—Clippings.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. *

From Tuesday's Daily.

THE GERMAN WORD.

The esteemed Galveston News says that the German word is depreciated more than its mark. This little epigram is perhaps one of the neatest that has been born of the war. It expresses so fully what even the German people have come to know, that nothing else could so fully describe Germany's desperate situation.

When Germany speaks to her people, she is disbelieved, for the Germans have learned that the government is not alone treacherous to its enemies, but also to those who have supported it against their better judgment for the past three years and more.

When Germany speaks to the allied nations, not even is her voice listened to, for every statement which Germany has made to the world during the war has been false, or even when true, was uttered with the intention that it be disbelieved.

Germany reminds one of the man of whom a Laredo neighbor said: "Why, if he said 'Good morning!' I would not believe him." And that is the inevitable punishment which such false conduct brings. In the future no one will lend money to Germany, because of a belief that she will repudiate her obligations. No one will accept a treaty with her unless they be guaranteed by some nation which can be trusted. No one will believe her declarations of friendship, for she is known to be a liar.

The penalty of continuous lying is that the liar has no reputation. He has no friends. He has only enemies, and they include all who know him, for no one is willing to risk the friendship of one who cannot be trusted.

The German mark has depreciated in the money markets of the world for the reason that the German word behind it is no good. Some of our banks will give credit to a man who has no collateral other than that of his word. His honor is so nice that his "word is as good as his bond," to use the familiar saying.

For many years past Germany's word has been depreciating. The emperor who wore a Krupp-made halo and home-made wings and posed as the only original and genuine apostle of peace in Europe soon became to be known as a liar, for while he preached peace—for others—he increased his armament beyond all reaon save that of invasion and conquest.

His learned professors came to be known as liars, for they taught that there was nothing else so important in this world as subservience to the German emperor, and they daily made naught of history in order to justify their announced belief in the future of Germany, forgetting—or ignoring—the fact that all despotisms have been overthrown, while the republics endured so long as they remained honest and true to the trust of the people.

His preachers were proven to be liars, for while they ostentatiously wore the gown of the servant of Christ, they bowed the knee before the "good old German god," the ruler in Valhalla, the deity who was some day to bring crashing about the people the ruins of the Christian churches, and who permitted his servants to form a "holy alliance" with the Mohammedan, the age-old enemy of Christianity.

The very people have caught a touch of the prevailing spirit of mendacity, and they join in telling us that we are mistaken in believing that the German, especially the socialistic German, wants anything but what is lawfully his.

The soldiers, the sailors, the merchants, the manufacturers—all the various elements of Germany—have been liars for a generation or so in the past, and they smile a cynical smile when caught in a lie, for they say: "All's fair in war."

The Psalmist said: "I said in my haste, All men are liars." And if he had referred to modern Germany, with the insidious poison which comes from the inoculation of the Prussian blood in their veins, he would not have been far wrong. And that is why Germany will never be able to conquer, for the liar is primarily a coward; that is usually what makes him a liar.

FOOD DEMONSTRATIONS.

While other cities are awaiting the action of the food administration, including the sending of expert wood demonstrators to show the people how to use the wheat flour substitutes to the best advantage, the women of Laredo are going ahead and doing their own demonstrating.

Yesterday the Heights Civic Club had a "demonstration" meeting, at which several of the members showed by practical demonstration what could be done with the permitted materials on "wheatless" days to satisfy the inner man—and woman—and still keep the menu attractive and healthy.

Such work as this comes within the scope of every household where the cooking is done at home. Not for these fair demonstrators of the Heights the recourse to the baker for "our daily bread." They learn to make it at home, and, judging from the results of yesterday's demonstration, their menfolks must be pampered pets in these days of sacrifice.

If the Laredo women could but know what can be done with the substitutes, they would not, as some of them are accused of doing, "feed the cornmeal to the chickens and continue to use the same quantity of flour as heretofore."

There are hundreds of dainty foods that can be made from the plain, old-fashioned cornmeal. And each year is adding to the number of things that can be done with a mixing bowl, a handful of cornmeal and a good oven. True, there are some other things required to make the new kinds of bread, but they all come under the head of substitutes.

Now that eggs are coming within the reach of ordinary people, it is possible to make a delicious "egg bread" with cornmeal without the addition of a single ounce of wheat flour. Fried mush, fried grits, cornmeal ginger bread, cornmeal crisps, and a hundred other things which the outer world does not know can be made and are being made by American housewives who are doing as much to win the war as any soldier on the battle front. In fact, they are making it possible for that soldier to stay on the front by releasing a great percentage of the normal consumption of wheat flour in order that he may have his hardtack, his bread and his crackers.

As one of the Heights ladies said, the sacrifices we are called upon to make are trifling when compared with those of a former generation. We have all heard of Confederate troops who made long marches with but a roasting ear or two in their haversacks. And the shifts to which some of the men were put, when the corn was ripe, to pound it into some semblance of meal, mix it with water—usually without even salt—and then bake their ashcakes in the campfires.

It may be that the people of those days were upheld by a stern resolve to win that is not characteristic of some of our people of today. But we doubt if the people of that period were made of any sterner stuff than those of today; it is merely that the latter are not yet aroused to the necessity of doing all in their power, whereas the people of the Confederacy had it forced upon them.

Everywhere one reads of hotels, restaurants and other public caterers doing all in their power to help the food administration win this war. If the private homes will do as much—and those on the Heights are setting a noble example—we shall be able to send our soldiers and our allies all the food they need to win this war within a short time.

We are looking with interest for the next demonstration of the Heights Civic Club, and we wonder what they are doing in the way of meat substitutes. Of course, many of them have chickens and eggs, but what will they do to help us poor mortals who have neither?

It is not surprising to find the ladies of the Heights setting the pace for others to follow. They have always been pathfinders, and usually they get such a lead that it is possible only to follow them, not to pass them on the way.

More power, as the Irish say, to the Heights Civic Club and its loyal, patriotic members.

MAY NOT FINISH BUSINESS IN TIME TO CONVENE COURT

If Judge Mullally Does Not Return in Time Judge Thomas Will Be Here Monday to Begin Court.

Judge J. F. Mullally of this judicial district is presiding at the session of district court being held in Cotulla this week, sitting in the place of Judge C. C. Thomas, who is disqualified in a number of cases now on trial in that court, which is in a separate judicial district than this.

It is very probable that Judge Mullally will not be able to wind up the docket there this week in the cases in which the regular judge is disqualified, and will not be here to convene district court in this city next Monday morning, in which event Judge Thomas will come here and open court for Judge Mullally.

Despondency Due to Constipation.

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect. *

DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Easier, Quicker and Without the Blister

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole.

Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of out-of-date mustard plasters, and will not blister.

Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

A message from Chris. Reuter

Specialist In Seed for Southwest Texas

Seeds Are Scarce!

Bean Seed A full stock of all varieties for immediate shipment, including Burpee's Stringless, Giant Stringless, Black Valentine and Wax-podded sorts. All new crop seeds.

Seed Corn All varieties—more than 20—particularly adapted to Southwest Texas, including the Davis Prolific that has produced such heavy yields.

Cotton Seed Mebane's Triumph, Early King, Simpkins', Express, Bank Account and Big Boll varieties, selected from expert growers.

Garden Seed Pure strains of Watermelon, Cucumbers, Squash, Canteloupe, Eggplant, Pepper, Okra, Garden Peas, Tomatoes, etc., finest stock.

Farm Seed Broom Corn, Red Top Cane, Kaffir Corn, Milo Maize, Syrup Sorghums, Cowpeas, Velvet Beans, etc., every good field crop for the Southwest, and all recleaned land.

Order Early With the critical scarcity of seeds you should decide early about your planting and let me have your orders. Transportation is slow and congested.

Free Catalogue Your name and address on a postal will bring you a copy of my 1918 Spring Catalogue, 84 pages, beautifully illustrated in colors, with much helpful planting advice and suggestions. Remember—I'm prepared to give you quick service and prompt shipment.

CHRIS. REUTER
"South's Foremost Seedsman"
New Orleans, La.

NO REASON FOR PESSIMISM.

Just why the Germans have so long and persistently advertised their offensive on the western front is an enigma. It is not their custom to take the world into their confidence when about to begin an important military movement. The purpose of this advertising campaign will doubtless be disclosed in good time. Possibly their hope is to weaken the morale of the allies by keeping them in suspense as to just where the offensive is to begin.

But there are no signs of perturbation among the forces facing the Teutons from Flanders to Venetia. On the contrary there is an alert readiness that promises a smashing of German hopes. The decision of the Versailles conference for a unified control of the whole front, including the "side show" at Saloniki, means the elimination of the weakness that has heretofore come from divided councils.

Here at home one may detect occasionally an undercurrent of pessimism as to the outcome, an apprehensiveness that springs from ignorance of the true conditions. Perhaps this is one of the effects sought by the German advertising campaign. At any rate, every American should at once cast out of his mind any such feeling, for it has no sound basis.

After all, it must be remembered that the Germans have not yet won a single military victory of importance, except by treachery and intrigue. All their successes have been achieved in that way from the outset. They began by violating Belgian neutrality—a characteristic piece of treachery which enabled them to overrun Belgium and advance far into France. But they were stopped at the Marne and at Ypres by forces that were inferior numerically. If the unprepared English and the outnumbered French could stop them then, how can they hope to break through now?

On the eastern front German victories have been won by wholesale corruption and intrigue. The German cabal at Petrograd early succeeded in paralyzing the Russian arms by corrupting high officials, cutting off supplies of munitions and sending the mujiks into battle without weapons to fight with. It was thus that Hindenburg won his much-vaunted triumph of the Masurian Lakes; it was thus that the Russian invasion of Galicia that threatened to cut off Hungary was finally thrown back. German treachery has played a part in every step of the disintegration of Russia.

The case of Roumania is typical. Forced into the war before she was ready by a Russian ultimatum and on the promise of prompt Russian assistance, she was left naked to the German attack by the treachery of the unspeakable Sturmer, who not only prevented Russian help from being given her, but sent the whole Roumanian plan of campaign to Germany, so that Mackensen knew every move that was to be made and overran the country at his pleasure.

Serbia, too, was left defenseless by the treachery of Germany's tool, Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria, and the failure of Greece to keep her promise of assistance, due to the machinations of King Constantine, who was also under German influence.

Even the participation of Turkey in the war on the German side was brought about by a secretly planned attack on Russia in the Black Sea carried out by Turkish ships under German command.

The insidious undermining of Italian morale by carefully planned unscrupulous propaganda was the indispensable preface to the advance into Venetia last fall. But the Italian armies made the most wonderful recovery of morale ever recorded, and with the help of the French and English stopped the invasion in time.

Germany has broken about every tenet of international law, has indulged in every known form of illegal warfare, has invented numerous new schemes of frightfulness. Her submarine campaign is the greatest offense of all her sins against civilization.

But the Prussian bag of tricks is about exhausted. The allies are not to be overcome by any such methods. It is a case of fight, and nothing but fight, to win. In every instance where the Teutons and the western allies have stood up against each other face to face the Huns have been beaten. They will be beaten this time and it may prove their last gasp, their final hope.

There is no reason for pessimism. The forces are nearly equal in numbers, but in stamina, in morale, in confidence, in resources, France, England, Italy and the United States are insuperable. Germany can not win because Germany is autocracy. It is the devil's system.—Minneapolis Journal.

OIL MAN GAINS 20 POUNDS ON ONLY 2 BOTTLES OF TANLAC

FELT LIKE HE COULDN'T HAVE LASTED MUCH LONGER SAYS HARRY WILSON.

"A gain of twenty pounds on two bottles of Tanlac is going some, but that is just what happened to me since I began using it," said Harry D. Wilson, an employe of the Humble Oil Company at their Goose Creek, Texas plant, the other day.

"I had a spell of malarial fever some time ago," he continued, "and wasn't able to get straightened out afterwards. My system was badly run down, I lost my appetite and had to live almost exclusively on a diet of raw or very soft boiled eggs. Even that didn't always agree with me and many a time my stomach would feel all torn to pieces. My head ached so I thought it would split, rheumatism made me miserable and my system was clogged up with malaria. I fell off to a hundred and twenty-eight pounds and was in such a bad fix I believe I couldn't have lasted much longer.

"I had already tried about everything else I could get without finding relief and I was sure surprised to find this Tanlac getting hold of my troubles before I had taken many doses. I feel hungry all the time and am actually ashamed to eat enough to satisfy my appetite. My weight has increased to a hundred and forty-eight pounds and I feel fine in every way. I have got over that tired and drowsy feeling and have more life and energy than I have had in several months. I feel like Tanlac has made a new man of me and I will gladly recommend it to anybody."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Winrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

Notice of Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. will be held at the offices of the company in Laredo, Texas, Thursday, March 7, 1918, at 3 p. m. for the purpose of electing a board of directors and the transacting of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The regular meeting of the board of directors will be held immediately after the meeting of the stockholders at the same place and on the same date.

C. C. BIGGIO,
Secretary.

Laredo, Texas, Feb 5, 1918.

2-5-30t.

ECKMAN'S
Calcerbs
EASY-TAKE TABLETS

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat troubles. A tonic-restorative prepared without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

CAR SHORTAGE PROBLEM IS ELIMINATED BY DIRECTOR

SECRETARY M'ADOO SAYS THERE WILL BE NECESSARY CARS.

Assures Congressman Garner That Onion Growers of Texas Will Have Ample Cars to Move Produce.

According to advices received by telegram from Congressman John N. Garner by the onion growers of this section, Director McAdoo of the railroads of the country has assured him that when the time arrives for the shipment of the Bermuda onion crop from Southwest Texas there will be plenty of cars made available and rushed to the onion growing section to move the product to market with the least possible delay.

This assurance from the head of the railroads of the country that there will be sufficient cars to facilitate the movement of the crop of onions within the usual time, beginning with shipments late this month or early in April, comes as news of great relief to the growers, as they were expecting a great car shortage following the report made to the general meeting here last week that there were practically 150,000 cars short at this time, and this number was expected to increase to approximately 200,000 cars by the time the onion crop began to move. The assurance given Congressman Garner by Director McAdoo suffices to settle that question, as he is in absolute control of the railway transportation problem at this time.

According to reports made at the recent onion growers meeting, the crop of onions this season will be moved within 80 to 90 days at the rate of from 75 to 100 carloads per day. The distribution will be so arranged that the usual delay in unloading the cars will not be experienced this year, for it is the intention of the shippers to place carload lots direct, and if the plan worked out by the onion growers is carried out successfully with Food Administrator Hoover, the onions will not pass through as many hands this year as in former years, and the consumer will be afforded ample opportunity to buy Texas onions from the first hands handling them after coming from the producers.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. *

W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

UTILITARIAN RESCUE.

A lot of them were fishing close to a railway bridge, when suddenly a lad of the party lost his balance and fell into the river. Immediately an old fisherman standing by threw off his coat, plunged into the stream, and, after a struggle, brought the boy safe to land.

"Noble individual!" cried a gentleman who was passing by at the time of the accident. "Generous preserver! But for thy timely help you poor boy's spirit would now be in the land of——"

"Stow that, guv'nor," interrupted the old fisherman. "I didn't care nuffin' 'bout the boy. But the young beggar has got all the bait in his trousers pocket."

TERRIBLY SWOLLEN

Suffering Described As Torture Relieved by Black-Draught.

Rossville, Ga.—Mrs. Kate Lee Able, of this place, writes: "My husband is an engineer, and once while lifting, he injured himself with a piece of heavy machinery, across the abdomen. He was so sore he could not bear to press on himself at all, on chest or abdomen. He weighed 165 lbs., and fell off until he weighed 110 lbs., in two weeks.

He became constipated and it looked like he would die. We had three different doctors, yet with all their medicine, his bowels failed to act. He would turn up a ten-cent bottle of castor oil, and drink it two or three days in succession. He did this yet without result. We became desperate, he suffered so. He was swollen terribly. He told me his suffering could only be described as torture.

I sent and bought Thedford's Black-Draught. I made him take a big dose, and when it began to act he fainted, he was in such misery, but he got relief and began to mend at once. He got well, and we both feel he owes his life to Thedford's Black-Draught."

Thedford's Black-Draught will help you to keep fit, ready for the day's work. Try it! NC-131

LITTLE LOCALS

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose Angel Hinojosa and Miss Marta Garza, Catarino Jimenez and Miss Adela Dominguez.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-tf.

—INCOME TAX reports carefully and correctly prepared. Leonard W. Craig. Phone 411 or 1015. 2-26-7t.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—Mauricio Carrejo was arrested yesterday charged with smuggling flour and sugar to the Mexican side of the river in violation of the presidential proclamation prohibiting the exportation of foodstuffs to Mexico without a federal license.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced. 3-5-tf.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's. 3-2-1m.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot. 3-4-5t.

—Deputy County Clerk Molina received a telegram this morning from County Clerk Rodriguez in San Antonio stating that County Judge Page was doing very nicely but could not yet return to Laredo, but will do so in a few days.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modern machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-10t.

—When wanting milk phone 356. 1-22-tf.

—The Laredo onion crop, as well as that of all Southwest Texas, is to be "Hooverized," then "marketized," then "soldized" in short order this season if the efforts of the onion growers to get Mr. Hoover to help them succeeds. Onions will be strong in American homes this year—and the best of it all is they will be taken out of the luxury class and put within the reach of all.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage, tel 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed. 8-11-tf.

—The Laredo Roller Mills, J. R. Harlan, proprietor, were sold under the hammer at trustees's sale at the courthouse door this morning, quite a number of gentlemen being on hand to bid on that institution. The successful bidder was A. M. Bruni, who bid in the property for $7,100.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street. 2-14-1m.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county. 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—The Bellmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

ENOUGH TO CARRY.

A minister came to the Episcopal Church at Williamsport, Pa., to speak.

"Do you wish to wear a surplice?" asked the rector.

"Surplice!" cried the visitor. "Surplice! I am a Methodist. What do I know about surplices? All I know about is a deficit."—New York Evening Post.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation, ask anyone who has used it. *

WHAT SHE NEEDED.

The mistress of the house was obdurate.

"No," she said, firmly, "I don't want no buttons nor no laces."

Putting his foot in the fast-closing door, the tramp held up his hand.

"Here you are, madam," said he. 'Grammar for Beginners,' only sixpence.'"—London Fun.

A. Ritter
Blacksmith and Machine Shop
Horse shoeing A Specialty
Corner Farragut St. and Convent Ave.

LAREDO ICE FACTORY
P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.
Pure Crystal Ice and Distilled Water
Delivered to any part of the city.
TELEPHONE 252

Bautista Garage
Automobile and Gasoline Engine work a Specialty
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
607 SAN BERNARDO AVE.

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.
DEALERS IN
LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.
Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

CRAZY MINERAL WATER
A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes, acid dyspepcias, etc. Ask for booklet.
L. VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS
LAREDO, TEXAS

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNG WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS COLDS AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES
PRICE 50c & $1.00 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
THE LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE
Is now located in the Alexander Bldg. Rooms 215 and 217.

Fire Insurance
F. M. RAMSEY, AGT.
Phone 82
1301 Iturbide St. Laredo, Tex.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly." *

From Wednesday's Daily.

LAREDO TROOP OF CAVALRY IS NOW BEING ORGANIZED

RECRUITING OFFICE OPENED AT MOSER'S STORE AND READY

Laredo Already Has Organized Two Companies and Sent Them Away and Third is Now a Certainty.

Laredo is called upon to organize a troop of cavalry for the new national guard to be formed, and it is very probable that the required number of horsemen will be secured here to make the third complete organization from this city a success. Laredo already has two companies of infantry, the erstwhile Milmo Rifles and the Headquarters Company, in the army service, and with the organization of a cavalry troop here the third unit will be perfected. Besides these there are a hundred or more Laredo young men in various other branches of the army.

Leonard T. Shockley, recruiting agent for the Texas National Guard, bearing credentials from W. B. Tuttle of San Antonio, one of the promoters of the new national guard, is in the city for the purpose of organizing the Laredo troop of cavalry and has established his headquarters at Moser's Store. Those eligible for membership in the troop are those from eighteen to twenty-one years and from thirty-one to forty-one. Members of the first and second classes of the national army who have not yet been called to appear before the exemption board may enlist in the cavalry with the understanding that if they are needed for the national army before entering the new national guard, which is for Texas service, they must go. Commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the troop will be selected according to their ability in leadership, etc.

Letters From Italy.

Mr. L. Bruni has just received two letters from Italy, one from Senator Luigi Pigoni of Rome and the other from Prof. Commendatore Raffaeilo Gistro, director of the Museum of Natural History of Genoa. Both letters say that the great defeat of the Italian soldiers was due to the insidious practices of the astute Germans, rather than to the valor and the arms of the Teutons, and conclude by saying that the defeat was due to a "cowardly treason." But that now the Italians, soldiers and citizens both, are more united than ever, and determined to continue the war while there remain one Bersagliere, one Alpine or one cannon. The letters end in saying that the writers expect much of the noble and valiant Americans, their powerful allies. Mr. Bruni hopes that as the Italians are reunited and consolidated, the allies of other countries will be the same.

SHORTAGE FOOD SUPPLIES IS CAUSING MUCH UNREST

People Are Condemning Carranza for Not Providing Solution of Food Problem and They Are Suffering.

According to information brought here by an American recently arrived from Mexico and whose veracity is unquestioned, perturbed conditions prevail in San Luis Potosi, Guadalajara and other large cities of Mexico where the poorer classes are suffering from lack of food supplies and where much disension is shown. A serious outbreak in different parts of Mexico is momentarily exacted.

The Mexicans who are experiencing some difficulties in securing the necessities of life even at the exorbitant prices asked are said to be expressing pro-German sentiments and blaming Carranza for the food shortage and in very strong terms condemning him for not providing a solution of the food question. It is said that many federal soldiers are aligned with the element condemning the Mexican government for existing conditions. Much privation is reported in various portions of Mexico on account of the shortage of food.

BECKELHYMER ABANDONS PAVING JOBS AWARDED HIM

Evidently Made an Error in His Bid as He Found it Impossible to Do Work at Figure Stated.

At the meeting of the city council held last evening the committee on public parks reported on the opening of bids for paving work on School and Martin Plazas and that the work had been awarded to George Beckelhymer, who was the lowest bidder Since awarding the bids, however, the committee reported that Mr Beckelhymer had abandoned the work and thrown it up.

As there was a great difference in the bids of Beckelhymer and the other bidder, it was decided new plans would be necessary for the work. Though not present at the meeting, it was stated that Clarence Jefferies had a proposition to make the council to do the work on a labor basis, but as Mr. Jefferies had not submitted a proposition the matter was deferred until next meeting. It is very probable that by the next meeting the work will be awarded under some plan and carried on to completion.

CHANGE IN LAW FIRM.

The Times publishes in another column notice of the new law partnership of Hicks, Phelps, Dickson and Bobbitt which announces that Mr. Chas. M. Dickson is now serving in the Aviation Corps in Washington, and that Mr. Robt. L. Bobbit is in the Officers' Training camp in San Antonio, and that Mr. S. T. Phelps is now a partner of the new firm.

Messrs. Marshall and Yale Hicks are well known to the readers of The Times and need no commendation from us, having been associated with the legal business of Laredo and Southwest Texas for more than twenty-five years. Mr. S. T. Phelps is a prominent and able attorney who has been practicing in this district for many years and has the confidence and regard of all who know him. Mr. Phelps will have personal supervision of the office of the firm at Laredo and surrounding territory, and Mr. Yale Hicks will supervise the office in San Antonio while Mr. Marshall Hicks will give his attention to the general business of the firm. Mr. Dickson and Mr. Bobbitt are still members of the firm and will return to their active duties as such when they have done their bit in making the world safe for democracy.

The Laredo offices of the new firm are in the Valls Building in Laredo, and the San Antonio offices are in the Hicks Building in San Antonio. Personal, prompt and efficient service in all legal matters entrusted to them will be given by this firm either in San Antonio, Laredo or Southwest Texas, and either in State or Federal courts.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAY TODAY.

MARCH 6

Dr. Archibald Cary Coolidge, who was appointed to make a special investigation of Red Cross operations and methods in Europe, was born in Boston, 52 years ago today. Dr. Coolidge is a man of wide and varied experiences. He is a well-known professor of Harvard University, who, in addition to teaching history, is in charge of the library interests of the institution. He has made many trips to Europe, South America and other parts of the world to buy almost priceless collections of books for the Harvard library. At other periods of his career he has served in the American legations in Petrograd and has lectured at the leading French and German universities. He has a wide circle of friends among the savants and public men of Europe. Professor Coolidge's specialty is modern history. He is the author of numerous books, one of the best known being "The United States as a World Power."

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The law firm of Hicks, Hicks, Dickson and Bobbitt composed of Marshall Hicks, Yale Hicks, Chas. M. Dickson and Robt. L. Bobbitt announce that on account of the entry into the army of Mr. Dickson, who is now a First Lieutenant in the Aviation Section and stationed at Washington as Adjutant, and of Mr. Bobbitt, who is now in the Officers Training Camp at Camp Travis, Mr. S. T. Phelps, formerly of Pearsall, is now a member of the partnership and the style of the firm name has been changed to Hicks, Phelps, Dickson & Bobbitt.

The San Antotnio and Laredo offices of the firm will be continued as in the past, Mr. Phelps being in personal charge of the Laredo office, Mr. Yale Hicks at the San Antonio office, and Mr. Marshall Hicks will give his attention to the business of the firm at both places as in the past. Mr. Dickson and Mr. Bobbitt will both return to active practice with the firm when the war is over.

3-5-1m.

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a Harmless Substitute.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel — are a mild but sure laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

These pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad after effects. They don't injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They take hold of the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of the teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids. It is best not to take calomel, but to let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Most headaches, "dullness" and that lazy feeling come from constipation and a disordered liver. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "loggy" and "heavy." Note how they "clear" clouded brain and how they "perk up" the spirits. 10c and 25c a box. All druggists.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfield: Editor Phone 76

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.

The Red Cross Surgical Room will be open at 9 o'clock in the morning.

The Nopales Chapter of Nopales Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. J. A. Burnett at 4 in the afternoon.

The Parish Guild of Christt Church will meet with Mrs. Elmer Anderson on the Heights at 3:30 in the afternoon.

The Christian Endeavor Training for Service Class will hold its regular weekly meeting.

Thursday.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist Church will meet with Mrs. Jennings at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet with Mrs. Frank Latttg in the afternoon at 4 at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest.

There will be an executive meeting of the Red Cross at Elks Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

General Mention.

Special Deputy Collector Ed Cotulla is here on a business trip.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Floyd reached Laredo yesterday in their auto, coming from Houston, where they have been residing, and will have apartments at 916 Salinas avenue. They report a splendid trip, the roads being in good condition.

* * *

Mrs. E. J. Pennell expects to leave tomorrow night for Mercedes for a ten days' visit to her son and family.

* * *

Mrs. W. L. Crounse of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city on Sunday morning on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Wilhelmina Werner. She stopped enroute at Little Rock, Ark., and spent the day with Mrs. Hansen and Mrs. Potter, who were the former Misses Brewster.

* * *

Dr. May Foster is expected home this week from San Antonio, where she has been for the past two weeks.

* * *

Rev. W. A. Gardner of Sabinal arrived yesterday. He will assist in the big Union Revival which will be conducted by the Protestant churches in the city.

* * *

Mrs. Albert Martin is in Poteet, visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Ernst.

* * *

The Red Cross class who have been taking lessons in surgical dressing work under the direction of Mrs. Covington of San Antonio, will be examined from two until five o'clock. There are over fifty members in the class.

* * *

Miss Amelia Epstein of Houston is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. A. Cohn.

* * *

Following their regular meeting on last Monday evening, Olive Camp No. 3170, Woodmen of the World, enjoyed a delightful smoker.

* * *

The many friends of Mrs. Chas. F. Yeager will regret to hear that she is reported seriously ill, being threatened with pneumonia.

* * *

Announcement.

The regular social and business meeting of the ladies of the Baptist church will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Jennings, 1915 Houston street.

* * *

Club Notes.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church held its regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon at the Rectory with Mrs. C. W. Cook. After the service and lesson at the church, the children devoted some time to working on their scrap-books. The remainder of the time was spent in play. Those present were Anna May Mussett, Marjorie Fish, Mary Cook, Anita and Ethel Lane, Elizabeth, Charline, Elinor and Miles Nye, George, Bobby and Horace Kehl, Mollie Swartzmann, John Robert Fasnacht, Evans Younkin, Ralph Cook, Kathleen Aldridge, Dorothy and Walter Seamon, and Mrs. Cook.

* * *

Red Cross Notes.

The Tuesday Red Cross Knitters held a very pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon with Miss Annie Pace. This small band of workers are very busily engaged in knitting socks and helmets. Those present were Mesdames Atlee, J. G. Burr, Eistetter, Withoff, J. W. Thompson, Ulmer, Simpson and the hostess.

* * *

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church met with Mrs. R. A. Millar yesterday afternoon, and the time was devoted to knitting. Those present were Mesdames Scovill, Hodges, Smith, Keathley, Mason, Hornburg and Millar.

* * *

Alpha Club.

The Alpha Club met at the home of Mrs. Dario Sanchez yesterday afternoon and devoted the time to knitting for the Red Cross. The members are very busily engaged in making helmets and wristlets. Mrs. Sanchez was the instructor for the afternoon. Those present were Misses Ferrara, Lucia Zuñiga, Otilia and Eloisa Cardenas, Maria Prado, Clotilde Saldaña, Eudelia and Cuca Rodriguez, Ernestina, Elvira and Ofelia Sanchez. The club have set aside Tuesday afternoon of each week as their meeting day and Mrs. MacGregor and Mrs. Sanchez are assisting the young ladies in their work.

* * *

Eastern Star.

At a regular meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., last evening, a social time followed the work of conferring degrees. Refreshments were served and a most enjoyable hour hour was spent. A pleasing feature of the occasion was the presentation of an engraved silver tomato server to Mrs. Ed. Cotulla, one of its faithful and most beloved members, whose departure in the near future for her new home in San Antonio is to be greatly regretted. Mrs. W. B. Heaner, Worthy Matron, made a beautiful and appropriate presentation speech, to which Mrs. Cotulla responded in a most charming manner.

PERSONALS

Mrs. James Wilson is visiting in Corpus Christi as the guest of Mrs. Robert McCulloch.

Mrs. John Reynolds of Corpus Christi is visiting in Laredo as the guest of her daughter, Mrs. F. W. Radeker.

BENDER:—W. A. McTavish, Wm. Eppstein, W. H. Lugdale, San Antonio; F. M. Davies, New York; W. W. Cerswell, St. Louis, Mo.; W. A. Parker and wife, Waco; J. C. Mills, Sommerville; H. B. Barnes, San Antonio; R. A. Carpenter, Dallas; J. S. Lemley, Houston; E. H. Edwards, J. E. Harris, C. V. Brock, San Antonio; J. F. Faust, New Orleans, La.; G. Compton, W. F. Wells, Corpus Christi.

HAMILTON:—Mrs. A. Arriaga and child, Mrs. Dennis, W. L. Dennis, Tampico; J. E. Salas, Saltillo; Juan Gavito, P. Ingojen, Mexico City; Geo. Cooper, Monterey; E. D. Swisher, W. E. Ellis, Tom H. Eckenedge Jr., G. C. Garrette, Paul Sans, San Antonio; Walter Kampman, Cotulla; Mr. and Mrs. Arechlara, Georgia; Lieut. Joe Ryan, Dolores; Capt. A. J. Bassett, Capt. H. E. Ralston, Ft. McIntosh; W. V. Kimerly, Ira Stockton, Giddings; Geo. Kidder Jr., Houston; W. B. Patton, Fowlerton.

TRIAL OF THE MASSES CASE.

New York, March 6.—A notable legal battle is expected to be fought out in the United States district court here next week, when seven editors and writers of The Masses, a radical paper suppressed by the Government in the early part of the war, are brought to trial. The seven defendants have been criminally indicted under the espionage act. Most prominent of the number is Max Eastman, who was editor of the paper. The others are: Merrill Rogers, business manager; Floyd Dell, managing editor; Art Young, cartoonist; M. J. Glimtenkamp, artist; Josephine Bell and John Reed, writers.

Through a nation-wide appeal made by the National Civil Liberties Bureau a large fund has been raised, to aid in the defense of the accused. According to announcement the defendants will be represented in court by Dudley Field Malone and Morris Hillquit.

NATIONAL PARTY ORGANIZES.

Chicago, Ill., March 6.—Permanent organization of the new National Party is to be perfected at a national convention of delegates which assembled at the Hotel Sherman here today. Attendance at the convention includes representatives of prohibition and reform organizations, labor bodies and farmers' organizations in many parts of the country.

After completing the party organization the convention will adopt a platform upon which it will solicit the support of the voters in the State and congressional elections to be held next fall. The platform is expected to embody resolutions indorsing woman suffrage national prohibition, the initiative, referendum and recall, the short ballot, proportional representation, site value taxation, public ownership of public utilities, including grain elevators, and various other reforms calculated to benefit the farmers and the working classes.

VIRGINIA DAIRYMEN.

Winchester, Va., March 6.—Representatives of the Federal food administartion came to Winchester today to discuss war-time problems with members of the Virginia State Dairymen's association and the Virginia State Creamerymen's association. The occasion is the joint annual convention of the two associations, the sessions of which will continue over tomorrow.

STATUTORY PROHIBITION NOW BEFORE THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE FOR PASSAGE

Not Content with Ten-Mile Zone Act, the Legislature is Determined to Enact Statewide Prohibition While the Going is Good—The Substitute Bill is Not so Drastic as the First.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 6.—The statutory prohibition bill which would prohibit the sale, manufacture or giving away of intoxicants in Texas was taken up in the house today. The point raised by Representative Tillotson that the bill was not germane to the governor's call was overruled by Speaker Fuller, who said that he understood the call to mean all liquor questions. A substitute statutory prohibition bill has been drawn up and in view that this was to be called this afternoon the consideration of the first bill was ordered stopped to allow an opportunity to reconcile differences in the two bills. The substitute bill is not so stringent regarding the issuance of liquor for medical purposes.

Beaumont Citizens Protest.

Austin, Tex., March 6.—A telegram signed by 100 Beaumont citizens read in the senate today protested against including ship yards in the ten-mile zone.

JAPAN SATISFIED WITH OUR ATTITUDE

WHILE WE HAVE MADE NO FORMAL STATEMENT JAPAN KNOWS WHERE WE STAND.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 6.—It is authoritatively stated that the United States has sent no communication to Japan on the Siberian question and that any views the United States wishes to express will be conveyed through Great Britain, through which all information has been received. It is said that without any exchange of written communications Japan understands the friendly attitude of the United States and its disposition to take no part.

Petrograd Evacuation Begun.

London, March 6.—The evacuation of Petrograd has begun. A Petrograd despatch dated Tuesday says three state ministers and the population were leaving then. The Bolsheviki propose to move the government to Moscow and declare Petrograd a free port.

Prepared to Withdraw.

Petrograd, March 6.—The Bolsheviki leaders are prepared to withdraw even as far as the Ural mountains rather than submit to the defeat of the revolution, said Leon Trotzky, foreign minister, in an interview today with the Associated Press correspondent.

Krylenko Wants Information.

London, March 6.—The Russian official statement says that Ensign Krylenko, the Bolsheviki commanier in chief, has sent a message to the Teuton chiefs stating that the Germans and Austrians are still fighting, notwithstanding the conclusion of peace. Krylenko asks whether the German commander has taken the necessary steps for the cessation of hostilities.

British Cruiser Torpedoed.

London, March 6.—The British armed merchant cruiser Calgarian was torpedoed and sunk March 1, the admiralty announces. Two officers and 46 men were lost.

American Steamship Beached.

An Atlantic Port, March 6.—The American steamship Armenia, formerly a German merchantman, lies beached and damaged on the British coast, after being torpedoed. The crew arrived here today. A similar attack was made on the Armenia last December.

British Raided Trenches.

London, March 6.—The British raide enemy trenches early this morning east of Bullecourt, capturing some prisoners and two machine guns. Two other raiding operations were successfully carried out. Enemy raiders were repulsed southeast of Gouzeaucourt.

GENERAL MARCH IS CHIEF.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Major General Peyton March today took up his active duties as chief of staff of the army. He said in part: "I am confident of ultimate victory over the German armies, but we must not underestimate the German strength. There is no pessimism at the front. The boys are doing the fighting and don't lack confidence. They are ready to fight. One who has not seen French soldiers in service or French women work cannot understand the French spirit. It will never be crushed."

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mrs. Selman Kempf, of Eagle Colo., is an expert in mine prospecting.

Vassar College is to conduct a training camp for nurses this summer.

The American Y. M. C. A. has opened a hotel in Paris especially for American women.

Women section hands employed by the Lehigh Valley railroad recently went on a strike for increased wages.

A bureau to supply woman labor to farmers is to be organized by the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

JOHN REDMOND DEAD.

By Associated Press.

London, March 6.—John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, died this morning. Death was due to heart failure, following an operation performed last Friday.

CALL NEGRO TROOPS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Seventy thousand negro troops will be called to the army soon. They are mostly from the Southern states. The call has been delayed awaiting warm weather in the Northern training camps.

TELEGRAPHERS VOLUNTEER.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—A battalion of 230 railroad telegrapher volunteers is ready for service abroad. All but one of the officers and a majority of the enlisted men are employes of the Pennsylvania railroad. They consist of division operators, train despatchers, block signal operators, telegraphers, electricians, linemen and others. Their duties will be construction and maintenance of telegraph lines of communication for portions of the American expeditionary forces in France.

DUE TO AMERICANS.

Special to The Times.

London, March 6.—Sir Eric Geddes, speaking to the house of commons, said: "Our allies are making every effort to insure the production of ships. Undoubtedly considerable time must elapse before the desired output is attained." It is announced that Brazilian warships will soon join the allies' naval forces. "For some months, we believe," he added, "the Americans are sinking submarines faster than they are built. The greatest successes recently are due to the Americans."

GERMANS MUSN'T ROAM.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—The department of justice has issued a statement informing unnaturalized Germans in the United States that they are not to be permitted to roam the country, although registered under the alien enemy law. They are warned that they are subject to interment. The house of representatives has passed a legislative measure including German women among enemy aliens. The department of justice favored such action. Women were previously specifically exempted from operation of the enemy alien law. German women have been found taking advantage of their sex immunity. The measure now awaits the senate's approval.

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ASSOCIATION.

Atlantic City, N. J., March 6.—The need and opportunity which the war presents for the reorganization of the world under religious ideals is the general theme under discussion at the fifteenth annual convention of the Religious Education Association now in session here. Participating in the convention are many churchmen and educators of wide reputation.

FORMER SOLDIER IS CHARGED WITH THEFT

FRENCHMAN ARRESTED ON A CHARGE OF OBTAINING MILLIONS BY FRAUDULENT CONTRACTS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 6.—On a warrant by the French embassy charging larceny of from $3,500,000 to $6,000,000 from the French government by means of truck and automobile contracts, Frank Goldsall, formerly a private in the French army, was arrested today. The authorities were asked to return him to France.

Condemn La Follette.

Madison, Wis., March 6.—The resolution condemning Senator La Follette passed by a vote of 32 to 32 in the state assembly this afternoon after a 24-hour deadlock.

Government Control of Packing.

Washington, March 6.—Government control and operation of the packing industry during the war was suggested by Senator Kenyon of Iowa before the senate agriculture committee today.

Complain of Sears-Roebuck.

Washington, March 6.—The federal trade commission has issued a complaint against Sears-Roebuck Company, charging unfair methods of competition. The firm is summoned to answer the charge of advertising sugar at an actual loss on condition that other groceries be bought for which the profit combined made up for the loss on the sugar.

Agreement on Railriads.

Washington, March 6.—Agreement on government control of railroads for 21 months after the war was reached by the conferees on the railroad bill. The rate-making authority will be finally settled at the conference tonight.

MAY FORCE STRIKE.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Failing to secure the approval of navy representatives, the emergency fleet corporation and the metal trades unions of the proposal to place a spokesman of the carpenters on the wage adjustment committee in shipbuilding disputes, President Hutcheson of the carpenters announced that he would appeal to President Wilson. "If he does nothing, we are through," he said. Asked if that meant a strike, he answered: "How do I know?" He said the men only returned to work last month in response to the president's appeal.

AIR CRAFT PROGRAM.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Further appropriations of $450,000,000 for the army aircraft program are asked of congress by the war department in addition to the $640,000,000 already spent. The senate committee was informed that $200,000,000 were immediately required. The aim is to make the United States supreme in the air on its battle front sectors. The largest item, $45,000,000, is for barracks and quarters. President Wilson in a formal proclamation forbids private flying in the United States and possessions after March 30. The proclamation says: "License must be obtained from the joint army and navy board on aeronautics cognizance by any person who contemplates flying in a balloon or airplane near any military or naval forces, camp, battery, torpedo station, arsenal, ammunition factory, navy yard, coaling, wireless or signal station."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

From Thursday's Daily.

BETTER RAIL TRANSPORTATION.

Without entering into the reasons, it is announced that the increase in rail transportation since the United States entered the war has been phenomenal. There is nothing to indicate how much the business has increased since the government took over the railroad, but it is no doubt of equal magnitude.

During the year 1917 the lines of the country carried 60 per cent more freight than they did in 1916, which latter is acknowledged to be a record year. The freight service increased 1,903,193,581 ton miles.

The passenger service also increased, the roads carrying ten per cent more passengers than they did during the previous year. The railroads' revenue increased nearly 12 per cent, although there was great congestion for several months owing to freight embargoes, snow and other disturbing factors.

If this does not point to eventual government ownership, we are mistaken. That the railroads, despite the enormous increase in the demands made upon their facilities, could increase their service and show so surprising an increase in efficiency under government management means that the government control was responsible for the improvement.

In past times there has been a great congestion of freight at times, although it was proved upon investigation that the obstruction of the employes and the natural tendency of the employers to retaliate was mainly responsible for the trouble.

Since the government control began there have been no strikes, which is one item in favor of government ownership. True, the employes have with reluctance been won to adopt the government view that a strike would be anti-patriotic, but that the government has any influence at all is proof of the benefit of government control.

The bill which is expected to be passed by congress limiting government control to twenty-one months after peace is declared shows that even congress is not deceived by the truce now existing, and indicates that the congressmen want to give sufficient leeway to consider the question of government ownership while still holding the upper hand.

If the government finally decides to take over the railroads, which is not a remote possibility, it will have to consider the matter of compensation from a different angle than that usually taken by congress.

Government employes, even postmasters, are notoriously ill-paid. And the rule of government which prevents government employes to combine or to call strikes, while a wise provision, means that the government will not secure sufficient men to run the railways without assuring them an adequate wage contract.

The difference will be that the railroad question will no longer be dominated by the unions, but that each man will have to demonstrate his ability and accept the government wage scale without any recourse to a strike committee for redress of his supposed grievances.

The interstate commerce commission, that bugaboo of so many shippers, will cease to exist. The freight and passenger rates will be decided after the fashion of the postal rates, and when, as is certain to follow, the telegraphs and telephone companies are also taken over by the government, there will be no transportation problem which will not be solved by a congressional committee.

It may be that it will be for the good of the people. It may be that the opponents of government ownership are correct in their contention that the people will not stand any dictation from the central government in questions of individual rights. But one thing is certain, and that is that government ownership of public facilities is coming, sooner or later. The war may bring it, or it may be delayed for some years afterward. But it is as inevitable as the democracy of the world.

COMPETITION AND WAR.

Everything that has been done since the war began has tended to eliminate duplication of effort and competition. The greatest trust the world ever saw could not compete with the government in methods of eliminating waste and of monopolizing materials and machinery.

Editor Lorimer of the Saturday Evening Post says: "Our anti-trust laws, in the spirit in which they were framed and have been administered, are going to the scrap heap, however loath professional politicians may to give up its favorite occupation of trust-busting. We have got to unsay that unrestrained competition is the only mode of doing the nation's business. Even now we all know it is not true. Every step we have taken to get greater efficiency out of the industrial machines has been in the opposite direction."

It is said that the Civil War was the creator of our trusts, and that all our "iniquitous" corporations came from that epoch. And if that was true of so loosely handled a war machine as that of the sixties, what will result from the co-ordination and the co-operation of the present war?

Every function of government is based upon monopoly. Even the lawmakng function, to be of any value has to be centralized, for if each municipality, county or state were to be permitted to make laws for the rest of the country, the result would be chaos. Even as it is, the conflicting laws of the various states have caused great annoyance and some confusion in our courts.

The war and navy departments have to be run like some great corporation, with a single head and a single mind. The treasury department has a monopoly of its own peculiar functions, and so have all the other executive departments.

And the co-ordination of effort is bringing such results as to astonish those who insist that the only way to run the world is by unrestrained competition. The fallacy of this is proven in the present crisis, when centralization of power in the hands of a few men is accomplishing what no competition on earth would do.

There is still much to be done in the art of conducting a great war with the least possible waste. The industrial machine is smoothly running, while the legislative machine is still depending upon duplication of effort and individual rights which are confussing the administration and causing great waste, not only of money, but of time and effort.

After all, our investigations into the operation of most of the trusts have convinced us that they are merely making more money because they are run in an economical manner, and the comparatively small executive and administrative forces means less waste and therefore a greater gain.

The government now finds it necessary to create monopolies where none existed before, and to aid those already existing in enlarging the scope of their actions. And the people are seeing that the centralization of an industry means cheaper output, while increasing the profits.

The return to peace of the man power and the industrial concerns will mean a devotion to peace time effort which will be more thoroughly co-ordinated than anything the world has ever seen. It will be like the German industrial machine except that it will be run for the benefit of the people, not that of a few privileged persons. And it will not be devoted to war, but to the advancement of peace and prosperity of all.

It is probable that some time in the future such corporations as Standard Oil and International Harvester will be considered mere pikers in the business world. The centralization of industry will make the food, clothing and other necessities of the people cheaper, while it will still leave a working profit to both employer and employe.

MORE MECHANICS ARE ADDED TO LIST OF SHIPBUILDERS

Ladies of the Navy League Auxiliary Have Done Much in Increasing List of Available Men.

The action of the ladies connected with the Navy League co-operating with the Laredo Counsel of Defense has had the good effect of adding nine more mechanics to the shipbuilding campaign. Laredo now has about seventy mechanics enrolled for the shipbuilding work who hold themselves in readiness to answer the call of the shipbuilding board and engage in shipbuilding operations in short notice.

The campaign in this regard in Laredo is the result of the work of the "Four-Minute Men," R. K. Mims, chairman; the Counsel of Defense, J. R. Moore, chairman, and the Laredo Chamber of Commerce, J. W. Kenney, secretary. These have received invaluable assistance from C. N. Idar, who addressed the mechanics in their native tongue and through his sincere words brought about influence that conduced to adding stimulus to the campaign.

EN ROUTE TO WASHINGTON LAREDO DELEGATES LEAVE

Messrs. Davis and Mally, Representing Webb County on Onion Growers Committee, Take Departure.

John H. Davis, as the representative of the Webb county onion growers, and Prof. F. W. Mally county agent, as the special representative of the Webb County Farmers Association, who will act in an advisory capacity to the Southwest Texas onion growers committee going to Washington to confer with Food Administrator Hoover, left last night for San Antonio.

The members of the Southwest Texas onion growers committee from the five respective counties represented by delegates, met in San Antonio today and in a body leave tonight for Houston, where they confer with State Food Administrator Peden tomorrow, leaving Houston tomorrow night for Washington. Prof. Mally will endeavor to get C. N. Ousley, director of the extension service of the A. & M. and assistant secretary of agriculture, to take his place at Houston and accompany the committee to Washington, as Prof. Mally is desirous of getting back here as soon as possible and attend to much important business needing his personal attention.

Take HERBINE for indigestion. It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by all durggists. x

ACTIVITY OF NON-PARTISANS.

St. Paul, Minn., March 7.—The prediction made some time ago that the National Non-Partisan League, following the successful culmination of its efforts to gain political control of North Dakota, the State of its birth, would seek to make its influence felt in other States, is being fulfilled in a manner that is already causing the leaders of other political parties in this section to sit up and take notice.

While the Non-Partisan propaganda has been carried into Iowa, South Dakota and even as far distant as New York and Maine, it is in Minnesota that the greatest activity of the league organizers is now displayed. Following a convention held in this city last fall, the organizers have been carrying their campaign into every county of the State. The organization meetings held in the various county seats have been as lively as any politician could wish for. The spread of the movement has only served to increase the intensity of the opposition, which in some localities has led to forcible attempts to break up the league meetings. Recently public interest in the movement has been aroused to a high pitch by charges from the opposition that the Non-Partisan League is disloyal to the nation in the war. Needless to say, these charges have been vigorously refuted by the Non-Partisan leaders, who declare that the accusation of disloyalty shows to what lengths the opposition is willing to go in a desperate endeavor to check the spread of the Non-Partisan movement. Notwithstanding these denials, however, the charge of disloyalty has taken root in many localities, with the result that in some places the Non-Partisan speakers have met with open threats of personal violence if they persisted in their attempts to hold organization meetings.

The storm-center of the campaign is A. C. Townley, president of the National Non-Partisan League and the active director of the movement to organize the farmers and working classes of Minnesota along the same lines that have brought victory to the league in the neighboring State of North Dakota. Mr. Townley is generally regarded as the "brains" of the Non-Partisan league. At any rate he is the active well as the titular head of the organization and undoubtedly has much to do with its success in North Dakota.

President Townley is a native of Traverse county, Minnesota. His formal education was closed when he was graduated from a high school. With what capital he could raise he migrated for North Dakota, bought a homestead, and began to grow flax, instead of wheat. In a few years he was known as "the Flax King of the State," and in 1909 his acreage of flax amounted to 9,000 acres. A turn in events lost for him his harvest from this crop, and compelled him to start at the bottom again.

It was at this time that his thoughts tunned to the economic and political aspects of his vocation and that of his fellow-laborers on the farms of the Northwest. A radical transformation of social conditions through collaboration of the farmers and the labor forces was his aim. Severe taxation of "profiteers" furnished one of the chief planks of his platform. He conceived a distinctly class or group propaganda which would put the State under the political control of the farmers, and in a surprisingly short time he saw his conception take form.

In the last State election in North Dakota the league was successful in gaining control of a large proportion the public offices. In the campaign about to begin it will endeavor to gain a majority influence on the State supreme bench and will also endeavor to elect a United States senator and representatives in Congress.

Now the league, figuring that it has virtually pocketed North Dakota, is busy in the adjoining States, and its most recent activities give unmistakable signs of its intention to make its influence felt in national affairs.

CITY ELECTION IS CALLED TO BE HELD ON APRIL 2d.

Complete List of Municipal Officers Will Be Chosen; No Opposition to the Present Incumbents.

On Tuesday, April 2, a regular election will be held in this city for the election of municipal officers to serve for the ensuing two years, the officers to be elected at that time being a major, city secretary, city tax collector, city treasurer, city marshal, city attorney and two aldermen from each of the four wards of the city.

The present incumbents, so far as known, have no opposition for the places they hold in the city government and it is believed that there will be no second ticket put in the field this year. The proclamation calling the election has been promulgated by Mayor McComb.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 7.

1707—Stephen Hopkins, signer of the Declaration of Independence, born at Scituate, R. I. Died at Providence, July 13, 1785.

1791—Goold Brown, the most celebrated of American grammarians, born at Providence, R. I. Died at Lynn, Mass., March 31, 1857.

1850—British Government offered $100,000 to any party of any country that should render efficient assistance to the missing crews of Sir John Franklin's Arctic expedition.

1865—Hugh McCulloch of Indiana was appointed secretary of the treasury in Lincoln's cabinet.

1867—Congress voted a gold medal to Cyrus Field as a recognition of his services in laying the Atlantic cable.

1890—International conference met in Berlin to discuss plans for improving the condition of the working classes.

1898—New cabinet formed in Austria by Count Thun.

1900—Queen Victoria ordained that Irish regiments, in recognition of gallantry in South Africa, should wear shamrock on St. Patrick's Day.

1906—Princess Ena of Battenberg (now Queen Victoria of Spain) was received into the Roman Catholic church.

THE WAR:—

1915—French troops attacked German positions in the Vosges.

1916—Germans advanced at Verdun with terrible sacrifice of life, taking the village of Fresnes.

1917—Irish Nationalists demanded immediate application of the Home Rule Law.

DISCUSS VOCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES.

Norton, Mass., March 7.—The second intercollegiate conference on vocational opportunities opened at Wheaton College today and will continue over tomorrow. The list of speakers is headed by Dr. Philander P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, and Miss Julia C. Lathrop of the children's bureau of the Department of Labor, Washington.

Children who have worms are pale, cross, fretful, and sickly most of the time. To rid the little body of these parasites WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is an approved remedy. When the worms have been driven out the child grows strong, healthy and robust Price 25c per bottle Sold by all druggists. x

CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royse City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Killman, of this place, says; "After the birth of my little girl...my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me...but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable...I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up in a knot...

I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it... I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me... for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this."

Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial. J. 71

FIFTY YEARS AGO A PARTY OF SISTERS ARRIVED HERE

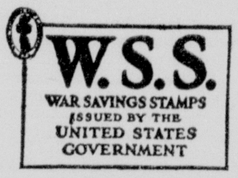
AND LATER THEY FOUNDED INSTITUTION OF LEARNING.

The Members Were of the Ursuline Order, and Through Many Vicissitudes They Finally Triumphed.

Just half a century ago next month, back in those days when the Texas frontier was the mecca for many characters who roved at will and committed depredations that terrorized the inhabitants, a party of God's noblest women devoted to a religious life and who live under imperishable vows of poverty, chastity and obedience, arrived in Laredo to include this city on the border in their field of effort. Those good women in their robes of black were Sisters of the Ursuline Order.

It was with difficulty, no doubt, that they established their order here back yonder in the yesteryears of fifty years ago, but it has never been known where determination and good intention of the kind that they demonstrated ever failed. Within a short time a little school was established here, and this in later years developed into the Ursuline Academy. There are men and women in Laredo today who can let their minds revert to the days when they were pupils of the good sisters. Though some now have "silver threads among the gold" adorning their heads, they can remember how as little tots they attended the Ursuline Academy and there learned the rudiments that gave them their education, of how through the intervening years they labored to master the curriculum of the institution and finally how the proudest day of their lives arrived and they received diplomas of graduation. These thoughts bring happy memories to Laredo people who attended the school of the good sisters years ago and they will help to make the golden jubilee of the institution all that it should be.

Fifty years has been a long time, especially when the early days of the founding of the institution here were fraught with so many vicissitudes and hardships, but these were all met and overcome in that formidable and honest manner in which the Ursuline Sisters, pioneers in educational institutions all over the world, are capable of coping with and overcoming those obstacles. Today the institution conducted by the Ursuline Sisters is a credit to Laredo.



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF RED CROSS HELD MEETING

Considerable Business of Importance to Members Transacted at Session Session Held Last Evening.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross was held last night and much business of importance was transacted. A letter was read from the headquarters in St. Louis giving information about the second war fund campaign to be carried on from May 6 to 13. The committee appointed Asher R. Smith as manager for the war fund campaign.

A letter was read from the director of nursing telling of the duties of the women of America in this respect. A public health nurse will arrive in Laredo on Sunday morning to remain for two weeks or more.

The committee extended thanks to M. Little for use of room, Mrs. Slaughter for meals, Mr. Soltau for use of room in annex of the Bender for hospital garments, Mr. Stowers and Mr. Dubin for loan of chiffoniers for surgical dressings room for period of war.

Reports were made on the organization of Junior Auxiliaries of the Red Cross in the public schools and the Catholic schools of the city.

A letter from Mrs. Covington recommending Mrs. R. B. Lee as supervisor of surgical dressing work was favorably acted upon.

The report of R. K. Mims read to the meeting showed that the chapter had about $1,100 in the treasury.

Mrs. L. Nelson, Henry Borchers, Alfred Poggenpohl, Mrs. R. A. Millar —— Northmore and J. E. Trout were named as a civilian relief committee.

The executive committee extended a vote of thanks to Mrs. Covington for her work in the surgical dressing room during the past two weeks.

COST SYSTEM FOR MOTOR TRUCKS.

New York, March 7.—The adoption of a standard operating and cost system for motor trucks is to be one of the important subjects taken up at the National Truck Owners' conference, which met today at the Waldorf-Astoria. The conference will continue its sessions over tomorrow and Saturday.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

BRANDS REPORT A BUGABOO; NUEVO LAREDO NOT HUNGRY

ABUNDANCE OF PROVISIONS OF ALL KINDS ARE THERE.

In Fact Personal Investigation Shows Surplus Supply of Flour and Lard in the Stores There.

Refuting the story published to the effect that Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, was in a bad shape on account of lack of food supplies and that the people of that place are on the verge of starvation, official information given out today branded the story as a "bugaboo" that had no foundation.

The official giving the information stated that he had made a personal investigation to determine the true condition of affairs in Nuevo Laredo and visited the various business establishments of that place. He says that at no place visited did he find the scarcity of supplies reported by stocks being depleted, but that there was a plentiful supply and even surplus of flour and lard obtained from Laredo, San Antonio and Austin and these goods all bear the brands of leading merchants of these cities. All these are in addition to the allotment of provisions allowed weekly to be exported from this city by the customs department, which allows each head of a family in Nuevo Laredo to secure a weekly allotment of corn, flour, sugar, lard, beans, etc., and cards for this purpose are issued to heads of families, each card good for three months.

With this weekly allowance of food supplies from the American side for use of families, and the considerable surplus of lard and flour on hand in the grocery establishments of Nuevo Laredo, the canard about starvation confronting the people of that city is erroneous. Besides the weekly allotments of food from the American side of the river, the supplies on hand in Nuevo Laredo, the people of that city have also recently received allotments of 1,200 bushels of corn per week by the committee of necessities of Mexico City, which secured a large quantity of corn for the relief of the food situation through special arrangement with Washington authorities. This corn is being sold by the Mexican government to the consumers in Nuevo Laredo at cost plus eight per cent. Previously the price of corn on the local markets of Nuevo Laredo was quite high, but since the arrival of the first shipment of the government corn there a big drop in price has resulted, and the price tumbled from 26 cents per kilo to 11 cents per kilo, saving the people of that place nine cents per kilo on corn, the prime food of the poorer classes.

Besides a good supply of provisions, the dealers of Nuevo Laredo have large sopplies of fruits and vegetables on hand at all times. Hence there is no imminent danger of starvation in Nuevo Laredo, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

People Don't Get Supplies.

From the above it is inferred that the merchants of Nuevo Laredo are hoarding flour and lard and other supples, for there is a demand for them from the people of that city, but they must come to this side to get what they need. One government official stated after having his attention called to the above information about a surplus of lard and flour being on hand in Nuevo Laredo, that he knew the people of Nuevo Laredo were suffering for want of food supplies after securing them from this side. There is therefore no starvation from "lack of supplies in Nuevo Laredo," but from "refusal to sell the provisions on hand."

HERBINE cures constipation and reestablishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists. r

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

DRIVE AWAY HEADACHE

Rub Musterole on Forehead and Temples

A headache remedy without the dangers of "headache medicine." Relieves headache and that miserable feeling from colds or congestion. And it acts at once! Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Better than a mustard plaster and does not blister. Used only externally, and in no way can it affect stomach and heart, as some internal medicines do.

Excellent for sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, all pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

LITTLE LOCALS

—Four carloads of ixtle were among the "follow-up" importations from Mexico yesterday.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-tf.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—First Lieutenant A. B. Zooman, who left today on his return to Camp Stanley, disposed of his interest in the Laredo Electric & Telephone Supply Co. to P. Floyd.

—A. S. Hiatt, representing Thos. Goggan Bros., San Antonio, Phone 150, Travelers Hotel. New and second-hand pianos for sale just like rent. 3-6-2t.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced. 3-5-tf.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's. 3-2-1m.

—County Clerk J. A. Rodriguez and Justo S. Penn, who accompanied County Judge Geo. R. Page to San Antonio on Sunday, returned to Laredo this morning and report that when they left Judge Page he was very much improved and was doing nicely at the P. & S. Hospital.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot. 3-4-5t.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modtrn machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—The Times is requested to state that any parties having a surplus of flower seeds, shrubs or vines can dspose of them to a worthy cause, as the soldiers at Kelly field want them for beautification of the grounds there. Those having any seed, etc., which they care to donate to the boys in khaki should send them to "Landscape Engineer, Kelly Field, South San Antonio."

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-10t.

—When wanting milk phone 356. 1-22-tf.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Miss Baugh, a public health nurse from Austin, has been assigned to Laredo and will deliver a series of lectures at the public schools here, beginning next week.

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage, tel. 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed. 8-11-tf.

—A list has been circulated and signed by the merchants of the city agreeing to close their places of business at 6 o'clock each evening, except on Saturdays, when they will close at the usual hour.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street. 2-14-1m.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

Farmers and others who live at a distance from a drug store should keep in the house a bottle of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It may be needed at any time for cuts, wounds, sores, sprains or rheumatism. It is a powerfull healing and penetrating remedy. Price 25, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x



Modern Homes and Bungalows

Book of 50 different designs and plans for $1.50 postpaid. This book is 7x9 inches and contains 64 pages, homes costing from $2,000.00 to $18,000.00. Be sure to get this book before building

H. M. MILLER, Architect
Roanoke, Va.

THE ECONOMY GROCERY STORE

NEW AND SANITARY GROCERY

Phone 637

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

1320 HIDALGO ST.

We solicit your patronage and promise service, satisfaction and promptness.

BLACK LEAF "40"
FOR ONION THRIPS

UNION MERCANTILE COMPANY

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 8.

1726—Earl Howe, the British admiral who commanded a fleet in American waters during the Revolution, born in London. Died Aug. 5, 1799.

1785—Gen. Henry Knox was appointed secretary of the army and of the navy.

1799—Simon Cameron, Lincoln's first secretary of war, born in Lancaster, Pa. Died there, June 26, 1889.

1815—British ship Tiber captured the American privateer Lee.

1844—Expedition under John C. Fremont reached Sutter's fort, in California.

1846—American army under Gen. Zachary Taylor broke camp at Corpus Christi and started for the Rio Grande.

1865—The construction of a canal to connect Amsterdam with the North Sea was begun.

1889—John Ericsson, inventor of the Monitor, died in New York city. Born in Sweden, July 31, 1802.

1897—Mrs. Eunice White Beecher, widow of Henry Ward Beecher, died at Stamford, Ot.

1906—Six hundred Moros were killed in battle with American troops and constabulary near Jolo.

THE WAR:—

1915—Austrians claimed further victories over the Russians in the Carpathians.

1916—Germany declared war on Portugal.

1917—British commission appointed to investigate the disastrous Dardanelles campaign made its report.

W.S.S.

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

STRAIGHTEN THAT BENT BACK.

No need to suffer from that tired, dead ache in year back, that lameness, those distressing urinary disorders. Laredo people have found how to get relief. Follow this Laredo resident's example.

E. T. Ramon, merchant, 1619 Lincoln St., says: "I have suffered from attacks of backache for some time. I have had dull throubing pains through my kidneys, so I couldn't stoop or straighten up without suffering greatly. When one of those attacks has come on, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have never failed to remove the trouble. Doan's relieve the pain and make me feel better generally."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ramon had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo. N. Y.

PERSONALS

D. D. Davis of Dolores was a visitor in the city yesterday.

W N. Young is in the city from his ranch for a short visit.

BENDER:—M. Holland, New Orleans, La.; A. W. Hunt, M. J. Castro, R. M. Emerson, Claude G. Mathews, F. A. Cox, San Antonio; Harry Wright and wife, J. Clydes, wife and family, New York; Will A. Davis, Ludlow; Jack Fryer. Denver, Colo.; M. London, St. Louis, Mo.; G. H. Copeland, Tampico; H. C. Hart, Houston; C. W. Heller and wife, Hebbronville; P. R. De elly, San Antonio.

HAMILTON:—T. M. Little, Clarendon; J. N. Petralia, Zapata; M. M. Uribe, Rio Grande; C. E. Wallace, San Antonio; R. B. Houston, W. R. Fisher, Kansas City, Mo.; H. Lee, N. Laredo; L. V. Stewart and wife, Payette, Idaho; O. B. Crowe, Geo. D. Moyer, E. Z. Burns, J. B. Hazelrigg, Mrs. E. W. Knight, Miss Nellie Mathews, J. W. Grimes and family, San Antonio; L. A. Smith, Houston; W. G. Hamilton, Cleveland, Ohio.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Washington, D. C., has a woman telephone lineman.

The Joan of Arc monument in Riverside Drive is the only public memorial statue of a woman in New York city.

Women comprise more than 80 per cent of all the teachers employed in the common schools of the United States.

The number of women automobile drivers in the United States is believed to have more than doubled the past year.

The oldest American college fraternity for women is the Alpha Delta Pi, founded at Wesleyan Female College in 1851.

Harriet Prescott Spofford, one of the oldest of American women authors of prominence, will enter upon her 84th year next month.

William and Mary College, the second oldest educational institution in America, has been opened to women students by action of the Virginia legislature.

It is just 40 years since the University of London opened its doors to women students, the first prominent educational institution in England to take such action.

Miss Elizabeth Langsdale Duvall, the only licensed woman radio operator in the United States, has applied for enlistment in that capacity in the United States Navy.

Women employed as chief operators with the United States Army Telephone Unit in France will receive a salary of $125 a month, together with the rations and quarters accorded to army nurses.

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Monday, March 11th

Matinee 2:45 p. m. Night 8 p. m.

D. W. Griffith's Military Spectacle

"The Birth of a Nation"

18000 People



3000 Horses

COST $500,000

5000 Scenes

SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 15 PIECES

Entire Lower Floor Reserved	50c:	War Tax 5c
Balcony (not reserved)	25c.	" " 3c
BOX SEATS	75c.	" " 8c

Children under 12 years, any seat 25c at MATINEE ONLY

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.

The Lone Star Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Honor Guard Girls will meet with Miss Belle Westbrook at 4:30 in the afternoon.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Charles Hopkins, 905 Cortez Street, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 1 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the League room of the Methodist Church in the evening at the regular time.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 2 will meet at Fireman's Hall at 7:30 in the evening.

Saturday.

The Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Junior Scouts will hold their weekly meeting at the League Room in the Methodist Church at the regular hour.

Boy Scouts of Troop No. 3 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Fireman's Hall at 7 o'clock in the evening.

• • •

He filled the crystal goblet
With golden-beaded wine:
"Come, comrades, now, I bid ye—
To the true love of mine!

"Her forehead's pure and holy,
Her hair is tangled gold,
Her heart to me is tender,
To others' love is cold.

"So drain your glasses empty
And fill me another yet;
Two glasses at least for the dearest
And sweetest girl, Lisette."

Up rose a grizzled sergeant—
"My true love I give thee,
Three loves blent in one love,
A soldier's trinity.

"Here's to the flag we follow,
Here's to the land we serve,
And here's to the holy honor
That doth the two preserve."

Then rose they up around him,
And raised their eyes above,
And drank in solemn silence
Unto the sergeant's love.
—Edward Wentworth Hazewell.

• • •

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Buenz will leave today for San Antonio and New Braunfels to visit relatives.

• • •

Mrs. F. S. Ulmer has returned to her home in Houston, after a pleasant visit to Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ulmer.

• • •

Mrs. Ira O'Meara has as her guests her mother and sister, Mrs. G. G. Cavender of Van Horn, and Mrs. Horace Wood, of Asherton. They arrived yesterday and will remain for a week's stay.

• • •

Captain Rinearson has returned from Zapata, where he has been for the past two months.

• • •

Mr. Ed. Cotulla of San Antonio is in the city for a short visit to his family.

• • •

Club Notes.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church met with Mrs. Frank Lattig yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest for a business and social meeting. Mrs. Earnest led the meeting and the subjects for discussion were "Sunday School Extensions and Young People's Societies." At the conclusion of the study hour a delightful social time was enjoyed in which the hostess served an ice course and cake. Those present were Mesdames Sweatman, Windrow, Borchers, H. M. Austin, Cotulla, Wharton, Poole, Sutton, Hansen, Pratt, Butler, Spear, Hudson, Buttron and Earnest.

• • •

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist Church held a business and social meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Jennings. At the conclusion of the business session the hostess served delicious cream and cake. Those present were Mesdames Abshear, Burr, Sallee, Moore, Smith Bergman, Wharton, Landrum, Trout, Windrow, Craig, Horner, Wilkes, Mann, Henry, Campbell, Ince, Ulmer, Heaner, and Miss Pace. Mrs. Fraly was the guest of the afternoon.

• • •

What to Eat at Present.

We eat entirely too much meat as a nation, and now is an excellent time to cure ourselves of the habit. Eat more fish, poultry, eggs (they will soon be both plentiful and cheap), cheese, milk, dried beans, dried peas, peanuts, etc. Use cottonseed oil, corn oil and peanut oil in cooking and save fats. Germany is feeling the need of fats more than any other article of food. We are exceedingly fortunate in having so many good substitutes.

YEARS OF TROUBLE ENDED AND SHE HAS GAINED 15 POUNDS

"MY FRIENDS SAY I'M LOOKING YEARS YOUNGER" SHE SAYS—TANLAC BRINGS RELIEF.

"When I began taking Tanlac I had been down in bed for three months and just think of it, I'm feeling as strong and healthy as I ever felt in my life," said Mrs. Mollie J. Lord, who resides at the East Denver High School, Denver, Colorado, in an interview recently. Mrs. Lord has lived in Denver for the past twenty-five years, her husband has been in charge of the East Denver High School building for twenty-two years and they are highly respected by all who know them.

"Years ago," continued Mrs. Lord, "I had an attack of bronchitis from which I contracted catarrh of the head and stomach. The trouble got a firm grip on me because for a long time I tried to make myself believe I didn't have catarrh, but at last I realized I was in a bad fix. My nose and throat were feverish and the mucus collecting in my throat would nauseate and almot choke me. My stomach got in such a bad condition I couldn't even eat potatoes or toast. In fact, everything would sour almost as soon as I had eaten it and the gas caused such a burning and fluttering around my heart that I was afraid I had heart trouble. Sleep seemed impossible for me. I would toss and roll in bed and have to jump up every little while so I could get my breath. My kidneys worried me constantly and my back hurt me so bad at times it felt like it would break in two.

"I doctored and took everything I heard of but kept getting worse until I just had to give up and go to bed. I never got any better until I began taking Tanlac and it certainly has been a Godsend to me. I can tell from the way my clothes fit that I have gained all of fifteen pounds and I have not only gotten entire relief from the catarrh in both my head and stomach, but my kidneys are also in perfect condition and I don't have any more pain in my back. I go to sleep as soon as I get in bed and sleep soundly all night long. My stomach never troubles me now and, in fact, it's such a pleasure to be able to eat what I want without suffering afterwards. And since the gas stopped forming all the burning sensation and palpitation of the heart is gone. My friends say I'm looking years younger and I can certainly endorse Tanlac in the highest terms, and expect to always have it on hand in case I should need it."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

Fats supply energy, and our soldiers and allies must have them both for food and for explosives (glycerine).

When Gifford Pinchot was studying forestry in the interests of the government, he necessarily made frequent excursions of long duration into our forests. His main diet on these occasions was raisins and nuts. He managed to take a wonderful amount of physical labor without feeling the need of meat at all.

Prof. Kellogg, whom many Laredo people pleasantly remember as having been here during the encampment of the militia in our city, told of many endurance tests he made in connection with his Japanese students while he was instructed in a Japanese college for young men. Rice was their main diet and no meat was eaten. Prof. Kellogg has been a rice enthusiast ever since.

During the times of Marcus Aurelius, when scholars banded together for serious study, they tabooed all rich foods and especially meat. Isn't this a thought worthy of consideration?

Perhaps some of our "heaviness" is attributable to our meat habit. Let us hope for an improvement during the war. I am sure life would be more worth living!

Cornmeal mush, oatmeal, rice and homity grits are decidedly cheaper than prepared breakfast foods. Even if a large package of cereal costs only 15c, if it weighs only one-fourth of a pound, that means 60c a pound for cereal, or eight to ten times more than that prepared at home!

Cold oatmeal sliced and fried is as good as cold corn mush prepared the same way. Try a little originality in your recipes. Even if "hubby" should call your tea cakes "all day suckers," don't be discouraged. We have to win this fight.

The next demonstration of the Heights Civic Club will be at Mrs. J. R. Moore's next Monday at 4 o'clock.—Contributed.

STAR ATHLETES IN BIG MEET.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 8.—One of the greatest aggregations of military athletes seen this winter will strive for honors in the annual indoor games of the Meadowbrook Club of this city, scheduled for tonight and tomorrow. Numerous naval stations and Army cantonments throughout the East and South will be represented by the stars of the competitive firmament. The soldiers and sailors, in fact, will monopolize the two-day program, only a few special events being left open to outside athletes. A leading feature of the program will be the relay championships of the army, navy and aviation corps.

MERCHANT GIVEN ANOTHER CHANCE BY FOOD CHIEF

BLACK LIST ORDER LIFTED IN CASE OF SCHULTZ ON CONDITION THAT HE REMEDY WRONG DONE.

Conditional that Paul Schultz, retail grocer at New Baden, Texas, obtain within 15 days the excess of all sugar and flour which he sold to his customers—more than is provided by the food control law—and that Schultz arrange at once for the distribution of an excess of 25,000 pounds of sugar which he has on hand over and above what he should have for his 30-day needs, the Federal Food Administration of Texas has decided to make the suspension of the black list order permanent. Schultz must, however, show within 15 days on the first count and 30 days on the second count that he has complied with the requirements.

The decision of the administration, states the legal department, is not to be construed as establishing a policy of leniency with offenders, nor a letting down of the present bars which make for the strength of the food control law. The evidence offered by Schultz at a hearing held on Friday disclosed that Schultz was not wholly to blame, but the responsibility was to be traced to jobbers and wholesalers who had been remiss in issuing instructions, as licensees, to their retail trade, and because of this failure to fulfill the obligation of the jobber Schultz should not be permanently suspended from doing business.

Letter From Headquarters.

In the letter to Schultz, acquainting him with the decision of the administration, he has been written as follows:

"From the evidence submitted by you in connection with the black list order issued by me, cutting off your source of supplies, I am of the opinion that, to a large extent, you were led into violating the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration by persons who, in the course of their business, should have kept you informed as to the rules and regulations.

"However, I also find that you did violate the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration after receipt of definite instructions from me, but such violations might have occurred without your personal knowledge.

"In view of the good recommendations as to your standing and service in your community, furnished by a district judge of the State of Texas, also by other prominent citizens, I have decided to suspend the cutting off of your supplies on the following conditions:

"On all sales of sugar and flour for which you received or will receive payment after January 1, 1918, you will get back from the people to whom you sold this sugar and flour their surplus supplies. That is, all sugar above 10 pounds in the hands of your customers and any flour in excess of 96 pounds in the hands of your customers.

Fortnight Limit Given.

"You must have these commodities returned to you within 15 days after Monday, February 4, and sufficient proof must be in my hands that you have followed these instructions.

"You must take back these commodities at the same price at which they were sold by you, and in turn redistribute same according to the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration at no advance in price.

"You have on hand at the present time approximately 25,000 pounds of sugar. This sugar you are permitted to sell to the various retailers in your section of the State, or through wholesalers, at the same price at what it was purchased by you. This must be done within 30 days from February 4, 1918, and sufficient evidence be furnished me that you have followed these instructions.

"Upon fulfillment of all the above, I shall then make the suspension of the black list order against you permanent.

(Signed) "E. A. Peden,
"Federal Food Administrator for the State of Texas."

STATE FOOD ADMINISTRATOR FAVORS MEAT-CURING PLANTS

The establishment of meat-curing plants to be operated in cities and towns where there is a cold storage and ice company using ammonia pipes for refrigeration, advocated by the extension department of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, is to be taken up by State Food Administrator E. A. Peden, according to George S. Bruce, industrial agent for the International & Great Northern railroad, who has been assisting the college in this work.

The meat-curing plant at Georgetown has been so successful that plants are being contemplated at Bryan, Trinity, Hearne, Navasota and Calvert.

By this method the farmer can do his own killing, have his hams and shoulders cured at a cost of 1c a pound and sell to the local merchants at packers' prices.

While the packers have complained that peanut-fed pork is not worth as much, a paper published in Georgia contained the news that in that state a premium was being paid for peanut-fed hogs.

PHONE 43 Classified Advertisements

1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks J. Maxcy Pace, 1412 Matamoros St Phone 576. 4-4-tf

For Rent—Elegant furnished rooms for light house-keeping. 1209 Victoria street. 2-7-tf.

For Rent!—Three room apartment also small four room cottage, both completely furnished for house-keeping. Apply 1704 Houston street. 2-11-tf

Wanted to Buy:—Scrap iron for export. Pipe and oil well supplies. Brooks Supply Company, Beaumont, Texas. 2-15-30t

For Sale—Corn seed at $5 a bushel Apply J. K. Forseck and Son. 2-23-tf

Wanted—Position by general office man, who understands accounting, stenography, etc. Address "Q" care Times office. 2-25-tf.

For Rent:—Seven room house. Apply to A. R. Kahn, Custom House. 2-26-tf

For Rent:—Furnished rooms. Apply 816 Victoria street. 2-27-tf

For Sale:—Seed corn, $4 a bushel Phone 493. 2-27-tf

For Rent:—Furnished room Apply 1620 Farragut street. 3-1-6t

For Rent:—Three partly furnished rooms; private home. 1016 Main Ave. 3-2-6t.

For Sale:—Two lots on the Heights one block from street car. Address "X" this office. 2-2-tf.

For Rent:—Light housekeeping rooms, 1612 Victoria street. Telephone 801. 3-2-tf.

Wanted:—Experienced bookkeeper accountant and typist wants set of books or other work during spare time and evenings. Address F, care Times. 3-4-6t.

For Rent:—Entire second floor of J. K. Forseck & Sons' building. Inquire at store. 3-5-5t.

Wanted:—Young lady for office work. Must have experience in type writing and keeping accounts. Laredo Chamber of Commerce. 3-5-tf.

For Rent:—Furnished room with southeast exposure; all conveniences. Inquire at 617 Flores avenue. 3-7-tf.

For Rent—Cottage 1503 Matamoros street. For particulars write Mrs. Julia M. Moore, 212 S. Broadway, Tyler, Texas. 3-7-6t.

Wanted:—To rent cottage or bungalow for family of three by March 15th. Will be permanent if suitable. Best of references. Address: J. W. Ward, Dilley, Texas. 3-7-tf.

For Sale:—One Humphrey waterheater, seond hand, price $10. Address M, care Times. 3-7-3t.

For Sale:—A fine lot centrally located. Address Drawer 370, City. 3-8-6t.

For Rent:—Two furnished rooms. Apply 1311 Grant street. 3-8-tf.

Want to Rent:—Four, five or six-room unfurnished modern house or cottage; permanent. Captain Chapman, Bender Hotel, or phone 1082. 3-8-tf.

For Sale:—Feterita seed grown and prepared under the direction of Prof. Mally. Phone 68. 3-8-tf.

For Sale—Three mules. See Charlie Ross. 3-8-2t.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists
Members Webb Co. Medical Society

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones: Residence, 1107; Office, 624.

DR. H. C. HALL,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.
Office:—Valls Building.
Phones:—Residence 467. Office 346.

SPECIALISTS.

DR. H. STOW GARLICK,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office: Richter Building.
Hours 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment.
Phone: Office, 699.
Res. Milmo Nat. Bank Bdlg.
Phone 213.

OSTEOPATHS.

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY,
Osteopaths.
Residence and Office
1603 Matamoros. Tel. 197.

LAWYERS.

HICKS, PHELPS, DICKSON AND BOBBITT.
Attorneys at Law.
Offices Hicks Building, San Antonio, Valls Building, Laredo.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office: Second Floor Alexander Bldg.

IRA O'MEARA,
Attorney at Law.
Office:—Suite 202 Alexander Bldg. over Woolworth's.

E. A. ATLEE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office:—New Alexander Building, next to Laredo Nat'l Bank.
Phone 771.

POPE & SUTHERLAND,
Attorneys.
Valdez building, Rooms 7 and 10.
Phone 1027.

DENTISTS.

DR. A. E. McCULLOCH,
Dentist.
Office: Wilcox Block.
Telephone, 232.

J. K. THOMPSON
Dentist.
Offices: Richter Building N. W. Corner Market Plaza.
Phone, 648.

DR. A. BARJAU,
Dentist.
Treviño Building.
Phone 1043.

DR. W. I. WILSON,
Dentist.
Office:—Valls Bldg., over People's Pharmacy.
Telephone 746, Laredo, Texas.

DR. O. E. DUNLAP,
Dentist.
Nuevo Laredo near Foot Bridge.

ARCHITECTS.

ALFRED GILES CO,
Architects.
Monterey, Mexico.
San Antonio, Texas.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN CONVERY,
Funeral Director.
Complete Auto Equipment.
Jarvis Plaza, Phone, 65.

COLLEGES.

Laredo Business College.
Rooms 215 and 217, Alexander Bldg.

STUDIOS.

MRS. DAVID F. ANDERSON,
Teacher of Singing.
Organist Supervisor
Choirmaster Public School
Christ Church. Music.
Studio Werner Bldg Market Plaza
Residence: The Shelby.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight cloudy. Saturday unsettled weather.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 58 degs.
Min. temp. 52 degs.
General direction of wind: East.
Cloudy.

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

From Saturday's Daily.

THE ARMY OFFICER.

It has been the boast of many Americans that our officers are so much better paid than those of officers in foreign armies that they are in a class apart. But present conditions are such that our officers would be almost glad to exchange with foreign officers as far as pay in concerned.

In peace times the army officer is given quarters for his family, if he has one, or is allowed commutation of quarters. In war times, especially with the many thousands of new officers in the service, he receives neither quarters nor commutation.

The army officer pays the same income tax which is demanded of mere civilians, while the enlisted man does not reach the income tax class until he is promoted to commissioned rank.

The enlisted man has his pay net; the commissioned officer has to meet his expenses out of his pay. The enlisted man is fed, bedded and clothed without the expenditure of a single cent, while the commissioned officer has to furnish his own clothing, food, arms and equipment. The only thing furnished a commissioner officer is the ammunition he expends, with quarters, fuel and light in peace times.

This is a manifest injustice. The officer goes to war with the same patriotism as the enlisted man, and he is forced to leave his family behind with a heavy expense, as his position renders it impossible for his family to live in modest circumstances. His wife is obliged to keep up a certain social standard. She must live in proportion to the rank of her husband, must dress and entertain in keeping with her position.

Meanwhile, the officer on active service must pay for his own food and clothing, must dress in accordance with his rank, and besides that, must keep up an expensive establishment at home.

And while the enlisted man may save the bulk of his pay, the average commissioned officer must have outside resources or drop behind in the game.

For many years it was considered a part of British army traditions that no poor man could afford to accept commissioned rank. The most of the officers were supported from home, as their pay would not even pay their mess bills. Their equipment was costly, and their position had to be maintained at all cost.

The result was that the "gentleman ranker" was a common thing in the army, and the men who were fitted for command were forced to drop back into the ranks because they had not sufficient income with which to keep up the traditions and the demands of the service.

We should make it so that the man who is fitted for command is paid in proportion to his services. If the government can keep up a lot of quarters for staff officers who have never smelt powder, it should be able to furnish quarters for the officers who are actually on the firing line.

There are many officers of the old school who will remember the pitiful makeshifts to which their families were put when they were sent to a Western post. The packing box furniture, the army blanket portieres, the sand box "furnace" in which their cooking was done, while the winds of heaven passed through their inadequately built quarters, will remain with some of them as a nightmare.

We are spending a great sum of money for the prosecution of the war. We are demanding many junior officers for the command of the various units. We need the officers, and we promise them a salary commensurate with their ability and their rank.

But we have enlisted men who are depositing money in the savings banks while their officers are desperately moving heaven and earth to get enough money with which to meet their monthly mess bills and still leave enough to send "back home" for the support of the family.

GERMAN IN SCHOOLS.

There is some agitation nowadays of the subject of prohibiting the teaching of German in public schools, especially those maintained by the state. The Texas legislature was prompt in sidetracking this issue, as they have been in dodging anything that was not based upon the question of the prohibition of the liquor traffic, but there is no doubt that a great majority of the people of this state are opposed to having any of the state funds used in the teaching of German in the public schools.

In the first place, modern Germany is not in sympathy with the teaching of any of the German classics. The writings of Goethe, Heine, and all the others of a past age are looked upon in Germany as the vaporings of poetic license. They are as much out of date as would be Chaucer or Wyclyffe in modern England or the United States.

During the past few years it has been demonstrated that the modern Germany is no more in touch with the real German thought as exemplified by the classic German writers than it is with the Germans of whom Tacitus and Suetonius wrote.

The modern German finds his delight in reading of how much Germany surpasses the world, not of what a poet may inscribe in honor of his lady. "Du bist wie eine Blume" has given place to "Deutschland ueber Alles." The Tell legend has given way to the story of how a modern pirate, the legitimate successor of Blackbeard Tench, and Captain Kidd, has sunk a passenger vessel and drowned countless women and children, "to the glory of the Fatherland."

There was formerly a reason for the American children learning German, if for no other reason than that of dealing with the people who, in the heart of Chicago, could put up over an occasional store: "English spoken here!"

But nowadays when even the German spy speaks English like that of the universities, not that of the Bowery or of Milwaukee avenue, it is no longer necessary for our children to learn the language of Schiller and Goethe, of Mendelssohn and Beethoven.

Here in the Southwest it is still necessary to study Spanish—not only because of the writings of Calderon and Cervantes—but because the people who speak that language are still a great majority of our population and have little English.

The day is coming when a study of foreign languages will be taken up as a necessary accomplishment, but the day is far off when the Americans will want to learn German. If it is necessary as a polite accomplishment, one can wait until he gets to the university, but the children of Texas have no more need of studying German than they have of studying Sanscrit.

It is a pity that so many of the Texas legislators are so sycophantic as to refuse to consider a proposition of throwing the study of German out of our public schools. The few German scholars who are going to our public schools do not need the teaching of that language, for all that they require they can learn at home by word of mouth.

There is a great waste of money in teaching a language which 999 out of every 1,000 pupils do not want to learn. There is a greater waste in employing teachers at a salary to teach the few who really do wish to learn German.

It is significant that those who do know any German are now ashamed of it, and that they do not display their accomplishment in public. The ones who are capable of reading Schiller or Goethe or Heine or Fichte in the original are not parading their knowledge before the public.

Cut out the teaching of German. The average American boy or girl has no need of it, and it is time and money wasted to demand a course in German from those who do not intend to use it in the future.

TWO ASSISTANT CASHIERS AT LAREDO NATIONAL BANK

P. W. Buttron Resigns and A. L. Vidaurri and M. W. Brennan Are Appointed Assistant Cashiers.

Some important changes have been made at the Laredo National Bank, effective yesterday, with the result that there are now two new assistant cashiers in that institution.

Prinz W. Buttron, for several years past assistant cashier, resigned his position to go with the Milmo National Bank and has assumed his duties in that place. A. L. Vidaurri, for the past ten years general bookkeeper of the Laredo National Bank, has been promoted to assistant cashie, whiler M. W. Brennan, for some time past local representative of the American Smelting & Refining Co., is now an assistant cashier also at the bank. Mr. Brennan is a son of City Marshal Brennan and an excellent business man, and in securing his services the bank gets a good acquisition to their staff.

HAS RECEIVED PROMOTION IN IMMIGRATION SERVICE

D. C. Kinne is Transferred to Del Rio, Where He Becomes Inspector in Charge of Station There.

D. C. Kinne, who for the past six years has been stationed with the immigration service in Laredo, most of the time as assistant to the inspector in charge, leaves for Del Rio Monday accompanied by Mrs. Kinne to make his future home.

Mr. Kinne goes to Del Rio to succeed Inspector in Charge Shafer in that capacity.

FUNERAL HELD YESTERDAY AND IS LARGELY ATTENDED

Last Sad Rites Over Remains of Late E. S. Mackin Attended by Large Number of Friends.

The funeral of Edward S. Mackin, who died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, on the Heights, Thursday afternoon, took place from the Foster home yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock under the auspices of the Masons, and was very large attended. Many beautiful floral tributes were sent to the home.

Ritualistic funeral services of the Masonic order were conducted at both the home and grave and a large number of members of the order were present to participate in the services. Interment was made in the Masonic burial ground. The pallbearers were the following: R. L. Sutton, Andrew Ritter, E. P. Gifford, John Colman, Robert McCulloch and T. A. Bunn.

BANDITS RAID RANCH TWO KILLED BY POSSE

Had Mr. and Mrs. Tom East, Tyre Downs and C. J. McGill as Prisioners while Looting Ranch

Intended to Rob Hebbronville Bank But Changed Their Minds. Robbed Ranch Home, Store and Corral and Got Away with Many Horses

Details of one of the most daring raids perpetuated by Mexican bandits in this section of the border country, and which occurred on the San Antonio Viejo ranch, owned by Tom East, and located twenty-five miles south of Hebbronville, or thirty miles north of the Rio Grande, reached here late yesterday afternoon from Hebbronville.

The information secured by The Times is to the effect that on Thursday night about 10 o'clock a band of eighteen Mexican bandits arrived at the ranch, all of them mounted and heavily armed. Tom East, the owner of the ranch, was absent at the time, and only Mrs. East, the servants and a chauffeur named Tyre Downs, were at the ranch home at the time. The bandits stealthily sneaked up to the home after dismounting and tying their horses and after entering the place from different sides in short order threw their guns down on Mrs. East, then Downs, making them prisoners after tying their hands and placing them under guard. Just as they had finished this work Mr. East, accompanied by J. C. McGill, a ranchman of Jim Wells county, arrived at the ranch in an automobile. As they entered the house they were covered by bandits who were on guard and summarily given the same treatment as Mrs. East and Downs—bound and made prisoners.

Then the bandits decided to rob the ranch home, while four members of the gang went outside, found the chauffeur of the car which had just arrived with East and McGill, and compelled him to take them toward Hebbronville, where the bandits stated they intended to rob the bank there. A short distance out from the East ranch on the road to Hebbronville one of the Mexicans asked the chauffeur what kind of protection Hebbronville had, and if there were any American soldiers there. The chauffeur replied that there were no soldiers there, but that Captain Will Wright and some of his state rangers were there. There was a minute's silence before any more words passed, but a hasty conference took place between the bandits and then one of them commanded the chauffeur to turn his car about, as it was decided not to proceed to Hebbronville, but to return to the ranch, and this the chauffeur did.

Reaching the ranch the leader of the gang, who was one of those who were in the car, commanded the men to proceed to loot the whole ranch, taking everything of value that could be found. The house was first ransacked and all valuables, guns, ammunition, etc., stolen, after which the gang divided and scattered about the place to rob the store, where all provisions and supplies on hand were taken, then the barn and corral were visited and all saddles, harness, etc., were taken, and all horses on hand were rounded up and tied together. Then all the stolen goods were tied into bundles and placed on the backs of the horses and everything made ready for departure of the bandits from the ranch. After the loading process was completed they severed the telephone wires and cut off communication with Hebbronville, then they went into the ranch house and liberated Mr. and Mrs. East, McGill and Downs and left the ranch going southward in the direction of the Rio Grande at a gallop, the departure taking place long after midnight.

As soon as possible Mr. East, after realizing his predicament by the telephone being cut, dispatched a rider to Hebbronville twenty-five miles away to notify the rangers and other officers of what had happened. The news spread like wildfire in Hebbronville and a big posse was quickly organized headed by Captain Will Wright of the state rangers, who happened to be there, and Sheriff Craighead of Jim Hogg county. Just before daylight the posse, traveling in automobiles and on horseback, reached the ranch, quickly gathered what information was necessary and by daylight were speeding southward toward the Rio Grande, thirty miles away, with the bandits about four hours ahead of them, but traveling with horses loaded with stolen goods.

Who Was Leader of Gang?

A report received here states that it is positively certain that the members of the raiding party were from the Mexican side of the Rio Grande and were unacquainted with the East ranch, but there is a suspicion that the leader of the gang, who is said to have been disguised, knew his bearings, and was well acquainted with conditions on the ranch and at Hebbronville. One of the men who started in the auto toward Hebbronville was the leader, it is reported, and when he learned that Texas rangers were there that information sufficed to convince him that he should "shy clear" of Hebbronville. After the news of the raid reached Hebbronville early Friday morning two Mexicans who acted in a rather suspicious manner, were taken into custody, as the officers believed they knew something of the plan to rob the Hebbronville bank, but after putting them through an investigation and nothing being elicited from them they were turned loose, but kept under surveillance.

Mrs. East is a daughter of R. J. Kleberg, manager of the Santa Gertrudis ranch, and a granddaughter of Mrs. H. M. King, owner of the ranch, who is known as the cattle queen of the world.

Two Bandits Killed in Chase.

The pursuit of the bandits has led the posse to a point not far from the Rio Grande. Two bandits were killed by the posse and their bodies left in the road some miles south of the East ranch. Late yesterday afternoon, a report received in Hebbronville stated, the bandits scattered and went in different directions, and when the posse came up to the place where the dispersing occurred they readily realized what had happened, and they, too, divided into several detachments and set out in different directions on the tracks of the brigands. Because of the fact that the pursuit is on in a portion of country near the Rio Grande which is sparsely settled and without telephone communication, news is much delayed in being received giving information concerning what is taking place.

Attention Elks—Important Meeting.

Monday night, March 11 is regular meeting night of Laredo Lodge No. 1018 B. P. O. E. There will be election of officers. A full attendance is earnestly urged.

G. R. WEBER,
Secretary.

3-9-2t.

ACKNOWLEDGES FELICITATIONS.

The city editor of The Times is in receipt of the following greeting from a young lady who is only a few weeks old:

I am too small my part to do,
And hardly yet can understand;
So I am sending this to you
To serve till I can write by hand.
The message, though, you sent thru pappy
Has made my little heart quite happy.
Sincerely yours,
May Clark McLemore, Jr.
Washington, D. C., March 6, 1918.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 9.

1749—Count de Mirabeau, one of the greatest orators and statesmen that France has ever produced, born. Died April 2, 1791.

1865—New Brunswick rejected the plan for the Canadian confederation.

1867—About 1,000 persons perished in an earthquake in Mitylene.

1877—Oliver Ames, one of the builders of the Union Pacific Railroad, died at North Easton, Mass. Born at Plymouth, Mass., Nov. 5, 1807.

1888—William I, German emperor and king of Prussia, died in Berlin. Born there, March 22, 1797.

1890—Serious dissensions reported to exist between Emperor William and Prince Bismarck, the imperial German chancellor.

1901—Count Tolstoi, the Russian author and reformer, was excommunicated by the Orthodox Greek Church.

1914—Thirty lives lost in a fire that destroyed the home of the Missouri Athletic Club in St. Louis.

1916—A large force of Mexican brigands under Villa crossed the border and raided the town of Columbus, N. M.

THE WAR:—

1915—Great battle between the British and Germans at Neuve-Chapelle.

1916—Russians continued their advance on Trebizond.

1917—President Wilson called an extra session of the Sixty-fifth Congress to meet April 16.

The hockey season has developed at least one wonder, the experts all agreeing that young Herb Drury of the Pittsburgh team is the greatest player in the game.

LITTLE LOCALS

—The details of the raid by Mexican bandits on the East ranch in Jim Hogg county reached the Times just as it was going to press yesterday, but the account published today is an accurate one. The delay in getting the news was caused by the bandits cutting the telephone wires at the ranch.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tf.

—Just received, new shipment spring pumps, moderately priced. Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty.

2-11-tf.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced.

3-5-tf.

—In publishing the list of names of former school students who are on the list of the service flag, the Times unintentionally omitted the name of Boniface J. Leyendecker Jr., who is one of the national army men fron Laredo in the service of his country.

—Shipment new spring shoes just received. Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's.

3-2-1m.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information.

2-27-tf.

—The regular term of district court for Webb county will be convened at the courthouse in this city on Monday morning. Unless Judge Mullally finishes his work at Cotulla today, the term of court here will be convened by Judge C. C. Thomas, for whom Judge Mullally is holding court at Cotulla.

—New white kid pumps. Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modtrn machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m.

—When wanting milk phone 356.

1-22-tf.

—Private Pablo Buitron, one of the national army men from Laredo, stationed at Camp Travis, will be married at San Agustin cathedral tomorrow afternoon, his bride being Miss Severa Martinez.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office.

10-11-tf.

—The following marriage lincense has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Pablo Buitron and Miss Severa Martinez.

—Havana brown, white kid, black patent leather, black kid, new spring styles, Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

—City Garage, tel. 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed.

8-11-tf.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street.

2-14-1m.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county.

7-19-tf.

—It has been nearly two years since there had been a big bandit raid in these parts on the Texas border, and the five men who were captured and convicted and each given the death penalty are still in the county jail, their appeal having been held up for the past fifteen months by the state court of crifinal appeals—but it will be acted on some time in the future.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office.

6-5-tf.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

4-24-t.

A RAW, SORE THROAT

Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little Musterole.

And Musterole won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster. Just spread it on with your fingers. It penetrates to the sore spot with a gentle tingle, loosens the congestion and draws out the soreness and pain.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. It is fine for quick relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds on the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). Nothing like Musterole for croupy children. Keep it handy for instant use.

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt, Editor. Phone 76

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday.

The Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Junior Scouts will hold their weekly meeting at the League Room in the Methodist Church at the regular hour.

Boy Scouts of Troop No. 3 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Fireman's Hall at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Sunday.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor of the Presbyterian Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church at 7 o'clock in the evening.

The B. Y. P. U. Senior and Junior will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Creath Memorial Baptist Church, at 6:45 in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor of the Christian Church will meet at the church at 7:00 in the evening.

Monday.

There will be a meeting of the executive committee of the Woman's Club at 4 o'clock in the club room at Market Hall.

There will be a "food demonstration" of the Heights Civic Club at the home of Mrs. J. R. Moore at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold their regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

• • •

This May Interest You.

The Times desires all social items of interest and cordially invites its readers to supply such news to the society editor. Send or phone all items about weddings, parties, visitors, dinners, receptions, bazaars, children's parties, etc. If you are leaving town or returning, or have visitors arriving or departing. The Times will be glad to know it. While names will not be used all written communications must be signed. This is imperative to prevent imposition. Phone all society communications to the Society Editor of The Times at No. 70 between 7 and 8 o'clock in the

• • •

If every one were wise and sweet,
And every one were jolly
If every heart with gladness beat,
And none were melancholy;
If none should grumble or complain,
And nobody should labor
In evil work, but each were fain
To love and help his neighbor—
Oh, what a happy world 'twould be
For you and me—for you and me!

And if perchance we both should try
That glorious time to hurry,
If you and I—just you and I,
Should laugh instead of worry;
If we should grow—just you and I,
Kinder and sweeter-hearted—
Perhaps in some near by-and-by
That good time might get started;
Then what a happy world 'twould be
For you and me—for you and me!
—Anon.

• • •

General Mention.

Mrs. Mary F. Daly of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived in Laredo yesterday for an indefinite stay with her daughter, Mrs. L. D. Moon of South Laredo.

• • •

Miss Celeste Hamilton and Kenneth Hamilton left last night for San Antonio to visit their mother.

• • •

Mrs. O. E. Kennedy, who has been having a delightful visit in San Antonio and San Marcos for the past ten days, will return home on Monday morning. While in San Marcos she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Scott.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Vollmer and little son, Robert, have returned to their home in Marshall, Texas, after a pleasant visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Irwin. They will stop en route in San Antonio, for a several days' stay.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hamilton have moved into their handsome new residence on the Heights.

• • •

Announcements.

There will be a meeting of the executive board of the Woman's Club Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

• • •

There will be a called meeting of the Married Ladies' Dancing Club on Tuesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. M. T. Cogley. All members are urged to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

• • •

Red Cross Notes.

The Red Cross surgical room will be open at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon under the supervision of Mrs. R. B. Lee.

• • •

Club Notes.

The regular monthly meting of the W. C. T. U. was held yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Hopkins. Several reports regarding the work being done were read, among these being one from the superintendent of the soldiers and sailors. A number of comfort kits have been made and sent to the soldier boys. The members have decided to set apart the third Monday of each month for Red Cross work, the members to meet at the Surgical room. Those present were Mesdames Burr, Shelby, Seaman, Northmore, Perkins, Shanks, Evans and the hostess.

The members decided to contribute to the Lillian M. Stevens campaign fund and to the Frances Willard memorial fund.

• • •

Camp Fire Girls.

The Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon with their guardian, Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl. A business meeting was held to perfect the plans for a "St. Patrick's party" which will be given on March the sixteenth. Those present were Molly Swartzman, Mabel Barr, Grace Simpson, Lucille Hyams, Nellie Ward, Margaret and Eugenia Copeland, Gladys Sauvignet, Josephine Daiches, Jack Jurgens, Jamie Ward, Gordon Barr and Mrs. Poggenpohl.

• • •

The Swastika Chapter of Camp Fire Girls held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon with their guardian, Mrs. W. D. Butler. They then made a hike to the Chacon. Needless to say the young people had a good time and enoyed every minute of the outing. Those who attended were Beatrice Barlow, Margaret Schleyer, Madonna Sorrell, Anna Guernsey, Rosalie Wormser, Grace Simpson, Arvilla Seaman and Mrs. Butler.

PERSONALS

J. F. Gunther returned yesterday from a short business trip to Del Rio.

Hon. Marshall Hicks of San Antonio arrived in the city this morning.

W. C. Clover has returned from a several weeks visit to New York.

C. W. Hellen, a prominent stockman of Jim Hogg county, is in the city on business and pleasure.

R. G. Blossman of Corpus Christi is visiting in Laredo as the guest of his daughter, Mrs. C. C. Biggio.

BENDER:—James O'Keefe and daughter, Jacksonville; F. A. Armbrust, T. B. Miller, San Antonio; E. G. Hegadorn and wife, Detroit, Mich.; H. W. Hixer, Philadelphia, Pa.; C. H. Knight, Mexico City; L. A. Smith, Houston; M. E. Matthews, E. E. Shaw, San Antonio; Harry H. Hovey, Washington, D. C.; George Watson, San Diego, Cal.

HAMILTON:—E. O. Gossett, Pearsall; Chas. Schlosser Chicago; J. N. Taft, Cincinnati; W. E. Ellis, Marshall Heiks, W. Thompson, San Antonio; W. W. Coleman, D. H. Mulholland, Cotulla; Fred. L. Seybolt and wife, Milpitas, Cal.; J. Baker, London, Eng.; E. L. Alcayaga, A. E. Hememann, Mexico City; M. Kondo, Mexico City; H. H. Hallett, Tampico; R. San Miguel, Guerrero, Mex.; T. C. Rogers, San Diego; G. Peeler, Campleton; Capt. A. J. Bassett, Ft. McIntosh; Lieut. H. Robertson Ft. McIntosh; J. G. Kennedy Jr., Sarata; I. J. Harris, Chicago.

Mrs. J. E. Biggio Dead.

Rev. J. Ward received a telephone message this afternoon advising him of the death of his daughter, Mrs. John E. Biggio, which occurred at a hospital in San Antonio at 1:15 o'clock this afternoon. The remains will be brought here tomorrow morning for burial. At this writing the hour for the funeral had not been fixed.

FEWER PLEASURE CARS.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 9.—The national automobile chamber of commerce, representing the country's chief automobile manufacturers, has voluntarily decided to curtail the output of pleasure cars this year 30 per cent, in order to use their plants to a greater degree for the manufacture of trucks, motors, etc., for war purposes. The curtailment followed a conference with the war industries board, which expressed gratification at the manufacturers' attitude. The fuel administration also approved it.

GRAMMAR AT THE BAR.

"Gentlemen of the jury," declaimed the attorney for the plaintiff, addressing the twelve Missouri peers who were sitting in judgment and on their respective shoulder blades in a damage suit against a grasping corporation for killing a cow, "if the train had been running as slow as it should have been ran, if the bell had been rung as it ought to have been rang, or the whistle had been blowed as it ought to of been blew, none of which was did, the cow would not of been injured when she was killed."—Country Gentleman.

Buck Herzog, who goes from the Giants to the Braves, will be pleased to read that Eddie Fitzpatrick prefers working on a farm to playing with the Braves.

Established June 14, 1881.

Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future Great Railroad Centre and Grand Gateway of International Commerce.

VOL. XXXVII. LAREDO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, MARCH 10, 1918—TWELVE PAGES. NO. 39

RICHTER'S

New Silk Dresses are being shown in the Ready to Wear Department.
The prices range from $18.50 to $35.00.

SPECIAL GEORGETTE WAISTS
Value $3.98 at $2.48.

CHILDRENS GINGHAM DRESSES, from 1 to 14 years, priced from 75c to $2.50. The kind [illegible] after washing.

THE TOODLE KID ROMPER DRESS
for Girls at 75c and $1.00. Most practical.

Have you seen the New Athletic Union Suit for Summer wear. A new idea.

Store opens 8 a. m. Closes 6:30 p. m.

Aug. C. Richter

NO CAMOFLOUGE!

ALWAYS REAL!

We have never attempted any misleading supposed Sale Price-Advertising.

Our stocks represent only the

"STANDARD LINES OF AMERICA"

and in these times of Soaring Prices have been priced exceedingly low, saving considerable both in Dollars and Quality for our Customers.

We are now pleased to announce additional Saving Reductions in our

AFTER INVENTORY SALE

of Seasonable Merchandise.

Ladies and Misses HIGH GRADE FOOTWEAR included.

I. ALEXANDER
CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER

CONSUMERS ICE & FUEL COMPANY

Ice, Distilled Water
Ice Cream
Cold Storage

TELEPHONE 145

EXPLOIT OF AMERICAN SENTRY READS LIKE SCENARIO FOR ROMANCE OF THE GREAT WAR

One Solitary American Killed German Leader, Wounded Others and Put to Flight a German Patrol of Forty Men, Part of Whom had Already Entered the American Front Line Trenches.

By Associated Press.

With the American Army in France, March 9.—A lone American sentry this morning attacked an enemy patrol of about 40 men, some of whom had entered an advanced American trench. He drove them off, killing their leader and wounding others.

Washington, March 9.—The first of the expurgated casualty lists was issued by the war department today. It shows that First Lieut. Louis Gordon was killed in action and First Lieut. John Greene was slightly wounded. The names of 36 privates are on the list, but according to the new custom, without the home addresses of their next of kin. Two are shown to have been killed in action, eight died of disease, five were severely wounded, nineteen were wounded slightly and two were killed in an accident. One is an airplane casualty.

Enemy Bombarded Americans.

With the American Army in France, March 9.—There was comparatively lively artillery firing last night and today in the section of the Lorraine front where the Americans are stationed. Last evening the enemy bombarded the American position heavily, but without result.

Russo-Rumanian Peace.

London, March 9.—Conclusion of peace between Russia and Rumania is announced in a Russian wireless despatch. Rumania promises to evacuate Bessarabia.

Rumania also agrees to evacuate Bendari on the Dniester, 40 miles south of Kishinev, within two months.

Germans Raided Paris.

Paris, March 9.—German aviators raided Paris last night. Early reports show that bombs were dropped with some loss of life and property. Signals were given at 12:30 o'clock that all was clear.

Russian Transports Sunk.

London, March 9.—Two Russian transports were attacked and sunk by two German destroyers south of the Aland islands Thursday, according to a Copenhagen despatch.

Trotzky Has Resigned.

Petrograd, March 9.—Leon Trotzky, addressing the Maximalist party Friday, announced his resignation as commissary for foreign affairs.

To Overthrow Bolsheviki.

London, March 9.—The social revolutionaries decided at a recent Moscow conference to form a national guard to overthrow the Bolsheviki, according to Dr. Eleff of the Moscow University, says a Copenhagen despatch. The Cossacks are supporting the organization in the Don district. The army would introduce a republic in Russia and would not accept German peace. Dr. Elef says the Bolsheviki have suppressed news.

Germans Attacked Yesterday.

London, March 9.—After an all-day bombardment, the Germans yesterday evening attacked on a front of nearly a mile in Belgium from a point south of the Menin road to a point north of Poelderkoeck, the war office reports.

This is the first time this year that the Flanders front has been the scene of serious fighting. The enemy force retired to its own positions after a lively engagement. The British occupied 300 yards of the German line when throwing back the enemy. The enemy suffered losses. The Cambrai and Ypres areas continue to be scenes of spirited artillery actions. With clear weather the British put out of action 20 enemy machines, destroying ten.

Gen. Hoffmann Explans.

Petrograd, March 9.—Gen. Hoffmann, the German commander, in a telegram to Ensign Krylenko, says that German operations continued since the armistice were due to sporadic movements of disorganized Russian detachments. The general declares that all the regions occupied since the conclusion of peace will be evacuated immediately.

Germans Dispersed Russians.

Berlin, March 9.—German troops after an engagement yesterday, dispersed bands north and south of Birheula, on the Sherka-Odessa road, says the German statement.

PEOPLE KNOW THAT THIS IS THEIR WAR

PLEDGE THEMSELVES [illegible] COUNTRY TO AID IN THE NEW LIBERTY LOAN.

Special to The Times.

Dallas, Texas, March 9.—At a conference of Liberty Loan workers held in Dallas, it was agreed that the prominent feature of the Liberty Loan situation is the manner in which the people have awakened to the needs of the situation. The federal reserve bank has a number of organizers and speakers covering the territory and reports presented at the conference show that there is now no longer any question about the people of the district regarding this as "their war." The people are solidly behind the government; by thousands, individually and in meetings, they have pledged themselves to the cause of America. They have realized that success means keeping open their best market, namely, Europe; that failure means ruin. The threat of Germany to "make America pay" has aroused the indignation of the people.

One representative said that the most impressive statement he had heard was made by a Confederate veteran at one of his meetings. The old soldier said: "I am going to arrange my affairs so that when the call comes I will be ready to lend my country all that I have which is mine to offer. My sword is rusty now and I am too old to use it, but I still have my little worldly fortune. I am going to lend my country not just the money I do not need, but the money I do need, the money which would bring me a few luxuries, which I could lend out at a higher rate of interest that the government gives me. The money it has taken me many years to accumulate; the money which, perhaps, I have valued too much."

The situation in the agricultural districts is especially gratifying. The farmers have cheered to the echo when speakers have told them: "We are at war to protect your homes, your wives and your children."—E. P. Clayton. Publicity Dept. Federal Reserve Bank, Dallas.

NOT IN SESSION TODAY.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 9.—Neither the senate nor the house were in session today, having voted yesterday to adjourn until Monday.

NEW DRAFT CLASSIFICATIONS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 9.—Reclassification according to physical condition of men in the next selective service army call is provided for in revised instructions of medical advisory boards which are being sent to local examining boards throughout the country. The new regulations require that every man summoned be placed in one of the following four classes: First, acceptable for military service; second, acceptable for general military service after being cured of remediable defects; third, acceptable for special or limited service in specified capacity or occupation; fourth, rejected, exempted from military service. It is expected that provision will be made later for the sort of work for the third class which will not endanger their health. Under the new regulations many ailments and defects which previously were cause for rejection will now result in the men being placed in the second class and given the privilege of the services of a family or army physician.

SIX BANDITS ARE KILLED

Capt. Ryan of State Rangers, Who Sent His Men to Join in Pursuit, Gets Word.

Captain Will Ryan at 3 o'clock this afternoon received a telephone message from Sergeant Lon Willis, who was then on the East ranch, notifying him that up to that time six Mexicans had been killed by the posse, several had been wounded and that the pursuit was still in progress near Randado ranch.

Information received by Willis was that the posse would get the entire party of bandits before they could get near the river, as they are not going in the direction of the Rio Grande. Captain Ryan's men have joined the posse in the pursuit.

ORDNANCE BUREAU WANTS MORE MONEY

ASKED FOR FOUR HUNDRED MILLIONS FOR HEAVY GUNS FOR ARMY.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—The army ordnance bureau today asked congress for an urgent deficiency appropriation of $400,000,000 for the manufacture of ordnance, principally heavy guns.

Lieutenant Aviator Killed.

San Antonio, Texas, March 9.—Lieut. Chandler of Hillsdale, Ill., was killed when his airplane fell at Kelly Field late yesterday evening

Quashed Search Warrant.

Chicago, March 9.—The United States circuit court of appeals today quashed the search warrant issued by Judge Landis permitting the examination of letter files in the office of Henry Veeder, counsel for Swift Company, by the government. The decision was "without bar to further proceedings."

HOLLWEG'S PROPERTY FIRST.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 9.—Property in the United States owned by former Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Junkers generally and the German government will be the first placed under the hammer under the new alien property act, according to A. Mitchell Palmer, custodian.

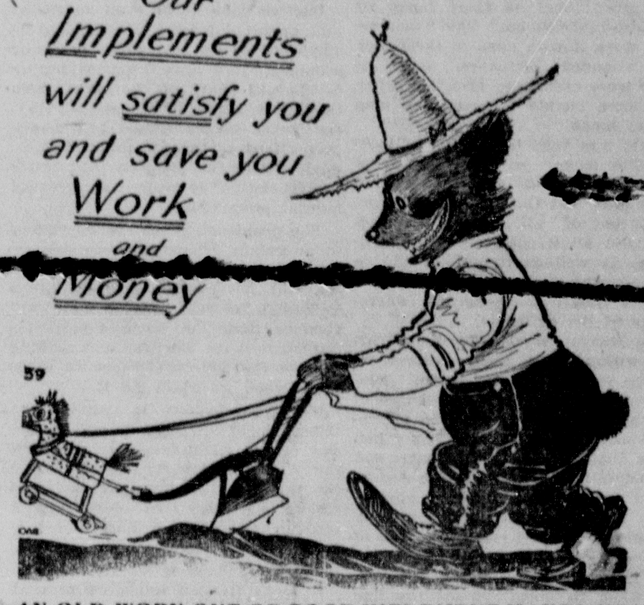
PRINCETON INTERSCHOLASTIC MEET.

New York, March 9.—What promises to be the largest interscholastic track and field meet of the season in this section is to be staged tonight in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. The competitions will be conducted under the auspices of Princeton University and the proceeds will be given to the Princeton ambulance corps now in France.

Laredo National Bank

CAPITAL . $ 200,000
SURPLUS . 100,000
DEPOSITS . 1,500,000

Our Implements will satisfy you and save you Work and Money



AN OLD WORN-OUT OR POOR IMPLEMENT MAKES YOUR WORK HARD, WASTES YOUR TIME AND COSTS MONEY FOR REPAIRS. THROW YOURS AWAY AND COME TO US FOR NEW ONES.

OUR IMPLEMENTS ARE THE LATEST PATTERNS. HAVE ALL THE NEW CONVENIENT ATTACHMENTS; AND THE MAKERS NAME IS A GUARANTEE THAT THEY ARE THE BEST MADE.

WHEN YOU THINK OF BUYING SOME NEW IMPLEMENT COME IN AND LET US SHOW YOU HOW GOOD OURS ARE.

USE OUR HARDWARE; IT STANDS HARD WEAR.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

CHICO WASHING WONDER

DIRECTIONS
To clean Clothes Without Rubbing.

1. Dissolve a big spoonful of "CHICO" in half a tub of water and soak the clothes in it overnight.

2. Cut up and add HALF THE SOAP you generally use; boil thirty or forty minutes. Rinse in clear water and hang out.

THAT'S ALL. Clothes will be Clean, Sweet and White as Snow, and last Twice as Long. "CHICO" is made in Laredo and sold by all good Grocers. 25c can LASTS A MONTH; Cleans TWELVE Tubs.

Be a Patriot and Start a Vegetable Garden!

Increase the food supply of the nation and do your bit toward victory. Incidentally we carry a full line of garden tools and implements, and to incourage this laudable movement, we will give a special discount of 5 per cent on all garden tools bought for this purpose.

Joseph Netzer Hardware Co.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords to its patrons security and comfort

BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM SERVICE

—TODAY—

Carlyle Blackwell, Evelyn Greeley, June Elvidge and Arthur Ashley in "THE BEAUTIFUL MRS. REYNOLDS." How a beautiful woman was the cause of the downfall of a secretary of the United States treasury. How a United States senator shot and killed this secretary, the famous Alexander Hamilton, in a duel on the Palisades.

Also a Fox Sunshine comedy in two parts, "ARE MARRIED POLICEMEN SAFE?"

Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: "HER AMERICAN HUSBANDS," Triangle drama with an all-star cast, and "COURTS AND CABARETS," new Keystone comedy.

From Friday's Daily.

SWITZERLAND FOOD SHORTAGE.

We are informed that Switzerland is facing a food famine, and there are some who seem to place that little neutral nation in the same category as the Scandinavian countries, as having helped Germany out in the matter of food.

It should be remembered that of all neutral nations, Switzerland is most entitled to be called neutral. Not only have the Germans benefitted from Switzerland's neutrality, but France and Great Britain, as well as Italy later, have also been accorded privileges equal to those granted to the Germans.

Had it not been for the hospitality of Switzerland, the British and French prisoners of war would have suffered far more severely than they did, for the Swiss government and people made it possible to send food and even luxuries to the prisoners in Germany, as well as offering an asylum for the sick and wounded for whom Germany had neither the room nor the surgeons to care for.

Many hundreds of British and French soldiers and officers would have died had it not been for the care given them en route home by the hospitable Swiss. The Swiss resorts were thrown open to these sick and wounded prisoners, some of whom were exchanged at a time when [illegible] journey home.

Little was done in the way of looking after enemy prisoners by any of the hostile nations at the beginning of the war, and the Swiss Red Cross, the parent of all similar organizations, did all it could to relieve suffering, as well as to put an end to the uncertainty on the part of the soldiers' relatives as to the whereabouts of the prisoners.

The Swiss postal department carried without cost many millions of letters, and eventually many hundreds of thousands of packages of food and clothing sent to the prisoners who would have fared badly had it not been for the kindly hearts and the indefatigable labors of the Swiss.

And during it all the Swiss government was maintaining a neutrality far more strict and rigid than that of any other government. No supplies were sent to the belligerent forces, and when Germans crossed the line to purchase food their packages were carefully scrutinized before they crossed the border.

That Switzerland is now facing a food famine is due to two causes. First, she has depleted her own supplies in order to care for the many thousands of refugees within her borders. Second, she has had to mobilize her army and keep it at war strength for three years past, which has interfered greatly with her agricultural labors.

If there is anything to spare above what our armies and our allies need, Switzerland should have the first call on it. Not that Switzerland is begging; she has plenty of money with which to purchahse the necessities of life But she should be permitted to buy necessary food supplies, because she has hospitably cared for our allies during the continuance of the war, and should the occasion arise, she could be depended upon to care for our soldiers and officers as well.

Switzerland has not purchased largely in excess of her own needs in order that she might trade with the enemy, as have Sweden, Norway and Denmark. She has not depleted her own food supplies in order to make an exorbitant profit by selling to the needy Germans. Of course, Germans have purchased some foodstuffs, as well as other articles, from Switzerland, but no more so than they did from us until we entered the war.

The only trouble is that all the malingerers of Europe are gathered in Switzerland, and it seems a shame that they should be fed while Swiss women and children are going without, especially if we have to furnish the food supplies.

But Switzerland is in a class by herself, and sre should not be discriminated against on the charge that she has aided and is likely further to aid our present enemies.

LABOR AND ROADS.

We have received a very comprehensive plan from the pen of a Wisconsin doctor who proposes to revolutionize the road system of the United States, and the main proposition that we find is that of hiring—after importation—of Chinese, Mexican and Porto Rican "cheap" labor.

There is one trouble with everyone who advocates any modern improvement in this country, and that is that he invariably proposes "cheap" labor as a means of "economically" doing the work.

It should be remembered that we have hundreds of thousands of laboring men in this country who should be given the first chance to do any work, particularly government work. There is no particular reason why we should employ Chinese, Mexicans and Porto Ricans, save that it is popularly supposed that these particular laborers will work cheaper than the native born.

The work, if it is undertaken, should be done by Americans—at least, by American residents. We have no need of looking abroad for labor. The American residents in normal times are fully capable of doing the ordinary work, especially as we have each year a record of unemployed which runs into the hundreds of thousands.

It seems unjust to employ foreign labor, especially when we have to import it, in doing work which it is conceded is for the benefit of the entire country, and which the entire population will be taxed to pay for.

It seems unjust that the money derived from taxes in the various states should be paid to foreign laborers, whom the Wisconsin doctor says "may be deported after the work is done."

Is there any reason why the United States, the wealthiest nation in the world, should not be able to employ the people who live here for necessary public work? Is there any reason why preference should be given to the imported laborer for government work?

There is no doubt that a comprehensive system of public roads would be to the advantage of the country at large. We on the border have for some years past been recommending a border highway which would not only be for the benefit of the local population, but which would result in great benefit to the federal government from a military standpoint.

But we have never even suggested that imported foreign labor should be employed on the ground of supposed economy. We have been willing to accept our share of the taxes, even though it might be considered that the Texas people should pay a disproportionate share, in order that we might reap the benefits of better transportation as well as increased federal protection.

The people of Texas are dependent to a certain degree upon foreign labor. But we have never suggested that the government work be given to foreign laborers because they were cheaper than the home supply, because we have always been willing to give the first preference to home labor when we could get it.

If it is decided to build some thousands of miles of national, state and county highways, we trust that the American laborer will be given the preference in the first choice of employment, and that only when it is demonstrated that there is an insufficiency of American labor will the foreigners be given work.

It looks like an impudent proposition to beg for foreign laborers to come here and do the work, with the understanding that they are to be deported as soon as the work is done. If the laborers are capable of doing the work, they should be considered capable of remaining and becoming American citizens.

We are not in favor of any proposition which looks to the employment of foreign labor as opposed to the native laboring man. There should be a distinction made in favor of the American, and the foreign element should be imported only when there is a failure of the native supply.

DISTRICT COURT CONVENES HERE ON MONDAY MORNING

Regular Term of Eight Weeks; Grand Jurors Have Been Summoned to Be on Hand Monday Morning.

The regular term of district court for Webb county will be convened at the courthouse in this city on next Monday morning and will continue in session for eight weeks. The following have been summoned to appear to serve as grand jurors for the term:

J. E. Applewhite, T. A. Austin, Gus D. Becker, Henry Borchers, Hal W. Brennan, L. R. Ortiz, Higinio Valdez, V. A. Puig, Eduardo Cruz, Julio Wormser, Gonzalo Farias, John Gilligan, Ike Hirsch, R. C. Bryant, M. A. Sallee and F. M. Ramsay.

SHOWS WILL VISIT LAREDO SHOWING HERE MARCH 17-18

Christy Hippodrome Shows Will Hold Forth in This City Two Performances Daily March 17 and 18.

The Christy Hippodrome Shows will make their first visitation to Laredo on March 17, when they will give two performances that day and two on the following day and night. Clarence Auskings, the general agent of the shows is now here arranging for the aggregation to come here and has secured the vacant block south of the Texas-Mexican station recently used by the carnival for the show grounds.

Besides a number of clowns, Prof. Roberts, the strong man, ponies, dogs, acrobats, aerialists, contortionists and other attractions, the show carried a good band. The Rhodes family of Aerialists, five in numbers, present a series of sensationalism in the lofty peaks of the big canvas causing many a gasp as their slythe bodies fly thru the air as nimbly as so many birds.

The Three Zeneros in a Contortion Novelty unsurpassed by any; these seemingly boneless people twist their bodies into unbelieveable positions like so many reptiles or some spineless creatures.

WOULDN'T RISK IT.

Clara—I wouldn't wear my hair down over my ears for anything.

Egbert—Don't you admire the fashion?

Clara—Yes; but suppose some man should propose and I didn't hear him!

DEATH OF EDWARD S. MACKIN FOLLOWING A LONG ILLNESS

WAS FORMER CONTRACTOR AND ENGINEER OF MONTEREY.

Came to Texas as a Young Man From Ohio and Later Went to Mexico; Came to Laredo Eight Years Ago.

Edward Sarsfield Mackin, for many years a prominent contractor and construction engineer of Monterey, where he was a member of the firm of Mackin & Dillon, but who came to this city on account of failing health in 1910 and had since made his home here, most of the time engaged in the onion growing industry in North Laredo, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, on the Heights yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, his death not being wholly unexpected.

Deceased was born in Zanesville, Ohio, on July 26, 1856, and as a young man of 21 years left Ohio with his parents and family for Texas, locating at Taylor, where the Mackin family made their home for many years. Later he went to Monterey and engaged in general contracting, forming the firm of Mackin & Dillon, which for about fifteen years was one of the leading contracting firms of Mexico, and conducting operations at Monterey, Saltillo, Torreon and other places. About eight years ago Mr. Mackin's health became impaired and he decided to remove to Laredo, coming here and engaging in the onion growing business, which he conducted up to about two years ago, when he was compelled to abandon the work on account of his weakened condtion. Since that time he had made his home with his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, on the Heights, his devoted wife being with him and ministering to his every want at all times. For some time past his condition had gradually become more serious and the family were prepared for the inevitable, and yesterday afternoon he closed his eyes in peaceful slumber.

Besides his grief-stricken wife, he is survived by one daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, two brothers, Sam Mackin of this city and W. H. Mackin of Waco, and one sister, Mrs. D. C. Rossman, of Clifton, Kansas, all of whom have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement. Deceased was a prominent member of the Masonic order and while in Mexico occupied a high office in the Masonic lodge there. He was also a member of the Knights of Pythias and Modern Woodmen. The funeral takes place from the Foster home on the Heights this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock under the auspices of the Masons, with interment in the Masonic cemetery.

WILL HAVE A SERVICE FLAG FOR LAREDO HIGH SCHOOL

WITH STAR FOR EACH FORMER PUPIL OF INSTITION.

Committee Having Matter in Charge Wants Names of All Former Students Besides Those on List.

A committee of the Laredo High School composed of Misses Helen Richter and Cecilia Leyendecker and Dan Lowry, have been assigned the work of getting the names of all former Laredo High School students who are now in the service of their country and to determine the number of stars which shall be placed on the service flag to be made for the institution.

The committee would appreciate the submission of any other names than those already on the list, together with information as to the branch of the service the men are in and the year of attendance at the high school. The names on the list so far are the following:

Edward M. Matson, J. Seymour Denike, Albert M. Penn, LeGette Tarver, Sam A. Westbrook, Joe Mudd, Jesse McClendon, Joseph Christen, James Christen, Edmund J. Moser, Percy R. Winch, Gus Buttron, Alfonso Siros, Willis Lowry, Luke Loftus, Fred. Netzer, Thomas A. Austin, Guy Trout, Peter P. Leyendecker, Jr., George Bigden, Edward Brewster, Hilton Cline, George Lang, Charles E. Lang, Leo Eistetter, E. J. Barthelow, Lawrence Nelson, Fenelon Nicholson, Robert Nasahl and Charles Woodul.

High schools all over the country in a most ostentatious and deservedly proud manner are displaying service flags with a star for each member of the institutions who have answered their country's call, and the Laredo high school, justly proud of the young men who received their educations in the local high school are preparing to put a star on their flag for each and every boy who attended the high school here, but who are now in the service of the United States army or navy.

TESTAMENTS FOR SOLDIERS.

New York, March 8.—The National War World Council of the Y. M. C. A. has ordered 500,000 more New Testaments, making a total of 1,700,000 bought by the association for army men during the last few months. The Testaments are sent to the camps all over the country, but the greatest demand for them comes from Texas. The director in charge of the distribution says it is impossible to keep enough of them on hand to meet the demand.

LITTLE LOCALS

—The enlistments in the Laredo troop of cavalry of the Texas National Guard have begun, the first man to enlist being M. A. Harper, dairyman of this city, who applied his signature to the roll yesterday.

—John L. Dannelley, talking under the auspices of the "Four-Minute Men," will deliver an address at the Strand Theater tonight and at the Royal Theater tomorrow night. At both places his remarks will be in regard to the world war.

—The Mexican ladies of Friendship Grove, Woodmen of the World, will give a "Jamaica" on Martin Plaza on the evening of March 15 as a benefit for the local chapter of the Red Cross. A program and fuller details of the festival will be announced in a few days.

—The Laredo High School is preparing a service flag which it will display with one star for each former student of that institution who is now with Uncle Sam's fighting men. Those who know of any students whose names do not appear in the list published elsewhere today should communicate with the committee having the service flag matter in charge.

—The onion growers committee is in Houston today conferring with State Food Administrator Peden regarding Texas onions. Tonight they leave the Magnolia City for the national capital, there to tell Mr. Hoover their plans to make Texas onions a popular edible and ask his help in putting them in the hands of the consumer at a nominal cost.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS ELECTED SET OF OFFICERS

C. C. BIGGIO IS FIRST VICE-PREST. R. G. & E. P. Ry. Co.

Deserved Promotion Comes to Young Man Who Has Been With Company For the Past Thirteen Years.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. Co. was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when the following board of directors were elected: C. B. Wright, W. T. Wright, E. F. Wager, W. H. Alley, A. Winslow, B. M. Alexander, H. G. DaCamara, R. W. Davis and C. C. Biggio, all being reelections with the exception of R. W. Davis, who succeeds the late James J. Haynes as a member of the board.

The board of directors met immediately thereafter and elected the following officers to serve for the ensuing year: C. B. Wright, president; E. F. Wager, vice-president; C. C. Biggio, first vice-president; H. G. DaCamara, treasurer, and J. D. Merriman, secretary.

The new first vice-president, Chester C. Biggio, has been auditor and secretary of the company for the past thhirteen years, and his election to the responsible position of vice-president is a deserved recognition of his ability. With the indisposition of E. F. Wager, the vice-president and general manager of the company, Mr. Biggio now finds it devolving upon him to act in the capacity of general manager. Prior to going with the R. G. & E. P. Ry. Co., Mr. Biggio was in the auditing department of the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. here.

MONITION.

In the United States District Court, For the Southern District of Texas.

The United States of America vs. Six Thousand Dollars in American Gold Coin.
No. 109 in Admiralty.

In obedience to a Warrant of Seizure to me directed, in the above-entitled cause, I have seized and taken into my possession the following described property, to-wit:

Six Thousand Dollars in American Gold Coin. For the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the U. S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, at Laredo, Texas, I hereby give notice to all persons claiming the said described Six Thousand Dollars in American Gold Coin, or knowing or having anything to say why the same should not be condemned and forfeited, and the proceeds thereof distributed according to the prayer of the libel, that they be and appear before the said court, to be held in and for the Southern District of Texas, at the United States Court Room, in the City of Laredo, Texas, on the 18th day of March, 1918, at 10 o'clock on the forenoon of that day, if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jursdiction thereafter, then and there to interpose a claim for the same, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

J. A. HERRING,
U. S. Marshal, Sou. Dist. of Texas.
By ALLAN WALKER, Deputy.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

AMERICANS DEMONSTRATED THAT TWO TO ONE IS AN EASY PROPOSITION FOR THEM

American Patrol of Five Met and Defeated German Patrol of Ten, Killing Two and Capturing Two More After Wounding Them—Russians Recapture Jamburg, Held by the German Forces.

By Associated Press.

With the American Army in France, March 8.—An American patrol of five men five nights ago outfought an enemy patrol of 10 men. They met in no man's land, two Germans being killed and two wounded and taken prisoner.

Russians Captured Jamburg.

London, March 8.—The Russian revolutionary army captured Jamburg, 68 miles from Petrograd, March 5th, according to the official Russian statement Thursday, forwarded here.

Germans Dropped Bombs.

London, March 8.—Seven or eight airplanes raided England last night. One reached London, dropping bombs in the northwest and southwest districts of the city. In the northern districts the raiders dropped bombs, demolishing several houses. Eleven persons were killed and 46 injured in the raid on London. It is feared that six additional bodies lie in the ruins of the wrecked houses.

Want German Princeling.

London, March 8.—It is reported that the Finnish government has asked the German emperor to appoint Prince Oscar, the emperor's fifth son, king of Finland.

Enemy Artillery Active.

London, March 8.—Enemy artillery was active last night in the vicinity of Revecourt and the Scarpe valley and on both sides of Ypres, says today's statement.

British Casualty List.

London, March 7.—Casualties for the first week in March were 3,343, the lowest in many months They are divided as follows: Officers killed or died of wounds, 63; men 628. Wounded or missing—officers 179, men 2,473.

Artillery Battle Continued.

Paris, March 8.—The artillery battle on the Verdun front continued, says today's report. Four German airplanes were brought down Wednesday.

Spanish Cabinet Resigned.

Madrid, March 8.—The Spanish cabinet recently constructed by the Marquis de Alhucemas, who was premier and held the portfolio of foreign affairs, resigned today.

FARMER FURLOUGHS ARE TO BE GRANTED

AGRICULTURAL STUDENTS MAY BE EEMPTED BY JOINING THE QUARTERMASTER RESERVE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 8.—Furloughs for farmers and others in non-military pursuits necessary to the war were authorized in the senate bill passed by the house with the war department's approval.

Students to Be Exempted.

Washington, March 8.—Students in land grant agricultural colleges whose class standing places them in the upper third of the senior class may enlist in the quartermaster listed reserve corps and be placed in class 5 on the ground that they are in the military service.

Interest Rate Raised.

Washington, March 8.—The interest rate on loans to the allies has been raised from 4¼ to 5 per cent as the result of the recent increase of rates on certificates of indebtedness from 4 to 4½ per cent.

Reduced Coal Prices.

Washington, March 8.—Drastic reductions in the fixed price of coal at mines in Colorado, Utah, Montana and Wyoming, in some cases as much as 25 per cent, have been ordered by the fuel administration. Operators declare that half these mines will be forced to stop production under the new scale.

Grain on Hand.

Washington, March 8.—Grain in farmers' hands on March 1, as announced by the department of agriculture, was: Corn, 1,292,005,000 bushels, or 40.9 per cent of the 1917 crop. Wheat, 11,272,000 bushels, or 17.1 per cent. Barley, 43,404,000 bushels, or 28.8 per cent.

Favored Draft Treaties.

Washington, March 8.—By unanimous agreement the senate military committee today ordered a favorable report on the administration bill to give effect to alien draft treaties which may hereafter be negotiated, including those with Great Britain and Canada, already signed, by authorizing the president to order the registration of such aliens.

WAR WORK TO BE DISCUSSED.

Baltimore, Md., March 8.—States included in the territory of the Southern Commercial Congress, and other States not in that territory, have been invited by Governor Harrington of Maryland to send representatives to the tenth annual convention of the congress to be held in this city next December. In a formal proclamation, Governor Harrington points out that the congress will be devoted to an interpretation of the part America will have taken in the war for liberty and democracy, and also to practical consideration of questions related to agriculture, education, industry and commerce.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAY TODAY.

MARCH 8.

Ira Nelson Morris, Minister of the United States to Sweden since July, 1914, celebrates his forty-third birthdayday anniversary today. Minister Morris is a Chicago-born, Yale-educated man of wealth, who early in life gave up finance and money-getting for more leisurely and idealistic pursuits. His first enlistment in national service was as a commissioner to Italy in behalf of the international exposition at San Francisco, a post that he filled to the satisfaction of Washington. Then followed the assignment to Sweden. In his official position at Stockholm he is now gaining importance among diplomatists abroad, owing to the increasing tension between the neutral nations of the North and the United States, and also to the ability he is showing in handling the interests of the nations allied with the United States as they have come into conflict with Germany's ambitions and purposes in Scandinavia. Mr. Morris has traveled widely, and has literary tastes, including authorship.

TO USE ELLIS ISLAND.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 8.—The department of labor announced today that, because of the great falling off of immigration to less than one-tenth of that in normal peace times, it would be possible to use Ellis island Immigrant station during the period of the war for other purposes. One section allotted to the war department will be used as temporary quarters for wounded soldiers before their transfer to base hospitals, while the section allotted to the navy will be used for the accommodation of several thousand sailors before they are permanently assigned. The part of the island reserved by the department of labor will be used for immigrants as heretofore.

USING KAISER'S TELESCOPE.

Special to The Times

Washington, March 8.—A costly telescope which was once given an American by the German emperor is now loaned to the United States navy in response to a public appeal for binoculars, etc., for use against the kaiser's submarines. The citizen whose father received the telescope, bearing the inscription stating that it was a gift from "Wilhelm, by God's Grace German Emperor, King of Prussia," offered the telescope.

PROHIBITION DATE WILL BE APRIL 15

HOUSE REFUSED TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT FOR DATE OF APRIL 1.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Tex., March 8.—The house refused to accept the senate amendment fixing the date of the ten-mile zone prohibition at April 1 instead of April 15, as provided in the house bill. The house asked for a free conference committee. The house concurred in the senate amendment to the $2,000,000 drouth relief bill.

German in Public Schools.

Austin, Tex., March 8.—The house today voted down a resolution which would ask the governor to submit the subject of prohibiting the teaching of German in state schools.

AMERICAN WAR DECORATIONS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 8.—President Wilson has authorized four decorations for bravery in war service. The war department order designated them as: First, distinguished service cross; second, distinguished service medal; third, war service chevrons; fourth, wound chevrons. The first will be a cross of bronze with ribbon, awarded for extraordinary heroism. The service medal will be of bronze and ribbon, for exceptionally meritorious service in war time duty, great responsibility or in connection with military operations. The war service chevrons of gold worn on the left sleeve will be awarded to officers and enlisted men for each six months' service in the war zone. The wound chevrons are the same as the war service chevrons, except that they will be worn on the right sleeve and will be awarded to men gassed or wounded so badly as to need medical attention. Women are eligible to receive the cross and medal.

THE RETURNED SOLDIER.

Ottawa, Ont., March 8.—To prevent the exploitation of returned soldiers by firms who seek the services of salesmen for articles of little value, and who believe that returned soldiers will appeal to the sympathies of the public, the Great War Veterans Association has gone on record as opposed to the granting of licenses by Canadian municipalities to returned men to peddle such articles.

WOULD PREVENT WYOMING GOING DRY.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 8.—The first organized effort of liquor interests to defeat prohibition in Wyoming when the State amendment proposition comes up for vote at the election in November of this year has come to light in the organization of the Trades Union Liberty League, which has just completed the mailing of letters to all members of organized labor in Wyoming appealing for the defeat of the prohibition measure.

The letter appeals to labor men on the ground that the saloons stand for the "protection of unions, of homes, of positions and of rights." It declares that the voting out of saloons in Wyoming will throw out of employment scores of "organized brothers" who will be obliged to seek employment in trades that are unionized.

DETERMINED PARENT.

A Southern man tells of a colored mother living in a country district of Georgia who was induced by her 10-year-old child to take him to the circus in a town near their home.

"She borrowed a wagon and a mule and set out with her offspring for the circus. The roads were bad—it had rained—and the youngster was frightfully fidgety. Finally the tired mother exclaimed:

"'See heah, you Erasmus! Yo set still! I've druv yo' ten miles to enjoy dis circus an' you shall enjoy it, if I has to pull ebery hair out er yo' haid!'"—Everybody's Magazine.

From Thursday's Daily.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAY TODAY.

MARCH 7.

Dr. Ira Nelson Hollis, president of Worcester Polytechnic Institute and one of the foremost leaders of the mechanical engineering profession in America, celebrates his sixty-second birthday anniversary today. Dr. Hollis is an Indianian, who entered the United States Navy as a graduate from the Annapolis academy in 1878, and rose steadily in the engineering ranks of that branch of the military arm until 1893, when he responded to Harvard University's invitation and joined its scientific school as professor of engineering. During his decade of service in this important post Professor Hollis, as he then was, became a conspicuous champion of naval expansion, and urged the adjustment of national education to national political needs. When the engineering council for war purposes was organized some time ago by the United Engineering Society of the United States, Dr. Hollis was selected to serve as chairman. He has been a prolific writer for the press, is a good speaker, and consequently is much in demand for public functions. In 1813 he left Harvard to go to Worcester as president of the polytechnic school there.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight unsettled; warmer. Friday generally fair.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 68 degs.
Min. temp. 54 degs.
General direction of wind: North.
Cloudy.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 1:20 p. m.
Train No. 3 leaves for Corpus Christi at 8:30 p. m.
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christ at 2:10 p. m.
Train No. 4 arrives from Corpus Christi at 7:05 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 11:00 a. m. and arrives at 4:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

THE POOR BAKER.

Between the demand of part of the public, which clamors for the pretty, white, fluffy loaves of the ante-war days, and the positive demands of the food administration that 20 per cent substitute be used in white bread, the poor baker is like the proverbial person "between the devil and the deep blue sea." Every practical person knows, or should know, that it is impossible to make as large loaves or as white bread with the substitutes at hand, and for them to clamor for the impossible is unjust and unreasonable, and for the public or any person to seek out and patronize a baker that will violate the rules in order to please the customer, is positively unpatriotic. The same rule applies to the evading or violating of any of the rules, whether it is "wheatless," "meatless" or "less sugar."

A. D. SMITH,
Food Administrator Webb County.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing application of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inconvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt, Editor. Phone 76

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist Church will meet with Mrs. Jennings at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet with Mrs. Frank Lattig in the afternoon at 4 at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest.

There will be an executive meeting of the Red Cross at Elks Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

The Epworth League will hold their regular weekly meeting at the League room at 8 o'clock in the evening, in the Methodist Church.

Friday.

The Sansugi Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will meet in the afternoon.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 1 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the League room of the Methodist Church in the evening at the regular time.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 2 will meet at Fireman's Hall at 7:30 in the evening.

* * *

The Lads Away.

All the lads have gone out to play
At being soldiers, far away;
They won't be back for many a day,
And some won't be back any morning.

All the lassies who laughing were
When hearts were light and lads were here,
Go sad-eyed, wandering hither and there—
They pray and they watch for the morning.

Every house has its vacant bed
And every night, when sounds are dead,
Some woman yearns for the pillowed head
Of him who marched out in the morning.

Of all the lads who've gone out to play
There's some'll return and some who'll stay;
There's some will be back 'most any day—
But some won't wake up in the morning.

—Coningsby Dawson.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Ames and family, who have made their home in Laredo for the past few years, have gone to Arizona to make their future home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Melville and daughter, Miss Anita, who have in Laredo for the past several months, expect to leave shortly for West Virginia.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Melville and daughter, Miss Anita, who have been in Laredo for the past several months, expect to leave shortly for West Virginia.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Nye and little Elinor, expect to leave on Saturday for San Antonio, where they will be the guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Walter Nye for a few days before going on to Fort Worth for a ten days' stay with Mr. Randall Nye.

* * *

In this day of rapid promotions in the army it is interesting to come across the names of one's friends. In a list published in Sunday's Light the names of Julian Dodge, E. C. Waddell and Earle Wilson were given as receiving majorities. The above are all well known in Laredo.

* * *

Among former Texas University students who celebrated Texas Independence Day in Chicago was Mrs. Attie McClendon Marshall, who gave a recitation.

* * *

Announcements.

The W. C. T. U. will hold its regular monthly meeting at the residence of Mrs. Charles Hopkins, 906 Cortez street, at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

* * *

There will be a prayer-meeting at the aBptist church Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The subject will be "The Negro," and the leader is Mrs. Absbear. On Saturday afternoon at the same place and hour another meeting will be held, with "Mountain Schools" as the subject and Miss Annie Pace as the leader.

* * *

Club Notes.

The Nopales Chapter of Camp Fire Glid held a very pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon with Misses May and Ruth Netzer. Plans were discussed for a hike this afternoon. The members take two hikes every month and devote a part of their time to Red Cross surgical work. They also are taking an interest in civic matters and in the conservation of food. Thost present were Misses Florence Shanks, Jessie Hale, Margaret Lutz, May and Ruth Netzer.

* * *

Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Episcopal Church held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Elmer Anderson. The afternoon was devoted to sewing on articles for the Easter sale. The hostess served fruit lemonade after the work session. Those present were Mesdames Mussett, Younkin, Woodman, MacGregor, Nye, Vidales, Puster, Johnston, Kehl, Cook, Arthur, Arkles and the hostess. The Guild will meet with Mrs. Arkles next week.

PERSONALS

Aurelio Gonzalez returned home this morning from a short business trip to San Antonio.

BENDER:—J. O. Chapman, U. S. A.; L. E. Dudley, Austin; A. L. Gray, St. Louis, Mo.; H. L. Corbett, Dallas; L. Leland, N. A. Davis, S. E. Luke, San Antonio; J. F. Thomas, N. P. Deavours, Dallas; W. Edgecomb, San Antonio.

HAMILTON:—B. Ross Jones, Miss Florence E. Breen, New York; Celestino Rodriguez, Everett Love, D. Healy, San Antonio; D. D. Davis, Dolores; R. R. Jennings, Aguilares; S. Z. Alexander, Jacksonville; Manuel Arcaraz, Arturo Arcaraz, Los Angeles, Calif.; W. J. Murray, Lampazos, Mexico.

Step Lively! Corns Quit with "Gets-It"

The Great Corn-Loosener of the Age. Never Fails. Painless.

Watch my step? What's the use! I go along "right side up without care," even with corns, because I use "Gets-It", the painless, off-like-a-banana-peel corn remover. I tried other ways galore, until I was blue



Corns Simply Can't Stop us, We use "Gets-It"!

in the face and red in the toes. No more for me. Use "Gets-It." It never fails. Touch any corn or callus with two drops of "Gets-It," and "Gets-It" does the rest. It's a relief to be able to stop cutting corns, making them bleed, wrapping them up like packages and using sticky tape and salves. It removes any corn clear and clean, leaving the toe as smooth as your palm. You can wear those new shoes without pain, dance and be frisky on your feet. It's great to use "Gets-It."

"Gets-It" is sold at all druggists (you need pay no more than 25 cents a bottle), or sent on receipt of price by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Laredo and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by People's Phcy. (Flavio Vargas, Prop.) Horner's Pharmacy. City Drug Co.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation ask anyone who has used it.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Three hundred and fifty courses, 145 of them in the School of Commerce, are now open to women in New York University.

The former Grand Duchess Olga, daughter of the ex-Czar of Russia, is said to be giving piano lessons to children in Tobolsk.

One hundred thousand women in New York City will cast their first votes next month in the special elections for representatives in Congress.

An army of 1,000 girls is being mobilized in the Pittsburgh district to make aeroplanes for the United States Government for use in France.

The senior class at Smith College has decided to give up commencement festivities next June and to forego the usual "senior dramatics," as a war economy measure.

Miss Katherine Birke, a British nurse, who has just arrived in this country, is the only woman who has received the decoration of "a commander of the British Empire."

One hundred thousand Camp Fire Girls throughout the country will join in big patriotic rallies next month to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the organization.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

FARMERS RELIEVED FROM PRESSURE OF 50-50 WHEAT PLAN

BUYING OF SUBSTITUTES NOT NECESSARY WHEN HAVING SAME; MAY PURCHASE 70 PER CENT OF NORMAL SUPPLY.

Effective February 15 Administrator Peden put into practice the ruling on the distribution of wheat flour to farmers, which replaces the fifty-fifty plan and does not work a hardship upon farmers already having wheat flour substitutes on hand. It has become necessary to make this modification of the ruling made by Washington in order that the farmer who is now embarking on his 1918 year of production will not begin discouraged by a program which did not take into account originally the fact that he had substitutes on hand.

Administrator Peden has received communications from all over the State indicating that the plan of fifty-fifty for distribution of wheat flour would work an extreme hardship upon the farmer. Many messages have passed between his headquarters and the national headquarters on the subject.

The ruling as it now stands and applies to farmers of Texas is as follows:

Present Rule Works Hardship.

Realizing that the rule requiring that consumers who buy wheat flour shall at the same time buy an equal number of pounds of specified substitutes works a serious hardship on those farmers who have an ample supply of home-grown substitutes, and that many farmers have grown these substitutes upon the urgent request of the government, the following modification of the rule in its application to farmers is hereby authorized, effective February 15:

Retailers may sell to their farmer trade 70 per cent of their normal requirements of wheat flour without substitutes, provided the farmer furnishes the retailer a written statement that he has on hand an adequate supply of home-grown substitutes, showing approximate quantities.

This is the only exception made to the pound-for-pound rule, and applies only to the farmer having on hand his home-grown substitutes.

However, a farmer or other consumer must not purchase or use over 70 per cent of his normal requirements of wheat flour each month.

Dealer Must Explain Rule.

If in February, 1917, he consumed 100 pounds of wheat flour, in February, 1918, he must not consume over 70 pounds.

If in March, 1917, he consumed 100 pounds, in March, 1918, he must not consume over 70 pounds.

If in April, 1917, he consumed 100 pounds, in April, 1918, he must not consume over 70 pounds, and so on, month by month.

The retailer in selling the consumer must explain this rule and assure himself that it is being strictly lived up to.

It is desired and strongly urged that the retailer confine his sales of wheat flour to his regular established trade and not seek new customers. Unless the retailer pursues this course he will later find that he is unable to secure a sufficient supply of wheat flour to take care of his regular customers, as a retailer can only buy and distribute 70 per cent of his normal supply.

E. A. Peden,
Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

FEDERAL RELIEF GIVEN THE HEN; U. S. NEEDS HER

Hens and pullets are to have the protection of the government in the matter of egg production. Between the period of February 11 and April 30 the poultry dealers of America are placed on notice that there must be no slaughter of the egg producers until the embargo against the killing of the fowls is lifted. Administrator Peden received the following message from the United States Food Administration, which will serve to improve biddie cackle:

"The following telegram sent today to all exchanges and associations affected:

"'Following rule has been adopted in connection with special rules and regulations governing dealers in poultry and eggs.

"'Rule 14. The licenses shall not between February 11, 1918, and April 30, 1918, purchase, ship, sell or negotiate the sale of any live or freshly killed hens or pullets, provided, however, that this shall not prevent the purchase, shipment or sale between February 11 and February 23, 1918, of hens and pullets which were either killed or shipped prior to February 11, 1918, to markets for sale as food, and provided further that nothing in this rule shall prevent the purchase, shipment or sale of live hens or pullets for egg production purposes. Effective February 11, 1918.'"

BRADFORD IS DISTRICT FOOD ADMINISTRATOR.

District No. 1 of the Federal Food Administration for Texas has a new administrator to replace J. R. Babcock, resigned. He is Thomas L. Bradford, vice president of the Southwestern Life Insurance Company. Mr. Bradford spent one day in Houston recently going over his new duties and his appointment dates from February 11.

Porter A. Whaley, district administrator for Amarillo, has been transferred to Brownwood as district administrator, while the Amarillo appointment has been filled by L. A. Wells of Amarillo. Both Mr. Whaley and Mr. Wells attended the recent conference in Houston and received their instructions at the meeting.

GERMAN OFFENSIVE CONTINUES DESPITE GERMAN PROMISE TO CEASE HOSTILITIES

German Forces Capture Narva, Only 68 Miles from the Russian Capital—Russian Executive Committee Calls Upon Delegates to Vote for Ratification of the German Peace Terms.

MR. PALMER ASKS BLANKET AUTHORITY

ASKS FOR AUTHORITY TO SELL ALIEN PROPERTY WHEN IN HIS DISCRETION IT IS ADVISABLE.

By Associated Press.

To Sell Enemy Property.

Washington, March 7.—Mitchell Palmer, alien property custodian, today asked congress for power to sell any enemy property in the United States within his discretion. This legislation would be supplemental to President Wilson's recent request for authority to acquire legal title to German wharves and property at Hoboken, N. J.

To Fix Steel Prices.

Washington, March 7.—Steel manufacturers have asked the government to fix prices on all products entering into the manufacture of steel, in order that a fixed price for steel may be established.

Administration Won.

Washington, March 7.—The administration won today on the first test of strength in the senate judiciary committee's consideration of Senator Overman's bill to give the president greater power in co-ordinating and reorganizing the government departments and agencies during the war. By a vote of 10 to 7 the committee voted down a resolution to have members of the cabinet inform the committee of legislation believed necessary or desrable.

SPEED UP OIL PRODUCTS.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 7.—The federal oil controller conferred today with representatives of the nation's oil industries with a view to speeding up so as to meet the requirements of the United States and our allies. The report of oil shortage is denied. Attention is to be given to the attainment of better facilities for the moving of oil products to ports and factories.

CHICAGO READY FOR BILLY SUNDAY.

Chicago, Ill., March 7.—A small army of cleaners and decorators are engaged in putting the finishing touches to the big tabernacle in which Billy Sunday is to conduct his Chicago campaign, opening next Sunday. The tabernacle, which is located on the lake shore at Chicago Avenue, only a stone's throw from the loop district, is one of the largest and best equipped ever built for a similar purpose in this country. The building is 374 feet by 250 feet and will accommodate 15,000 persons. Near the tabernacle has been constructed another building containing rooms for checking and caring for babies, nurses for the sick, and a restaurant. The evangelist's private room will be in the tabernacle. A large field for parking automobiles is provided.

Mr. Sunday and his party are scheduled to arrive in Chicago Saturday. The formal opening of the campaign will take place Sunday night, when the great choir of 2,000 voices will be heard in public for the first time. The evening following the opening a great reception in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Sunday is to be given at the Hotel La Salle. Three hundred Chicago clergymen representing all denominations have been invited. According to present arrangements the Chicago campaign will continue three months. On Sundays three services will be held in the tabernacle and during the week two services daily.

TO ISSUE GRAIN REPORT.

Washington, D. C., March 7.—Tomorrow afternoon the Federal Department of Agriculture will issue a report relating mainly to stocks of grain in farmers' hands. The report will give an estimate of the amount of wheat, corn, oats and barley of the 1917 crop on farms in the United States on March 1, the proportion of each of these crops which will be shipped out of the counties where grown, and the percentage of the 1917 corn crop on farms in the United States and which is of merchantable quality.

By Associated Press.

German Offensive Continues.

London, March 7.—The official Russian statement says that despite the German announcement that hostilities against Russia have ceased the Germans have captured Jamburg, east of Narva, while the Turco-German offensive is continuing beyond Trebizond. Jamburg is on the railway line from Revel to Petrograd and only 68 miles from the Russian capital.

Urge Ratification.

Petrograd, March 7.—The central executive committee of the soldiers' and workmen's council while recognizing that the German peace terms were those of "political bandits," has called on its delegates to vote for their ratification. This is advised because peace has afforded the social revolution "an absolutely necessary respite."

Petrograd is Quiet.

Petrograd, March 5.—Petrograd is quiet today, regardless of the presence of the German armies not more than 100 miles distant.

Enemy Raid Repulsed.

London, March 7.—An attempted enemy raid last night east of Epehy under cover of a heavy artillery barrage was completely repulsed, says today's statement. Other hostile raids were similarly repulsed. Artillery activity which reached intensity was reported from some sectors.

Repulsed by the French.

Paris, March 7.—German raids on the Verdun front last night were repulsed by the French, the war office reports.

American Captured Prussian.

With the American Army in France, March 6.—An American staff colonel accompanying a French raiding party in advance of the Americans taking over positions recently captured and brought in a Prussian lieutenant.

Activity on Verdun Front.

Paris, March 7.—Continued activity on the Verdun front, where heavy artillery fighting and raiding operations have been in progress for several days, is reported in today's statement.

American Patrol Returned.

With the American Army in France, March 7.—An American patrol composed of one officer and eight men who had been missing since last night in the sector northwest of Toul suddenly emerged from a shell hole close to the German line today and made a dash across no man's land without a shot being fired at them.

The incident occurred on the Lorraine front. The German raid in this sector occurred Monday. Sharp fighting took place, the Germans suffering repulses with losses. The Americans here are training with the French as at Chemin des Dames. This makes three American forces now facing the enemy. The American losses here have been extraordinarily slight, as the sector is one of the quietest. The Americans here are among the recent arrivals.

RED CROSS TO PALESTINE.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 7.—The American Red Cross has appointed a delegation to go to Palestine to aid in the relief of suffers there.

AMERICAN SOLDIER SPIRIT.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—The spirit of the American soldiers in France is shown in a letter from a soldier to his mother in which he says: "Do not take up good space with sweets that should be used for needed ammunition. Taste fine, but won't do much good when the Hun starts his offensive, so do not do anything which can hinder the United States from getting the ammunition over here."

PITTSBURGH HAS MILLION-DOLLAR MOVIE.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 7.—A million-dollar motion picture theater, proclaimed as the finest and costliest house in the entire country to be devoted to the silent drama, was opened to the public in this city today. The building occupies the site of one of the downtown theaters destroyed in the big fire a year or so ago.

DISLOYALTY ACT FINALLY PASSED

MAKES IT FELONY TO MAKE DISLOYAL REMARK OR COMMIT DISLOYAL ACT DURING THE WAR.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Tex., March 7.—The "loyalty" bill was finally passed when the house concurred in the amendments decided upon by the joint conference of both houses. It now goes to the governor. It would make it a felony to make a disloyal remark or commit a disloyal act during the war. The house ten-mile zone bill was to come up in the senate this afternoon. It seems disposed to adopt the committee recommendation to fix the date at April 15 instead of April 1 as fixed by the house.

MACHINISTS FOR AVIATION.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—The army Signal Corps has called for the immediate enlistment of 10,000 machinists, chauffeurs and other skilled workmen for the aviation section.

MORE THAN THEY CAN EAT.

Special to The Times.

Paris, March 7.—American troops are very popular among the poor people of the country districts, with whom they often share their rations, saying they have more than they can eat.

NOW HOLD EIGHT MILES.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—American troops are now holding over eight miles of trenches in France which are liable to extension from time to time.

EXPECT NEW OFFENSIVE.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—Official advices from Italy indicate that a new Austrian offensive is imminent, as enemy reinforcements are coming up and important redispositions are taking place. Italian refugees from conquered districts say that Austrian soldiers are deserting in considerable numbers and fleeing to the mountains.

SAVINGS STAMP CAMPAIGN.

Special to The Times.

Palm Beach, Florida, March 7.—War Savings Stamps worth $66,393 were sold here in a single day by four teams working under captains in various parts of the resort. The leading team sold $23,690 worth, mostly on the beach. The highest single purchase was $5,000.

WANT GERMAN PIERS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 7.—President Wilson has asked the senate for authority to take over the title to the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd piers at Hoboken, New Jersey. The committee chairman said the bill now in committee would be amended so as to authorize the president to acquire title by purchase or condemnation. The war department now controls the piers, the government having commandeered them. The alien property custodian has asked permission to sell the piers.

When Itching Stops

There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and skin irritation almost instantly and that cleanses and soothes the skin.

Ask any druggist for a 35c or $1 bottle of zemo and apply it as directed. Soon you will find that irritations, pimples, blackheads, eczema, blotches, ringworm and similar skin troubles will disappear.

A little zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions and makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

From Wednesday's Daily.

HYSTERICAL NATIVE SONS.

An echo of the trouble of a few years ago s heard from the Pacific "Slope," in the form of a protest against giving Japan a free hand in Siberia, because the "native sons of the Golden West" dread the prestige which will come to the Japanese through victory.

There is one trouble about the "native sons," the self-confessed aristocrats of the Western slope, whose fathers swung the pick or drove the mine mule, and that is that they consider themselves superior to anyone else on earth; in fact, they acknowledge it—you don't have to prove it. And chief of their prejudices is that against the Chinese and Japanese.

It will be remembered that California stirred up a good deal of trouble for President Wilson in the early days of his first term by passing a law which forbade the Japanese to acquiring landed estate in that state of great fortunes and abject poverty. They were perfectly willing that the Japanese should continue to come over for the purpose of working at all sorts of menial occupations, like the famous Hashimura Togo of Will Irwin's stories, but they did not want them to become landed proprietors, especially after their victory over the Russians, which made the Japanese feel that they were as good as any native son who ever was born on Nob Hill.

Without entering into the merits of the controversy, although admitting that the Californians have a perfect right to refuse to permit the alienation of their land to any foreigner, we would call attention to the fact that the Japanese have a greater say-so in the present question of Siberia than any other of the allied nations.

Japan was willing to forget the past and enter into an alliance with the imperial Russian government, whch government Japan had gone far toward overthrowing by defeating its troops, and as an evidence of good faith, Japan sent large quantities of arms and ammunition, as well as other war material, to the aid—not of Russia but of the allies against the German and Austrian empires.

The overthrow of the imperial government was accepted by Japan as an evidence of the democratic tendencies of the Russian people, and she still continued to aid Russia until the Bolsheviki overthrew the republic and entered into the traitorous conferences with the Germans.

We do not for a moment believe that Japan is actuated by a particular love for the United States in this act. She has reason to distrust, if not to hate us, for the part we have taken in humiliating her people. But Japan is no doubt acting in good faith in this matter, because it is to her own interests to see German domination in the Orient destroyed.

So far as California is concerned, we have no bone to pick with that section of the country. There are many loyal citizens in California, and there is the strongest section of the I. W. W. and other treasonable organiations of which this country has ever had occasion to feel ashamed, with headquarters in San Francisco, from which city the loudest howl of protest against the Japanese alliance comes.

The opposing element to the Japanese alliance is not noted for its loyalty to the United States. It is the same element which the United States forces had to curb in the sand lot riots of a generation ago, and the present successors of Dennis Kearney and his ilk are under indictment or convicted for having placed bombs to kill women and children during a loyalty parade.

But the people of the country at large will see no menace in permitting Japan to take upon herself the burden of protecting Siberia against German intrigue. So far there seems no one else willing to undertake the task, and if Russia—or any part of it—is to be saved for democracy, the plucky little Japanese will come nearer doing it than any others.

FRIENDS AND ENEMIES.

General Ruckman, commanding the Southern department, with headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, is the target for some abuse in San Antonio because of his outspoken declarations concerning conditions in that city, and his warning that unless conditions are changed there is the possibility of the leaving of that city without troops and with no additional expense to the government to use conveniences nearer to the point of embarkation.

General Ruckman is well and favorably known in Laredo, and it is certain that there is not a single person who knows him who does not credit him with being a skilled soldier, a cultured and refined gentleman, and a positive asset to any community where he may be located.

It must be remembered that General Ruckman is first of all a soldier; that his entire time and effort is given to improving conditions for the benefit of the forces under his command. While he is not actuated by any desire to aid "big business" in San Anonio or elsewhere, especially where that business might be opposed to his ideas of what was for the good of the service, he is certainly not actuated by any petty desire to inflict damage upon San Antonio.

It is unfortunate that there is always in times of great national necessity a certain element which opposes any effort on the part of the authorities to smooth the way for the most effective attainment of the ends desired. Sometimes these people are actuated by treasonable motives, sometimes they are merely affected by a desire to continue "business as usual," but in each case the result of their antagonism is the same—it hampers the government in the proper exercise of its functions.

While General Ruckman was in Laredo he did everything in his power to avert friction between the soldiers and the civilian element, and to demonstrate that the soldiers were entitled to the same privileges under the law as were the civilians. At the same time, he was rigid in his discipline of soldiers who were guilty of offenses against the civilians, or against the civil law, and he showed that he "played no favorites" in his endeavor to do his duty as he saw it.

It is gratifying to note that the better element in San Antonio, as demonstrated by an editorial in the Express of that city, are behind the general in his efforts to have the regulations enforced, not only for the good of the soldiers, but for the good of San Antonio as well.

Not only will the business interests of San Antonio suffer if the soldiers are removed for failure on the part of the city authorities to enforce the regulations, but the social and moral prestige of the city will also suffer.

Says the Express: "General Ruckman stands for the good of the army and for the good of San Antonio—for they are both one and the same. He has no friends among the vicious, the narrow, the enemies of San Antonio; he is above reproach. The big, high principle that he is fighting for is exactly the principle animating the thinking, law-abiding, decent citizenship, the friends of San Antonio."

It is said that there is a move on foot to request the removal of General Ruckman from San Antonio. This is too ridiculous for consideration. He is too well known to the war department officials to have any doubt of his motives considered, and as it is certain that he is working for the good of the service, it is certain that he will be retained there and will remain in command of the department until it is found that his services are more desirable elsewhere.

And it would be deplorable if the action of a certain element of San Antonio residents should lead, not only to the removal of the large garrison there, but also of the headquarters to a more desirable point. Yet this is within the probabilities if San Antonio does not live up to the exact letter and spirit of her agreement with the war department.

A BIRMINGHAM GENIUS.

"Have you any geniuses in this town?"

"I don't recall but one just now."

"Poet, painter or musician?"

"No; he's a chap who contrives to stay illuminated week in and week out, despite the fact that this town is dry."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

ANNIERSARY OF THE FALL OF THE ALAMO 82 YEARS AGO

The Cradle of Texas Independence Experienced Massacre of Its Defenders on March 6, 1836.

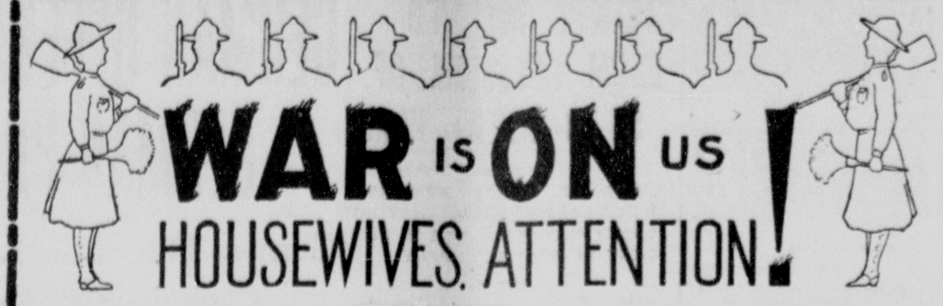
Today marks the anniversaries of two epoch-making incidents in the history of the Lone Star State—the 82d anniversary of the massacre of the heroes of the Alamo on March 6, 1836, and also the 72d anniversary of the protest of Mexico against the annexation of Texas by the United States and the Mexican minister at Washington demanded his passports, which were readily given him.

The fall of the Alamo is an event known to all through history, and from infancy to old age, Texans have heard the story told by ther parents of how the valiant band of Texans, greatly outnumbered, fought and died at the heroic cradle of Texas independence. The old fortress of the Alamo, at San Antonio, which stands until today as a monument to the heroism of the Texans, was used during the stirring days of the war for Texas independence. It was occupied by the Texans under Travis, with whom was Crockett, Bowie and other heroes, and for many days they fought valiantly during the siege and held out against the considerable number of Mexicans under General Santa Anna, but it was carried by storm at last and on the 6th day of March, 1836, fell into the hands of the Mexicans, who butchered all its occupants and but one living person, a female child, escaped. Among those who fell in the last struggle of the heroes of the Alamo were Colonel James Bowie and Davy Crockett.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Chas. H. Brient, the well known contractor, who built the Latin-American Club building and many other of the finest structures in Laredo will assume the management of the Webb County Lumber Co. on March first. This does not mean that he has quit the building business, but on the contrary will be into it more than ever and he will be glad to give all persons contemplatng building the benefit of his wide experience in the building business if they will call on him. His office phone number is 550.

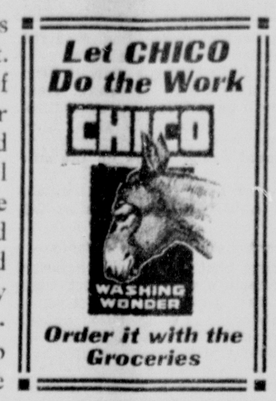
2-28-6t.



WAR IS ON US
HOUSEWIVES, ATTENTION!

WITH all the talk and advice about extravagance, economy, wasting, saving and everyone doing their daily "bit," there seems to be a large shortage of *real practical information*—the kind of tips and pointers that a woman can take up and apply right now, today, this moment. That's the kind of advice this nation wants. If you give us dope or data that we can use, instead of "hot air" we'll show the world what the patriotic women of America will do.

FOR INSTANCE, here is a tip of the right sort. Buy a 25c package of CHICO at the corner grocery TODAY. Read the directions that fell of the new way to use soap, wash clothes and do house cleaning—and try them out. You may be astonished at the savings in labor and in soap that CHICO will make



in many of the regular household tasks. Also the *very great* savings in *clothing*. By *eliminating* about two-thirds of the *washboard rubbing*, it does, naturally, cause clothing to *last* about *twice* as long, for you know most of the wear and tear occurs on the laundry machines and rub boards.

AREN'T SUCH SAVINGS AT LEAST WORTNY OF INVESTIGATION—TODAY?

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 6.

1706—Sir George Pocock, the British admiral who took Havana from the Spanish in 1762, born. Died in London, April 3, 1792.

1836—Texans who had retired to the Alamo were overpowered and massacred by the Mexicans under Santa Ana.

1845—Mexican minister at Washington protested against the admission of Texas into the Union and demanded his passports.

1857—The Supreme Court of the United States delivered its opinion in the Dred Scott case.

1861—Salmon P. Chase resigned his seat as United States senator from Ohio to accept appointment as secretary of the treasury.

1862—First day of the battle of Pea Ridge.

1867—Charles F. Browne (Artemus Ward), famous American humorist, died in England. Born at Waterford, Me., April 26, 1834.

1889—Milan I. of Serbia voluntarily abdicated in favor of his son.

1910—The Socialists held a large open-air meeting in Berlin in defiance of the police.

THE WAR —

1915—French and British fleet continued to pound forts at the Dardanelles.

1916—Dutch liner Tubantia, with Americans aboard, sunk by German submarine without warning.

1917—Austria, in reply to inquiry from the United States, sought to justify the German program of ruthless warfare by submarines.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation ask anyone who has used it.

SOMETHING ABOUT "BARNEY" BARUCH.

Washington, D. C., March 6.—President Wilson's appointment of Bernard Baruch to succeed Daniel Willard as chairman of the war industries board has served to call public attention anew to a man of whom much has been heard in connection with the mobilization of American industries and the strengthening of the "second line of defense" since the war began. Mr. Baruch has come to be regarded as one of the notable "finds" of the war. Before the conflict began his name was virtually unknown outside of the immediate circle in which he moved. Today he occupied a high place in official estimation, and Washington has come to look upon him as a man of whom much is likely to be heard before the war is over.

Bernard M. Baruch, or "Barney" Baruch, as he is better known to the public, is a product of New York city. When he was old enough to go to work he found employment in a brokerage house at a wage of $3 a week. He did not exactly polish up the handle of the big front door, but he weighed the mails of the concern that employed him so carefully that his compensantion was soon raised to $5. Then he got a job in a small bank, at a small salary. Later, he began, in a small way, with a big bond and stock concern. At the end of six years he was able to withdrew from a partnership in that house with $1,000,000 in his own name. There upon he started in business for himself, attended sedulously to his own affairs, read the newspapers carefully, and one day discovered a "but" in a speech by Mr. Lloyd George, which enabled him to go into the New Stock Exchange and "clean up" an immense profit.

The world might never have known anything about this transaction if he had not been named, in the course of a sensational episode, as one of those who had been apprised in advance of the forthcoming of the famous "peace note" dispatched to all the Powers by President Wilson, some time before the latter decided that the United States could not, in honor, keep out of the war.

Before a committee of Congress, "Barney" Baruch testified that he had no advance knowledge whatever with regard to the peace note, but he made no attempt to conceal the fact that, from his own judgment of existing conditions, based partly upon a passage in an interview with Mr. Lloyd George, published in London about the same time, and telegraphed to New York, he made his trades on the probability that something would be said or done that might be taken to indicate, on the side of the Allies, a willigness to negotiate with the enemy. Although Mr. Lloyd George was misunderstood or misquoted, the interview contained a passage which seemed to indicate that, while the peace overture made by the imperial German chancellor could only be rejected without qualification, the door would not be closed against a possible understanding.

Mr. Baruch, it will be recalled, came through the congressional investigation with a clean bill. How pleasing this circumstance was to President Wilson very few knew at the time, but, as a matter of fact, any other outcome would have been extremely disagreeable to the Executive. The reason is not hard to give.

As Mr. Baruch increased in wealth he was invited to accept various honorary positions in his home city. Thus he was given a seat in the board of trustees of the College of the City of New York. Here one of his closest associates was William F. McCombs, who was later to manage the campaign for the nomination and election of Woodrow Wilson in 1912. Through Mr. McCombs, Mr. Baruch met the then Governor of New Jersey, and something in the nature of a personal and political friendship sprang up between the two. Mr. Baruch first became interested in Mr. Wilson because his friend, McCombs, was interested in him, and, as time went on, he became interested in Woodrow Wilson for his own sake.

During the first years of his administration Mr. Wilson did not give Mr. Baruch a thought, perhaps, as a possible officeholder, nor, it may be presumed, did Mr. Baruch ever give a thought to filling a public office. But when war was declared Mr. Wilson thought he saw where a man of "Barney" Baruch's talents might be made very useful to the country. When the Council of National Defense was created Mr. Baruch was one of the first appointees. His record in that capacity evidently has been so satisfactory that the President decided he was the man to fill the important post of chairman of the was industries board.

Bevo
A BEVERAGE

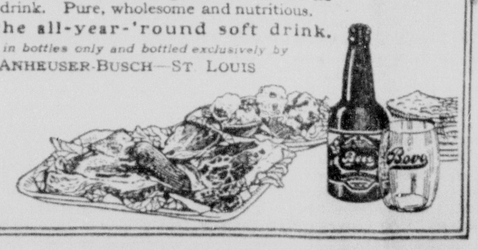
—the home drink

Besides its popularity at drug stores, fountains and restaurants, *Bevo* has found a welcome place in the home. A family beverage—a guest offering—a table drink that goes perfectly with all food.

As a suggestion for Sunday supper—Sweet red or green peppers stuffed with cream cheese and chopped nuts or olives, served on lettuce leaves. French dressing. Cold meat. Toasted crackers. Bevo for everyone. A beverage that tastes like no other soft drink. Pure, wholesome and nutritious.

Bevo—the all-year-'round soft drink.

Sold in bottles only and bottled exclusively by
ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS



24B

STRAIGHTEN THAT BENT BACK.

No need to suffer from that tired, dead ache in your back, that lameness, those distressing urinary disorders. Laredo people have found how to get relief. Follow this Laredo resident's example.

E. T. Ramon, merchant, 1619 Lincoln St., says: "I have suffered from attacks of backache for some time. I have had dull throubing pains through my kidneys, so I couldn't stoop or straighten up without suffering greatly. When one of those attacks has come on, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have never failed to remove the trouble. Doan's relieve the pain and make me feel better generally."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ramon had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

LITTLE LOCALS

—A telegram received this morning by J. L. Dannelley, counsel, advised that the case of Encarnacion Shely, charged with murder of Alejandro Sarli in this city, had been reversed and remanded by the court of criminal appeals. Shely was tried and convicted in the district court of this city at a recent term.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tf.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—Reports from Mexico say the poorer class of people throughout that country are suffering from pangs of hunger on account of food supplies being scarce and that which is on sale being sold at exorbitant prices. Such a condition has existed in Mexico for some time, but it can get worse unless conditions there are improved.

—A. S. Hiatt, representing Thos. Goggan Bros., San Antonio, Phone 150, Travelers Hotel. New and second-hand pianos for sale just like rent. 3-6-2t.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced.

3-5-tf.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's.

3-2-1m.

—First Lieut. Albert B. Zooman, U. S. Signal Corps, who is now camp signal officer at Camp Stanley (Leon Springs) attached to the Ninth Field Signal Battalion of the regular army, is here on a business visit to Laredo, his old home. Lieut. Zooman has disposed of his business affairs here and expects soon to leave for "over there." Mrs. Zooman and daughter, Alberta, are in Perth Amboy, N. J.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot.

3-4-5t.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through this port today: One carload of beer, one carload of henequen, two carloads of copper matte, five carloads of lead and twelve carloads of calamine.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modrn machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-1ot

—Springtime is here in all its grandness now and everything seems to indicate that old winter has made his exit after one of the most prolonged and severest visitations experienced here in years. During the past three months there has been more severe winter weather than ever before was experienced in this section.

—When wanting milk phone 356.

1-22-tf.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t.

—A troop of cavalry for service in this country is now being organized in Laredo as a unit of the Texas National Guard. This affords an opportunity for all to get in line, especially those who are good horsemen and marksmen and would make real Texas cavalrymen. Enlistments are being taken at Moser's Store.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage, tel. 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed.

8-11-tf.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street.

2-14-1m

—Mayor Robert McComb and State Quarantine Officer H. C. Hall are in Washington, where they were summoned on important business, and for which place they left on Sunday forenoon.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county. 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—Prof. F. W. Mally is in receipt of a telegram from C. J. Brand, director of the bureau of markets at Washington, advising him that his department will open an office in Laredo on March 25 prior to the beginning of the onion shipping season.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

ACTED ON ROUTINE MATTERS BEFORE THE CITY COUNCIL

City Fathers at Meeting Last Night Took Up Matter of Park Improvements and to Let New Award.

The city council met in regular session this evening at 8 o'clock. Present: His Honor, Mayor Pro-em Agan; Aldermen Hein, Henry, Farias, Westbrook, Leyendecker and Guernsey. Absent: Alderman Maher.

With a quorum present the following proceedings were had:

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

The monthly report of A. Winslow, city attorney, of the progress made in the collection of delinquent taxes was read and, on motion, was ordered filed.

A communication from J. D. Merriman, stating that he and Wm. Brennan are the owners of lots 1 and 3 in block 202 W. D., facing east on Main avenue, and were on the proper street line, and that Señoras de la Cruz are the owners of lots 5 and 7 in the same block, and facing east on Main avenue, but are out in the street 15 feet, and requesting that the Señoras de la Cruz be required to place their fence on the proper street line, was read and, on motion, was referred to the street and bridge committee to report at the next regular meeting.

The petition of J. C. Vizcaya, stating that he is the owner of lots 5 and 6 in block 560 E. D., that the lots were assessed at $575 and improvements at $400, when in truth and fact there are no improvements on said lots, and requesting that he be refunded the amount of taxes erroneously charged, was read and, on motion, was referred to the mayor and city attorney to report at the next regular meeting.

The petition of Maria de Jesus Dovalina, stating that she is the owner of lots 4 and 7 in block 21 W. D., and claiming that they had been overassessed and requesting that the valuation be reduced, was read and, on motion, was ordered filed.

The following report was presented, read and adopted:

Laredo, Texas, March 5, 1918.—To the Hon. Mayor and City Council; Gentlemen: We, your committee on public parks, rejected the bids offered on improvement work on School Plaza and Martin Plaza for the reason that Mr. Beckelhymer, the lowest bidder, gave up the job and Florencio Flores and Company's bid was considered exorbitant. John Maher, chairman; J. T. Agan, J. P. Leyendecker.

All bills and accounts against the city were ordered paid upon approval by the finance committee.

There being no further business before the council, it adjourned until the next regular meeting.

A. V. WOODMAN, Secretary.
Laredo, Texas, March 5, 1918.

PROF. MALLY IS SELECTED TO ACCOMPANY COMMITTEE

But He is Desirous That C. N. Ousley of Department of Agriculture Take His Place at Houston.

Professor F. W. Mally, county agent, has been selected by the Webb County Farmers Association to accompany the onion growers committee to Washington in an advisory capacity and will leave here tonight for San Antonio to join the other members of the committee in addition to John H. Davis from this county, who leave San Antonio tomorrow night for Houston.

Prof. Mally has wired C. N. Ousley, director of the extension service of the A. & M. College and assistant secretary of agriculture, asking him to meet the committee in Houston on Friday and take his place and go to Washington with the onion growers, as Mr. Ousley would be in a better position to help the growers than Prof. Mally, who at this time has his hands full with his work here, but if Mr. Ousley can not accompany the committee after the conference at Houston with State Food Administrator Peden, then Prof. Mally will go with them to Washington for the conference with Food Administrator Hoover next week.

CAPT. J. O. CHAPMAN ARRIVES; IS INTELLIGENCE OFFICER

Succeeds Captain Cheek in Charge of Important Branch of the Military in Laredo District.

Captain J. O. Chapman arrived here this morning from Fort Sam Houston and becomes intelligence officer of the Laredo District, succeeding Captain A. L. Cheek, who goes to San Antonio.

Captain Chapman is a man well qualified to fill this important position and to keep in close touch with events on the border, as he has had experience that will prove invaluable in his work. His office will be in the Alexander building, opposite the Western Union Telegraph office.

Despondency Due to Constipation.

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

From Tuesday's Daily.

COMMITTEE IS APPOINTED TO MAKE WASHINGTON TRIP

FIVE COUNTIES ARE REPRESENTED IN COMMITTEE LIST.

Leave San Antonio Thursday Night, Meet Administrator Peden Friday, Then Go to Washington.

The executive committee of the onion growers of Southwest Texas met in session yesterday afternoon at the Laredo Chamber of Commerce quarters and transacted business of much importance to the growers of Bermuda onions in Southwest Texas who will within the next four weeks begin the movement of approximately 9,000 carloads of onions to market.

The principal business transacted at the meeting yesterday afternoon was the appointment of the committee which leaves this week for Washington to lay before Food Administrator Hoover the proposition of securing his aid in making the onion a recognized food of wholesome value and in fixing a price at which the product can be sold to the consumer—probably 4 to 6 cents per pound, thereby making onions an edible that can be procured at a low figure. In the appointment of the committee of five to go on this mission discretion was exercised to appoint men qualified to do the work and to have the various sections represented on the committee line-up so far as it was [illegible] to do so.

The Committee appointed to go to Washington consists of John H. Davis, of Webb county; W. L. Bradbury, of Hidalgo county; A. H. Rife, of Zavalla county; W. R. Stone, of Dimmitt county, and F. I. Rock, of La Salle county. The members of the committee will meet in San Antonio Thursday, leaving there that night for Houston to confer with State Food Administrator J. A. Peden on Friday, and departing from Houston to Washington on Friday night. About Monday of next week the committee will confer with Food Administrator Hoover and Director McAdoo of the railroads in Washington on the recognizing of onions as a wholesome and valuable food at a low price and the transportation of same from the Texas shipping stations to the markets of the country.

SOLDIERS CAPTURED HERE DID NOT TAKE AUTOMOBILE

After Stopping Auto and Exchanging Clothes With Chauffeur Men Left Car and Went Toward River.

The four soldiers who were captured yesterday about seven miles from Laredo near the banks of the Rio Grande by customs inspectors, will be returned to Fort Sam Houston to answer charges preferred against them by the military authorities, while the civil authorities will probably waive the charge they have against the men in uniform of holding up a man with prohibited weapon.

The Times stated that after compelling the chauffeur to stop and exchange clothes with one of the soldiers the men left him standing in the roadway and soldiers drove off in the car. This was erroneous, as the soldiers compelled the chauffeur to drive away in the car and they took a road which they believed led to the Rio Grande, hoping to reach there and cross over to Mexico, but they were captured and brought here.

ELECTION DECLARED VOID IN STATE OF TAMAULIPAS

President Carranza Declares That Frauds Were Perpetuated In Gubernatorial Election Last Month.

According to a report received in Nuevo Laredo today, President Carranza has issued a decree declaring as null and void the gubernatorial electiton held in the state of Tamaulipas on February 3, when the opposing candidates were ex-Governor Luis Caballero and General Lopez de Lara.

The decree states that many discrepancies and frauds are shown by the official returns and that neither party received a legitimate majority. Returns received after the election indicated that General de Lara, the people's candidate, was triumphant at the polls. No announcement is made in the news from Mexico City as to when another election will be held in the state of Tamaulipas.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Chas. H. Brient, the well known contractor, who built the Latin-American Club building and many other of the finest structures in Laredo will assume the management of the Webb County Lumber Co. on March first. This does not mean that he has quit the building business, but on the contrary will be into it more than ever and he will be glad to give all persons contemplatng building the benefit of his wide experience in the building business if they will call on him. His office phone number is 550.

2-28-6t

TIMES WANT ADS
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt, Editor. Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. R. A. Millar at the usual time in the afternoon.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Rectory with Mrs. C. W. Cook at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will be held at Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the ecening. The meeting will be for work, and all members are urged to be present. All visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

The Woman's Missonary Society will meet at the Red Cross Surgical Room at 4 o'clock.

Wednesday.

The Red Cross Surgical Room will be open at 9 o'clock in the morning.

The Nopales Chapter of Nopales Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. J. A. Burnett at 4 in the afternoon.

The Parish Guild of Christt Church will meet with Mrs. Elmer Anderson on the Heights at 330 in the afternoon.

The Civilian [illegible] Training for Service Class will hold its regular weekly meeting.

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Watts and son, of Toronto, Canada, who have been in Tampico, Mexico, for the past month, passed through Laredo yesterday en route home.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Guinn and children of Dallas, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Guinn.

• • •

Mrs. Asher Smith returned yesterday from Dallas, where she has been visiting her mother.

• • •

Mrs. Leslie Stoner and Mrs. Dave Clark returned yesterday from San Antonio.

• • •

Mrs. O. E. Kennedy will return today from San Antonio, after spending the week-end with her husband.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Sory have moved into the Mackin apartments.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. H. Stow Garlick have taken a cottage on Rosario street, on the Heights, and expect to move on Thursday.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. McKinney have taken the Barlow home on the Heights.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Leonard have purchased the Cotulla home on the Heights.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hamilton expect to move into their new home on the Heights the latter part of the week.

• • •

Mrs. Sorrell and children returned yesterday from a pleasant stay in Corpus Christi.

• • •

Miss Elizabeth Wright and Miss Julia McCoy of Alfred, Texas, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mussett.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ulmer returned yesterday from a pleasant motor trip to Cotulla.

• • •

Mr. Asher Smith has returned from a short stay in San Antonio.

• • •

Mr. Leonard Haynes is among the visitors in Laredo this week.

• • •

Mrs. J. D. Merriman and Miss Hazel Merriman have returned from a short visit to Mrs. Stanley Houser in San Antonio. Mrs. Houser has recently returned from Georgia and will make her home with Lieut. Houser's mother during his absence in the army.

• • •

Mrs. Scott, of Chicago, is visiting at the home of her father, Mr. E. F. Wager.

• • •

Announcements.

"The Womanless Wedding" will be given at the Royal Theafer April 5 under the auspices of the Red Cross.

• • •

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Frank Lattig at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest.

• • •

Entertainment.

Mrs. L. W. Hansen entertained with a delightful paper party last night in honor of Mrs. H. S. Roberts, vice president of the Presbyterian Christian Endeavor Society, who left this morning for a two months' stay in Zapata. The guests included the members of the society. A number of pleasant contest games was enjoyed, among which was piecing together cut-out postcards. In this Miss May Netzer and Mr. Van Epps were the lucky winners. Delicious ice cream and cakes were served, and the remainder of the evening was passed in playing other games. Those present were: Misses Minnie Spear, Margaret Lutz, Ruth Everett, Lois Stoner, Eva, Ora Lee and Emma Beyette, Florence Shanks, Hortense Tannenbaum, Jo Gray, May and Ruth Netzer; Messrs. J. W. Glasgow, J. Black, Charles Trafver, Ernest Clay, Charles Friend, F. H. Case, H. Hines, C. Kizer, G. C. Baker, Anderson, A. W. Van Epps, H. G. Earnest, and H. S. Roberts, the honor guest; Mr. and Mrs. Spear, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Ramsay, Mrs. Wharton, Mrs. Hopkins, Miss Spear and others.

• • •

Earnest Little Workers.

A club of little girls recently formed has donated $1.00 from its dues and fines to The Times Tobacco Fund. The Times takes this opportunty of thanking the little donors, who are the following: Eugenia Copeland, president; Josephine Daiches, secretary; Anne McKinney, treasurer; Evelyn Kerr, Beth Bryant, Ione Parker, Elinor Morrow and Gladys Sauvignet. May the club live long and prosper.

• • •

Heights Civic Club.

The first of a series of food demonstrations by the members of the Heights Civic Club was held at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan Monday afternoon. Mrs. J. R. Moore served cornmeal crisps, Mrs. Arkles served Boston brown bread, Mrs. Cullinan served war bread and cornmeal ginger bread. Among other recipes that have been tried out by the club members, "tamale pie" is especially good, and serves both as bread and meat. Some of the new recipes have been greatly improved upon by club members, also a number of new dishes have been originated by those who realize that the "culinary art" holds many possibilities for saving our country—and incidentally your pocketbook.

As one woman remarked, "Cornmeal is a great little mixer." It can be combined, not only with wheat flour, graham flour, etc., but also wth cereals and with potatoes. With the numerous combination recipes, there is no need for a crumb to go to waste. Little "left-overs" make delicious dishes when properly prepared. Even the water in which vegetables have been boiled contains valuable mineral salts and can be utilized in soups.

It is a deplorable fact that some people are merely complying with the formality and not the spirit of their pledges. A few go so far as to feed the cornmeal to their chickens, continuing to use the same amount of wheat as heretofore. One is forcibly reminded of those men during the Civil War who hid out to evade conscription, and during the intervals slipped in and stole cattle from the families who were at the front giving their lives for their country. These people who lived on the "stolen" fat of the land believed in letting the other fellow do it. The sacrifices we are called upon to make are insignificant compared with those made by our ancestors.

The American Indian, hardiest of all races when living in the open and eating only corn for bread, has become almost extinct since becoming "civilized." Living in civilized houses, eating civilized food and drinking civilized "grog."

"Grog" brings with it the remembrance of General Ruckman's contribution to Sunday's San Antonio Express, in which he so neatly sums up the military situation. Also the editorial "What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander." The sentiment of the club can best be expressed by quoting: "Grog is neither food nor ammunition, and every grain distilled or brewed is wasted power in this war." Some people are patriots until you touch their pocketbooks, others until their stomachs are affected. Finicky patriotism won't win this war.

The members of the club decided to plant surplus ground in the back of Loma Vista Park in castor beans, as the government requires the oil for airplane uses, and has requested that this plant be planted generously.

The next demonstration meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. J. R. Moore at 4 o'clock next Monday afternoon. Everyone interested is most cordially invited to attend.

PERSONALS

BENDER:—J. S. Butler, San Antonii; E. Woods, Saltillo, Mex.; J. H. Hunter, A. Zaldoor, San Antonio; C. A. Chase, New York; H. T. Hodges, Dallas; W. W. Coulter, New Orleans, La.; H. J. Linkins, Chicago, Ill.; D. T. Newberg, New York; D. P. Allen, Chicago, Ill.

HAMILTON:—A. H. Rife, W. A. Shumate, J. G. Baker, C. A. Heath, alley Wells; Mrs. B. H. Wright and daughter, Saltillo, Mex.; Ed. Gonzalez Tejada, Torreon; Juan Gavito and wife, Mexico City; E. Gonzalez Riejo, Miss Marina Uribe, Toluca, Mexico; C. C. Folf and wife, W. R. Stone, R. A. Gregory, Carrizo Springs; R. A. Taylor and wife, Crystal City; T. W. Eckstein, Dallas; W. P. Thirkield, New Irleans; W. H. Dunn, W. T. Smith, Asherton; R. W. Seefield, Big Wells; P. C. Levering, O. W. Bilkesheimer, Big Wells; R. H. Trammell, Aguilares; M. Linsky, 37th Inf.; P. B. Gaines, Houston; Henry Meier, A. R. Bacon, San Antonio; Lieut. A. B. Zooman, Leon Springs; G. H. Tepee, Dallas; J. A. Thompson, Chicago; J. W. Murray, St. Louis.

THE MARCH AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

Everyone interested in the war, every father and mother who has a boy in the service, will be grateful for the message of cheer that is given in the March American Magazine by Surgeon-General Gorgas and Private Peat. Surgeon-General Gorgas tells in an interview what the chances are of getting hurt or killed in this war, and his facts are indeed cheering. Private Peat, the famous soldier-lecturer, tells in a wonderful article "Why We Come Smiling Out of Hell." His story is inspiring and thrilling.

The lecture of Frederick W. Taylor, the father of Scientific Management, and the man whose work on steel alone has been worth between $50,000,000 and $100,000,000 a year to the machine industry of the country, is printed for the first time in this issue. It is called "Not for the Genius—But for the Average Man." "How I Cured Myself of Being Too Sensitive" is the story of a man who almost ruined his life by having a sensitive nature; "Why I Believe in Deciding Things Quickly" is by Al H. Woods, the theatrical manager; "Ripley's Recipe" is an article on E. P. Ripley, the famous railroad president; "The Joy of the Job" is an inspiring article by Edna Ferber about how she works and how she loves to write; and "When My Boy Comes" is an anonymous article by a father who wants to enlist but who is held back by the approaching birth of an heir.

The fiction this month contains stories by William Dudley Pelley, [illegible] Rupert Hughes, Rupert Rich, and other well-known writers. The Interesting People is fully up to its usually high standard, and the Family Money and contest results hold many things of interest and worth.

PRIVATE.

Pat, who was "somewhere in France," had just received a letter from ould Ireland. Being unable to read, he called in the aid of the chaplain, who readily agreed to decipher it for him.

But Pat was not wholly happy. Drawing closer to the reverend gentleman, and lowering his voice to a whisper, he said:

"I hope it's not angry ye'll be, sorr, but as the matter is of a very private nature, do you moind puttin' your figure in your ears, sorr, whilst you are reading it out?"—Tit-Bits.

HER WORK.

Congresswoman Jeannette Rankin said in a Y. W. C. A. address:

"Charles Schwab married on $7 a week, and Chauncey Depew on $9. I have no sympathy with the girl who makes a devoted young man wait till he can support her as luxuriously as her old father does.

"My sympathy all goes out to the young man who said joyously, as soon as he was accepted:

"'Then, darling, we'll get married at once. Of course, at first, we shan't be able to keep a servant.'

"'Oh, Jack, hadn't we better wait, then?' she protested. 'What would the neighbors say if they saw me doing my own work?'

"Jack looked puzzled.

"'Why, sweetheart, he said, 'whose work do you want to do?'"—Washington Star.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 1:20 p. m.

Train No. 3 leaves for Corpus Christi at 8:30 p. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christ at 2:10 p. m.

Train No. 4 arrives from Corpus Christi at 7:05 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 11:00 a. m. and arrives at 4:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

Used 40 Years
CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic
Sold Everywhere

JAPAN IS TO BE GIVEN FREE HAND IN THE DOMINATION OF SIBERIA AGAINST GERMANS

Details Remain to be Worked Out, but the Main Plan is to Give Japan Permission to Handle the Siberian Affair as Best Interests of Allied Powers Dictate, and Prompt Action Wanted.

SECOND LEVY IS NOW EXPECTED SHORTLY

ACTION OF GENERAL CROWDER WAITS ON AMENDMENTS TO THE DRAFT LAW.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 5.—Announcement of the date of the next draft is imminent. The provost marshal general's office has prepared "an important announcement," which is be[illegible] method of summoning the second levy. The best of public opinion is that the first of the men will move to camp in April. Publication of the provost marshal general's announcement is being held up for congressional action on pending amendments to the selective service act.

Won't Use Aliens.

Washington, March 5.—Officers and men in the army of enemy nationality, but whose loyalty is unquestioned, will not be permitted to serve on the battle fronts, but will be detailed to insular posts when the regiments are sent abroad.

To Take Over Wharves.

Washington, March 5.—President Wilson intends to take over the Hamburg-American and North Lloyd wharves and docks at Hoboken, N. J. He has asked that the urgency deficiency bill be amended so as to give him such authority.

BRIBERY CASES DISMISSED.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 5.—The supreme court decided yesterday that federal courts have no jurisdiction over bribery at general elections. Ninety-nine voters who were indicted for frauds in the Cincinnati election will not have to stand trial.

PEMMICAN FOR TROOPS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 5.—Acting Quartermaster General Goethals has decided to include pemmican in the army ration, following the recommendation of Rear Admiral Peary, the Arctic explorer who discovered the North pole. Pemmican is made from beef or whale meat. Admiral Peary notes that a vast amount of whale meat is available from Labrador and also from the Pacific coast, at a cost of 12½c. a pound. Admiral Peary wrote Gen. Goethals: "Pemmican is the only prepared meat food men working outdoors in a low temperature can eat enjoyably two or three times daily throughout the year and keep healthy. It is concentrated, compact food, I know. One pound daily, plus a pound of ship's biscuit, four ounces of condensed milk and a half ounce of tea form the standard Arctic sledging diet. It is eatable cooked or dry. One pound is equal to four pounds of fresh beef. Pemmican is virtually dried mincemeat. I am informed that there are 100,000,000 pounds of whale meat available on the Pacific coast each season."

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The law firm of Hicks, Hicks, Dickson and Bobbitt composed of Marshall Hicks, Yale Hicks, Chas. M. Lickson and Robt. L. Bobbitt announce that on account of the entry into the army of Mr. Dickson, who is now a First Lieutenant in the Aviation Section and stationed at Washington as Adjutant, and of Mr. Bobbitt, who is now in the Officers Training Camp at Camp Travis, Mr. S. T. Phelps, formerly of Pearsall, is now a member of the partnership and the style of the firm name has been changed to Hicks, Phelps, Dickson & Bobbitt.

The San Antotnio and Laredo offices of the firm will be continued as in the past, Mr. Phelps being in personal charge of the Laredo office, Mr. Yale Hicks at the San Antonio office and Mr. Marshall Hicks will give his attention to the business of the firm at both places as in the past. Mr. Dickson and Mr. Bobbitt will both return to active practice with the firm when the war is over.

3-5-1m.

By Associated Press.

London, March 5.—Japan, reports indicate, will act soon to protect the allied interests in eastern Siberia. Press reports say the the British, French and Italian ambassadors at Tokio have or will immediately ask Japan to take whatever action is considered necessary to oppose the German propaganda in Siberia and protect the military stores at Vladivostok. It is said that need for Japanese action is increased by the signing of peace by the Bolsheviki and the German invasion of Finland.

United States Agrees.

Washington, March 5.—The United States is now in agreement with Japan, Great Britain and other cobelligerents on the principle of action in Siberia, but the details remain to be worked out. This became known [illegible] Wilson to discuss the subject.

Question is Settled.

London, March 5.—The Evening Mail says the question of Japanese intervention in Siberia has been settled and that all the allies, as well as the United States, have agreed to immediate action to safeguard the interests of the powers.

No Agreement on Subject.

Washington, March 5.—In the discussion of possible action by Japan in Siberia, Senator Lewis of Illinois, Democrat, in the senate declared there was no agreement or understanding between the United States and Japan on the subject.

Senator Lewis said Pacific coast people had expressed fear of Japan's intentions and had advised him that an alliance governing Japan's action provides for freedom to enter Siberia in return for protecting the Philippines and American interests in the Orient. "There is no such alliance or compact," he said.

Japan is Interested.

Tokio, March 5.—The Russian situation is absorbing the press and public. The Japanese cabinet has held frequent meetings, doubtlessly considering the entire question.

German Attack Repulsed.

Paris, March 5.—A German attack last night on American trenches in Lorraine was repulsed, says today's French statement. American patrols operating in the same region took a number of prisoners.

Austrians Restoring Order.

Vienna, March 5.—Operations of the Austro-Hungarian forces for restoring order and security in the Ukraine are taking their course, says the official statement.

Penetrated German Lines.

Paris, March 5.—The French statement issued last night says that the French, despite violent enemy opposition, surprise attacked and penetrated the fourth German line on a front of 1,200 meters to a depth of 600 feet, and that in some places the enemy counter attack failed.

Thousands Lost Lives.

Washington, March 5.—Several thousands of lives were lost and millions of dollars of damage done in the city of Kiev during the recent fighting between the Ukrainians and the Bolsheviki, according to advices here.

Germans Captured Narva.

London, March 5.—Continuing their advance on Petrograd, the Germans captured Narva, 100 miles from the capital, and reports say the advance continues.

Successful British Raid.

London, March 5.—The British successfully raided enemy trenches last night at Warnerton, capturing prisoners, says today's statement. An enemy raid in the same neighborhood was repulsed.

For Burning Eczema

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 35c, or $1.00 for extra large size, get a bottle of zemo. When applied as directed it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching, and heals skin troubles, also sores, burns, wounds and chafing. It penetrates, cleanses and soothes. Zemo is a clean, dependable and inexpensive, penetrating, antiseptic liquid. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and satisfying.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

PROPOSES SUSPEND THE TEXAS FISH LAW

GOVERNOR HOBBY ASKS THE LEGISLATURE TO HELP IN INCREASING NATIONAL FOOD SUPPLY.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 5.—Govenor Hobby today submitted to the legislature the subject of the suspension of the fish law relative to the taking of fish, oysters and shrimp from the salt waters of the Texas coast in order to increase the food supply and conserve meat. Seven other minor subjects were submitted at the request of members.

SOME LEGATIONS DETAINED.

Special to The Times.

London, March 5.—Despatches from Petrograd report the departure of the British and French embassies. The Belgian, Serbian, Greek, Portuguese and Italian legations were detained, the reason not being stated.

AERIAL MAIL ROUTES.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 5.—Coincident with the opening of the first aerial mail route between Washington and New York April 15, a new 24c stamp will be issued. This plus the regular postage will make the cost for delivery by air service 27c, cheaper and quicker than night letter by telegraph. At the start only one airplane will go each way daily. Mail airplanes will stop at Philadelphia, but it is believed the trip from New York to Washington will be made in two hours.

JEWISH SOCIALIST APPEAL.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 5.—The Jewish Socialist League of America has issued an appeal to all socialists to unite for the defeat of kaiserism. The appeal says: "The majority of the socialists in Germany and Austria have betrayed liberty and socialism. They have entered into a miserable pact with the kaiser and the junkers to conquer all democratic peoples. The Russian proletariat have been deceived and misled. A great calamity has befallen Russia. This war is now deciding the world's history. It is a holy war now. It must guard the sacred treasure of freedom and democracy.

HATS OFF TO THE FLAG.

Doesn't it make you mad to see some man stand stolid as the flag goes by and never lift his hat? Sometimes you go out and speak to him. We have known persons to go out to the curb and politely remove the offender's hat. We know a woman who stepped out to the curb and took four hats off as many men all in a row. And the exasperating thing about that was that they did not know what it was all about until she explained that the colors were going by and that every man was expected to uncover to the flag. But after all, it is not so much a lack of patriotism as it is a lack of education which is responsible for our want of courtesy to the Stars and Stripes. We have all been so very slack in instilling into the younger generations and into those who have come to us from a foreign land a proper respect for the ensign of the land.—Buffalo Express.

TO RATIFY TREATY.

Special to The Times.

Petrograd, March 5.—Lenine and Trotzky have signed an official announcement stating that the Bolsheviki peace delegates, after signing the peace treaty at Brest Litovsk, are proceeding to Petrograd, where the text will be published. Ratification is fixed for Thursday, but the final decision will be made by the All-Russian congress which meets at Moscow on March 12.

THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Publishers and Proprietors.

Terms:—Published every evening except Sunday, daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico.

One copy, one month..... .60 cts.
One copy, one year.....$5.00

Weekly:—Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada.

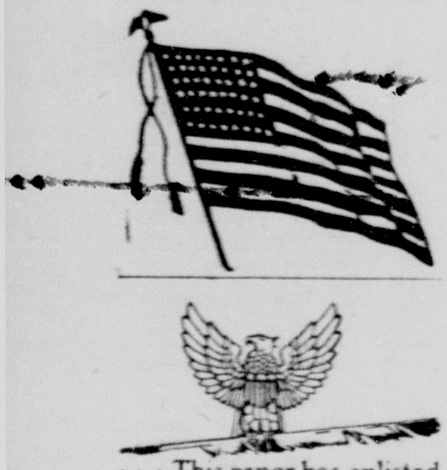
One copy, one year.....$2.00
One copy, six months..... 1.00
One copy, three months..... 60
Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance

Address communications to
PENN PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone 43, ... Laredo, Texas.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

From Monday's Daily.



- - - This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war - - - - - -

THE GOVERNMENT POSITIONS.

In view of the demand for stenographers and typewriters in government positions nowadays, the attention of the public, especially that part which is gullible, should be called to the advertisements of some of the alleged "business colleges" advertising in the country weeklies—and in even the city dailies—regarding civil service appointments.

In the first place, it should be understood by all—though it seems hard to convince some of the people—that there is no institution on earth, not even congress, that can assure a man or woman a position under the civil service unless the applicant is qualified and has been properly certified after an examination.

Some of these "schools" actually promise their "students," who by the way never actually take a commercial or professional course, that they will secure a position as soon as they receive their diplomas. And any school which will so advertise may be put down as a fake, pure and simple.

Some of the new "systems" of stenography or of typewriting are also advertising to equip students in thirty days to accept positions, notwithstanding the fact that the sort of students who would believe such an advertisement could not qualify in two years, because they have not the most rudimentary intelligence or schooling to start with.

A shorthand magazine published by one of the most prominent shorthand institutions in the country calls attention to the fact that some students who had been led into taking a course in Chicago which promised to "teach the system" in an hour lost their suits against the woman who taught this particular "system," because she declared that her system consisted of the alphabet and twelve simple rules, and she made her pupils, who had each paid $50 in advance, confess in court that they had learned the alphabet and the rules in an hour. And by the way, the alphabet was one with which they were more or less familiar from the start, being simply the old Pitman alphabet originated more than a half century ago.

Some of the teachers of a "system" of teaching typewriting, charging all the way from $20 to $50, also tell in print of the enormous advantages to be derived from their "system," when all there is to typewriting is a correct system of fingering, alike in all the systems, and then—some months of practice.

If one will but take the trouble to talk with some expert in shorthand and typewriting, he will save himself much disappointment and perhaps some money. Anyone who is a competent stenographer will say that there is no royal road or shortcut to success in that line of work; it is attained solely by practice and study.

Meanwhile, the government wants many hundreds—some ten thousand, it is said—expert stenographers and typewriters. Those who feel that they are competent can readily demonstrate that fact, and the appointment follows as a matter of course, the vacancies being many times the number of applicants.

There is nothing mysterious about shorthand. It is merely a simpler form of writing than the ordinary penmanship, but one must consider that it took him eight or ten years—perhaps more—to learn to write ordinary English in longhand, and that he cannot learn shorthand over night.

There are many business men who have not yet learned to write an ordinary letter on the typewriter, although they have had a machine in the office for years. And the government needs stenographers or typists who can write correctly, with a minimum of errors and with the maximum of speed, in order to get through with the ordinary day's work, to say nothing of the rush when it comes.

The main idea of this is to warn people not to be too optimistic in their acceptance of fake advertsing.

JAPAN'S LATEST MOVE.

There is another bugaboo which seems to disturb some of our statesmen more than all past charges against Japan, and that is the dread that Japan may not be acting in good faith in her proposal to go into Siberia to protect the great stores of ammunition and other war material at Vladivostock. Some people affect to believe that even though Japan is acting in good faith the Germans will succeed in convincing the Russians that the little island empire intends to seize Siberia, thus arousing the Russians against Japan, and incidentally against the allies who agree to the proposition.

There seems to be little reason for the latter view. Even if the Russians become aroused against Japan, they will not be more dangerous to the allied cause than they have been ever since Lenine and Trotzky gained the ascendancy. And now, when they ought to be united in repelling the German forces, they are still indulging in talkfests, while the only troops they have are laying down their arms and going home.

Japan, it must be remembered, furnished a great part of the supplies which she is now anxious to prevent falling into the hands of the Germans; not, perhaps, because of an overwhelming affection for Russia, but because the munitions were of advantage to the allied cause.

There has all along been a feeling that the entrance of Japan into the conflict in the west would be disastrous to the allies. Some even declare that Japan is opposed to the establishment of republics, basing their statements on the attitude of Japan toward the new Chinese republic. But it must be remembered that Japan has always had ambitions in connection with China, even when it was an absolute monarchy.

The oldtime "yellow peril" scare comes up every time that Japan offers to do something for the allied cause. Some mention Genghis Khan, Timurlane and the Turks as evidence that the yellow race is not to be trusted when it has once succeeded in putting its foot in the crack of the door.

But Japan could not more be a menace to the united allied forces than could the Turks alone. The only fear for the future is that the wily German diplomats may succeed in forcing a split between Japan and the allies. The Japanese are very touchy as to their national honor, and they object to being called Mongolians and thus placed on a par with the Chinese. And they object to being treated as an inferior race, calling attention to the fact that they were a civilized nation with arts and sciences at a time when the Germans, to use the latter's own words, "lay on bear hides and ever drank another horn of beer."

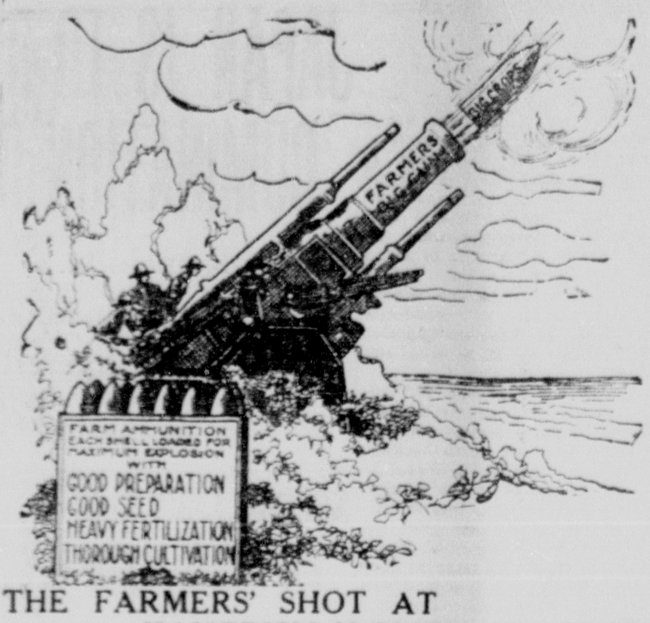
Japan is skilled in intrigue, yet her diplomats learned many valuable lessons from the Germans. She has many trained in espionage, yet they are children compared with the German spies. She is too small as a nation to ever dream of attacking the western world, although her one ambition is to one day rule the Mongolian empire and to extend her sphere of influence to the farthest reaches of the Asiatic mainland.

So far Japan has kept her pledged word in a manner which ought to bring the blush of shame to the faces of the Germans and the Russians. She captured Kiao Chau from the Germans; she used her naval forces to patrol the Pacific, and she offered to send soldiers to Europe, which offer was politely declined.

But now after having sent enormous quantities of arms and ammunition to Russia, she demands the right to send troops to Siberia in order to prevent these stores from falling into the hands of the Germans through the treachery or the besotted ignorance of the Russians who are now in control.

If the allies are to win, they must cut loose from Russia. There is nothing to be gained by wasting troops or supplies in that country. And if Japan is willing and able to protect an extensive territory from German invasion, by all means let her do it.

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $



THE FARMERS' SHOT AT KAISERISM IS MAXIMUM CROPS

Written for the Texas Food and Feed Production Campaign by C. A. Whittle

Upon those whom the United States has not called from the farm, rests a great obligation of feeding and clothing the liberty armies of the world. The greater the crops the harder the armies will be able to strike.

What can hinder the farmer from making maximum crops? Will it be a lack of market and a good price? No, the market and price prospects are good.

Will it be for lack of money or credit with which to buy tools, seeds, fertilizers or other necessary supplies? No, money is plentiful and credit is.

Will it be for lack of labor? Labor is scarce without doubt. In fact, the shortage of labor is practically the only great obstacle the farmer has to meet in producing maximum crops. If he could have abundance of labor he could increase the cultivated acreage and by proper fertilization he could bring in a very great crop. But in view of the lack of labor what must he do?

He can do two things to overcome the labor shortage: First, increase the applications of fertilizers, which will increase the yield without enlarging the cultivated acreage. Second, use labor saving machinery.

But overcoming the labor shortage is not all that is necessary to obtain maximum crops. Here is a schedule of important things that must be done by every farmer to get maximum crops:

1. Break the land deeply turning under all stalks, stubble and litter possible.
2. Harrow, roll and pulverize the seed bed thoroughly before planting.
3. Use only the best possible seed, preferably pedigreed seed, from a responsible plant breeder.
4. Make liberal use of fertilizers, and use manure whenever obtainable to supplement the fertilizers.
5. Give thorough and frequent cultivation to the tilled crops, preferably shallow and frequent cultivation.
6. Harvest savingly and protect the stored crops from pests.

While it is true that everything the farmer has to buy is high in price, it is also true that whatever the farmer has to sell is also high in price. The fertilizer people figure out that their products have not advanced in price as much as the price of crops, and that as a matter of fact, cotton, corn, peanuts, tobacco and the like will buy more fertilizer now than ever. Which being true it follows that it will pay better now to use it than formerly, for the increase for which they are responsible will be worth more.

Another thing that the farmer must bear in mind if he would be sure to raise a bumper crop and that is, to place his orders early for everything that is to be shipped by rail. The railroads are hard put to it and do not afford assurance of prompt shipments. Orders placed late are more than likely to be too late to be delivered in time.

Even if shipping were good, there would be nothing gained by delay. Prices are not likely to be lower. In fertilizers, especially there is a scarcity of materials and advancing prices, making it improbable that the fertilizer will be cheaper.

NATIONAL LEAGUE MANAGERS FOR 1918.

New York.—John J. McGraw, successful of National league managers, born at Truxton, N. Y., 1873. Played first professional engagement with the Olean (N. Y.) team in 1890. Joined the famous Baltimore Orioles in 1892 and almost immediately shared honors with the great stars of that team. Later played with the St. Louis Nationals and Baltimore Americans. Since becoming pilot of the New York Giants in 1902 McGraw has won six National league pennants and one world's championship.

Philadelphia.—Patrick J. Moran, who is credited with piloting the only Philly team to win a National league pennant, was born at Fitchburg, Mass., in 1876. Began his baseball career at Lyons, N. Y., in 1897 and two years later joined the Montreal team. Entered National league in 1901 as a catcher for Boston. Developed into a star backstop. His big league career covered five years with Boston, four with Chicago and five with Philadelphia. He piloted a pennant winner in 1915, his first year as manager of the Phillies.

St. Louis.—John C. Hendricks, recently signed to pilot the Cardinals, was born in Chicago in 1879. After a varied career in semi-pro and minor league ball he got a trial as an outfielder with the New York Giants in 1902. He failed to stick with the Giants and returned to the minors as manager of a Central league team. His next move led him to Denver, where he piloted a Western league championship team. Last season as manager of the Indianapolis team he won the American association pennant.

Cincinnati.—Christy Mathewson, manager of the Reds and former star pitcher for the Giants, was born at Factoryville, Pa., in 1880. Before entering professional baseball he was a crack college player at Bucknell university. His first regular job as a pastimer was with the Taunton, Mass., team in 1899. The following year he was at Norfolk and at the close of the season he joined the Giants. During the ensuing fifteen years Mathewson was the mainstay in the box for the McGraw outfit. He became manager of the Reds in 1916.

Chicago.—Fred Mitchell, pilot of the Cubs, was born at Cambridge, Mass., 1878. Joined the St. John, N. Y., team as a pitcher in 1900 and the next season was with the Boston Americans. He continued his major league pitching in Boston, Philadelphia and Brooklyn, until 1906, when he joined the Toronto team. In 1910 he became coach of the Boston Braves and last season entered the managerial ranks as pilot of the Cubs.

Boston.—George Stallings, veteran leader of the Braves, was born at Augusta, Ga., in 1870. He began as an outfielder back in the middle eighties and played with several minor league teams and with the Philadelphia and Brooklyn Nationals. His long career as a manager began in 1893 at Augusta, where he piloted a pennant winner. Later he managed teams at Nashville, Detroit, Buffalo, Newark and New York, going to Boston in 1914. Though he found the team in the Hub a tail-ender he won with it the National league pennant and the world's championship.

Brooklyn.—Wilbert Robinson, leader of the Dodgers, was born at Hudson, Mass., in 1869. He made his professional debut as catcher for the Haverhill, Mass., team in 1885 and later played with the Athletics of the American association, the Baltimore Orioles and the St. Louis Cardinals. Robinson was a member of the wonderful Oriole team of 1894-6 and shared honors with such stars as McGraw, Jennings, Brodie and Keeler. After retiring from active pastiming, Robinson joined the Giants as coach and remained with McGraw five years. He took charge of the Dodgers in 1914 and won the National league pennant two years ago.

Pittsburgh.—Hugo Bezdek, manager of the Pirates, was born in Chicago in 1884. The selection of Bezdek last July to succeed Jimmy Callahan as pilot of the Pirates came as a surprise to baseball followers, owing to the fact that he had had no connection with big league baseball, other than a brief period of scout duty for the team he now leads. Bezdek was at one time a star fullback on the University of Chicago football team. Later he was a successful athletic coach at the University of Oregon.

MESSRS. MALLY AND DAVIS REPRESENT WEBB COUNTY

Named as Representatives From This County on Committee That Will Go to Washington Shortly.

The Webb County Farmers Association have selected Prof. F. W. Mally, the county agricultural agent, and John H. Davis, one of the most extensive growers in the onion industry in this section, as the members from this county on the committee of five representative onion growers of Southwest Texas who will go to Washington to place the proposition of making onions a recognized wholesome food before the food administrator and asking Mr. Hoover to name a price at which the onions be furnished consumers.

The executive committee appointed at the general meeting of onion growers held here last week will meet this afternoon and name the other members of the committee and transact much important business to onion growers.

EVERETT COLBY



Everett Colby of Orange, N. J., is a member of the United States Food Administration's Commission to France, who has returned recently to the United States. He will make a tour of Southern Texas during the week of March 17-23, beginning on March 17 at Houston. He will give an account of what he saw of food needs and deprivations in France, England, Italy, Belgium and the Balkan States, and will be heard at Houston on March 17, San Antonio on March 18, Austin on March 19, Bryan on March 20, Galveston, March 21; Beaumont, March 22, and Marshall on March 23. Special rates will be made for his lecture from adjoining cities and towns by the railroads. Every patriotic Texan should hear this speaker. At the same time Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur of the Leland Stanford University and Miss Kate Barnard will be speakers at Richmond, Cuero, Victoria, Brenham, Navasota, Bay City, Conroe, Orange, Palestine, Jacksonville and Longview.

The commission's investigations of the food situation started at once. Every day until early in January when the tour was concluded in France, every member of the commission made the most of every moment to find how urgent is Europe's need of American food.

London and Paris were visited. The training farm, where English women are learning to become agriculturists, was inspected, and in France Mr. Colby, with other members of the commission, visited many of the farming centers.

The commission has been able to form an accurate resume of the situation, both from informal observation tours, and trips made in company with British and French officials. The actual situation will be presented by Mr. Colby in vivid, impressive fashion.

Mr. Colby is an attorney, has been a member of the New Jersey house of representatives, and of the New Jersey State senate, and of the New Jersey National Guard.

WHOLESALER DENIED U. S. FOOD LICENSE

ORDER AGAINST SAN ANTONIO FIRM SIGNED BY HOOVER.

Not Allowed to Operate as Wholesaler, Broker or Jobber—Action Result of Refusal to Accept Shipment.

J. L. Gengler & Co. of San Antonio, because of a refusal to accept two carloads of potatoes consigned to them by McClintock & Co. of Wisconsin, has been denied by the United States Food Administration the privilege of operating further in the United States as wholesaler, broker or jobber in any of the commodities embraced in the proclamations of the president, or hereafter to be issued by the president.

United States Food Administrator Hoover signed the order refusing a license to the company February 12. The firm had made application for license, but the matter had been held up pending the termination of this controversy.

The record in the case was prepared in San Antonio, where the hearing was held during the last week in January. The record or findings of fact made by the special examiner, in substance that the refusal to accept shipment of two cars of potatoes on the part of J. L. Gengler & Co. was unwarranted, was forwarded on February 4 to Washington.

"The effect of the order," states the legal department of the Federal Food Administration of Texas, is that the Gengler firm may no longer deal as a wholesaler, jobber or broker in any of the commodities embraced in either of the proclamations of the president heretofore issued or that may hereafter be issued.

"This complaint is but one of hundreds that are being received by the Federal Food Administration of Texas complaining of the refusal to accept shipment. While each complaint must stand on its own facts, there has undoubtedly been a disposition on the part of some dealers, in the presence of a falling market, to reject shipments on trivial or baseless grounds, causing a tieing up of railroad equipmen and deterioration of contents. The Federal Food Administration of Texas will give just consideration to complaints of consignors that consignees are acting wrongfully, as well as complaints of consignees that consignors have made shipment of inferior quality not covered by contract."

LITTLE LOCALS

—The importations through this port from Mexico today consisted of two carloads of ixtle, one carload of henequen, three carloads of hides, one carload of goatskins and two carloads of copper.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-tf.

—INCOME TAX reports carefully and correctly prepared. Leonard W. Craig. Phone 411 or 1015. 2-26-7t.

—The March term of district court for Webb county will be convened at the courthouse in this city on next Monday morning by Judge Mullally. The term will last for eight weeks, and immediately upon its expiration a second successive term of eight more weeks will begin.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—Cage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's. 3-2-1m.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—The following marriage licenses have been issuel by the county clerk since last report: Antonio S. Martinez and Mrs. Luz Gallegos, Salomon Medina and Miss Dolores Flores, Juan Vasquez and Miss Rosenda Rivera.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot. 3-4-5t.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modern machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street. Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-10t.

—According to a telegram received this morning from Representative Atlee the ten-mile dry zone law passed to engrossment by the house of representatives on Saturday includes Laredo. The measure as now before the legislature seeks to make the law become effective April 1, or less than one month, but this feature of the bill may be changed before final passage for extended time.

—When wanting milk phone 356. 1-22-tf.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m

—The executive committee of the onion growers are in session at the Chamber of Commerce rooms this afternoon taking action regarding the market conditions and also naming the members who are to comprise the committee who are to go to Washington to see Hoover. There will be no meeting of growers tonight as previously announced.

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage, tel 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed. 8-11-tf.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered. 1215 Lincoln street. 2-14-1m.

—Judge A. Winslow has been appointed chairman for Webb county for the sale of United States treasury certificates of indebtedness, dated Feb. 27, 1918, which are due and payable May 28, 1918. These certificates draw 4½ per cent per annum. The subscription books will close at the close of business March 5, 1918, and all applications for these certificates must be wired to the Federal Reserve Bank, Dallas, Texas, by that hour.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county. 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 802 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

Funeral Held Saturday.

The funeral of Mrs. John S. Sielski was held on Saturday afternoon from the Convery undertaking parlor to the Episcopal church at 3 o'clock and was largely attended, the funeral services being conducted by Rev. C. W. Cook at both the church and grave. The pall-bearers were M. W. Brennan, T. A. Leyendecker, E. R. Tarver, J. Lynch, W. Y. Bunn and F. H. Lusk.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

WAS VICTIM OF DESERTERS ACCORDING TO CHAUFFEUR

Man Says He Was Hired By Soldiers and When Within Ten Miles of Laredo His Car Was Taken By Men.

A man wearing a United States army uniform and claiming to be a chauffeur of San Antonio, arrived in Laredo early this morning after having walked a distance of about ten miles and reported to the city marshal's office and the military commander here that he had been the victim of four soldiers who had deserted from San Antonio.

The man said he had been hired by the four soldiers yesterday to take them for a ride, and that they left San Antonio and came directly toward Laredo, the soldiers ordering that this route be taken. When within about ten miles of Laredo, the chauffeur said, the men made him stop the car, get out and, with a gun shoved under his nose, he was compelled to exchange his clothes with one of the soldiers. Then they turned the car about, started off and left him standing in the road. He walked to Laredo, reaching here this morning.

The name of the chauffeur is E. H. Otton, owner of Studebaker Six, No. 183762, which is a service car of San Antonio.

Deserters Are Captured.

Shortly before noon today Mounted Customs Inspectors Robert Rumsey and John Chamberlain arrived at the federal building, having in custody in an auto four members of the Sixth Cavalry, stationed at Fort Sam Houston, who were the men who had taken the automobile from E. H. Otton. They were captured about seven miles northwest of Laredo by the customs inspectors this morning while headed for the river front. They are Privates Jesse Mooman, Ray Arnols, John E. Chevolt and K. V. Shafer of Troop C, Sixth Cavalry. The inspectors surrendered the four soldiers to the customs authorities, who in turn surrendered them to the military authorities and they are now in the guardhouse at Fort McIntosh pending instructions from the Southern Department headquarters.

W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that I, administrator of the estate of Joseph McKendrick deceased, will on the 2nd day of April, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M. being the first Tuesday of said month, at the court house door in Laredo, Webb County, Texas, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate belonging to said estate and situated in the Western division of the City of Laredo, Webb County, Texas: to-wit: Blocks numbered 781, 782, 783, 758, 760 and 581. Witness my hand this 25th day of February, 1918.

WILLIAM McKENDRICK,
Administrator

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation ask anyone who has used it.

NOMINATION JOHN E. GREEN HAS BEEN SENT TO SENATE

Present Efficient Official Serving in That Capacity Has Been Nominated for Another Term.

Announcement has been received from Washington that the nomination of John E. Green as United States attorney for the Southern District of Texas has been sent to the senate for confirmation.

Mr. Green is the present able district attorney of this federal court district and it is pleasing news to his many friends that he will represent the district for the next four years.

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the *real* cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like. At 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

From Monday's Daily.

LIEUT. COL. QUACKENBUSH IN COMMAND OF KELLY FIELD

Popular Officer Who Made Many Friends in Laredo is Deservedly Receiving Fast Promotions.

The following announcement is of interest to Laredo people, where the popular officer mentioned was stationed for a time last year as adjutant and intelligence officer of the Laredo District under Brigadier General Ruckman, and who was later called to San Antonio by General Ruckman and made a member of his staff, at that time being a captain:

Lieut. Col. Gerritt Van S. Quackenbush, formerly commanding the First Training Brigade at Kelly Field, and acting commander of the field, has been made commander, to succeed Col. William D. Chitty.

Colonel Quackenbush received his orders to take command of Kelly Field by telegram from the chief signal officer in Washington.

Colonel Quackenbush is well known in the Southern Department and in San Antonio. Before going to Kelly Field he was stationed at Fort Sam Houston. On going to Fort Sam Houston he was a captain and aide to General Ruckman. Soon after being transferred to Fort Sam Houston he was promoted to a major. On going to Kelly Field he was made a lieutenant colonel. Colonel Quackenbush had also been adjutant to General Ruckman while the latter was in command of the Laredo district.

Colonel Quackenbush joined the army at the time of the Spanish-American War as a lieutenant in the New York Infantry. He entered the regular army February 2, 1901. He was born in New York October 18, 1870.

STRAIGHTEN THAT BENT BACK.

No need to suffer from that tired, dead ache in your back, that lameness, those distressing urinary disorders. Laredo people have found how to get relief. Follow this Laredo resident's example.

E. T. Ramon, merchant, 1619 Lincoln St., says: "I have suffered from attacks of backache for some time. I have had dull throubing pains through my kidneys, so I couldn't stoop or straighten up without suffering greatly. When one of those attacks has come on, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have never failed to remove the trouble. Doan's relieve the pain and make me feel better generally."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ramon had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo. N. Y.

PROMOTIONS ANNOUNCED FOR CUSTOMS EMPLOYES

Importatnt Changes Are Made in the Parsonnel of the Staff of the Customs Service at Laredo.

While for some time past it was known that several changes had been made or were being made in the staff of the Laredo customshouse, official announcement of the changes was not made until this morning.

Miss Mary Devine, the deputy collector, has been promoted to deputy collector in charge, succeeding R. G. Ginn, who has been transferred back to Brownsville.

Adolph R. Kahn, formerly cashier, has been promoted to deputy collector and clerk, N. A. Miller succeeds Mr. Kahn as cashier.

E. W. Eaton has been made export clerk and Miss Wilhelm Born is the stenographer of the customs service here.

Farmers and others who live at a distance from a drug store should keep in the house a bottle of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It may be needed at any time for cuts, wounds, sores, sprains or rheumatism. It is a powerfull healing and penetrating remedy. Price 25, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

AGREED ON A SETTLEMENT AND THE TRIAL IS STOPPED

Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. Compromise Wih O. E. Martin, Who Was Suing For $30,000 Damages.

The following item regarding the disposition of the case of O. F. Martin vs. the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. on trial at Corpus Christi last week, is taken from the Corpus Christi Caller of Sunday:

A damage suit case that has been on trial in the district court since last Tuesday before a jury ended abruptly yesterday afternoon when the attorneys in the case announced that they had agreed on a settlement and that the trial need not proceed further.

O. F. Martin who sought $30,000 damages against the Texas-Mexican Railway Company for alleged personal injuries was given $6,000 under terms of the settlement. Attorneys in the case were J. M. Taylor for the plaintiff and Asher Smith of Laredo and Sutherland & Pope for the defendant company.

HERBINE cures constipation and reestablishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists. x

EVAPORATED ONIONS—WHY NOT?

Waste of Culls and No. 3's Can be Utilized by That Process.

To The Times:

During the convention of delegates from the upper counties to work out a plan of properly distributing the present prospective onion crop, I suggested the following outline of a plan whereby not only could the low grade onions be utilized, but the poorer quality of onions kept out of the market, and both the culls stock (evaporated) as well as the good onions, be sold at a profit.

Since I became convinced that there was such a great acreage of onions, and worse than all, assuming that it might be possible to rain again, some time, and the possibility also that it might rain during the onion harvesting season, I began an investigation last December to provide for ways and means of avoiding total, or at least very great losses.

In the first place there are evaporating equipments which are tested and adjusted for drying smaller quantities, which involve a cost of from $250.00 to $500.00 which will be large enough to properly dry and put into good commercial condition, the culls from most any average onion farm of forty acres, or less. Then there are equipments which can be installed which will handle car lots of these culls almost daily, if necessary. Then the off grade onions are in a condition to be stored, or sold to the army and navy, and all merchant marine transportation companies.

It is not an untried matter, as the army, navy and merchant marine now buy mostly evaporated vegetables to conserve space in their ships. The undried form is too bulky and perishable, and they have gradually gotten to the practice of buying these evaporated vegetables. The list includes spinach, beets, carrots, cabbage, irish and sweet potatoes and largely onions. I have samples at my office of the form of evaporated vegetables just listed which are being prepared by a large corporation in California. There are similar factories I think in Oregon and Washington, and for onions some in Ohio and New York. These larger installations run into cost of equipments any where from $2,500.00 to five or ten thousand dollars as the business justifies, or regular army and merchant marine contracts may warrant.

But to protect against loss from water-logged onions, or from smut and decay in damp onions, I have carried on a test the past year for disinfecting the damp onion so that it will not decay readily, and also a process which will reduce the moisture in waterlogged onions so that they will become firm and safe for shipment.

On a larger scale it would only require a small engine with properly designed air fan, and cylinder for driving the damp air over a hot blast or furnace, and driving this dried hot air through even as much as a car of crated onions properly stacked over a slatted flour above. The exact time of this drying process will depend on the nature of the weather, but it is easily within the realm of commercial operations to reduce the moisture of water-logged onions by this method, until they are dry and safe for shipment. Another result of these tests shows that the wax onions especially, will be protected from the development of the black smut, which so easily develops. The Laredo growers with their warehouses, etc. could easily adjust an installation of great value along this line, the culls be saved, water-logged onions cured for shipment, and the markets of the better grades made more profitable.

FRED. W. MALLY,
County Agent.

Notice of Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. will be held at the offices of the company in Laredo, Texas, Thursday, March 7, 1918, at 3 p. m. for the purpose of electing a board of directors and the transacting of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The regular meeting of the board of directors will be held immediately after the meeting of the stockholders at the same place and on the same date.

C. C. BIGGIO,
Secretary.

Laredo, Texas, Feb. 5, 1918.

2-5-30t.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Chas. H. Brient, the well known contractor, who built the Latin-American Club building and many other of the finest structures in Laredo will assume the management of the Webb County Lumber Co. on March first. This does not mean that he has quit the building business, but on the contrary will be into it more than ever and he will be glad to give all persons contemplatng building the benefit of his wide experience in the building business if they will call on him. His office phone number is 550.

2-28-6t.

Take HERBINE for indigestion. It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by all durggists. x

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . . Phone 78

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

Red Cross Surgical Room will be open at the usual hour in the afternoon.

The Hebrew Ladies Aid Society will hold their monthly business meeting at the Y. M. H. A. Hall at 3:30 in the afternoon.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at four o'clock in the afternoon.

The Heights Civic Club will hold a "demonstration meeting" at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Tuesday.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. R. A. Millar at the usual time in the afternoon.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will hold their regular wekkly meetin at the Rectory with Mrs. C. W. Cook at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will be held at Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the ecening. The meeting will be for work, and all members are urged to be present. All visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

Vespers.

The birds are sleepy, yet they pray
Unto their god, in humble way,
That he will give them, for their need
Tomorrow, store of drink and seed.

They thank him, gravely reverent,
That he, this day, in bounty sent—
For that he is so kind and good—
Much folk to walk within their wood.

And glad them by their raiment bright
From leap of sun till lack of light.
And give them heart, the whole day long,
To labor at their task of song.

—Mary Carolyn Davies.

General Mention.

Mrs. C. H. Ellsworth of New York arrived yesterday on a visit to her cousin, Mrs. W. W. MacGregor.

Mrs. F. W. Mally left for San Antonio Sunday to visit relatives for a few days and will then go to Crystal City, extending her absence from Laredo until Prof. Mally returns from his trip to Washington as a member of the onion growers committee sent to confer with Food Administrator Hoover.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. G'Sell and little daughter, Catherine May, returned home on Sunday from a pleasant xisit to relatives in Groveton and they also spent a few days with Mrs. House, in Houston.

Mr. Alfred Giles and Miss Marcella Giles of San Antonio are spending a week in New York, visiting Mrs. Geoffrey J. Giles. They are planning a number of delightful side trips. Miss Christine Hill is staying at the same apartment house.

Mrs. Charles Florian of San Antonio arrived in the city yesterday to join Mr. Florian after spending the winter in Washington, Baltimore and Atlanta. They are pleasantly located at the Hotel Hamilton and will be in the city for a short stay.

Greetings have been received from Miss Christine Hill of Laredo and San Antonio, who is in New York, where she is doing splendid work at the American Academy of Dramatic Art. Miss Hill graduated from the San Antonio High School and from the Briggs' School of Expression last June.—San Antonio Express.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Winchester, who have been in Laredo for the past several years, have gone to San Antonio to make their future home.

Mrs. O. E. Kennedy spent the week-end in San Antonio with her husband, who is stationed at Camp Travis.

Mrs. J. A. Wilson left this morning for Corpus Christi to spend two weeks as the guest of Mrs. R. A. MacCulloch.

Mr. John Kenney of Richmond, Ind., arrived Thursday to be the guest of his sons, Dr. C. F. and Mr. J. W. Kenney, for the remainder of the cold season. Mr. Kenney usually spend the winter in the South, but was delayed this year by blockades and train embargoes. He reports this the coldest winter in Indiana since 1832.

Announcement.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian church will be entertained by Mrs. L. W. Hansen at 1508 Salinas avenue tonight with a paper party.

Club Notes.

The members of the Fidelis Class of the Baptist Church entertained the members of the Berean Class at the Pastorium on Friday evening with a delightful social. A number of pleasant games were enjoyed under the direction of Miss Minnie Burr and Mrs. J. N. Campbell. Delicious refershments were served at the close of the evening.

Keatly-Crandall.

On Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock a very pretty wedding ceremony was solemnized in Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev. C. W. Cook officiating, Lieut. Edwin Emerson Keatley of the 37th Infantry, U. S. A., and Miss Adele Louise Crandall of Battle Creek, Michigan, were the contracting parties. Capt. J. T. Harris gave the bride in marriage, while Mrs. Harris stood as matron and witness. Lieut. Swift acted as best man and groom's witness. On account of the season of Lent the rite was administered with very simple and unostentatious surroundings. The bride was simply gowned in silk of navy blue with accessories to match. The church was well filled by friends of the bride and groom, many of the people witnessing the ceremony being from Fort McIntosh. The wedding party and guests went immediately from the church to the post, where Captain and Mrs. Harris had prepared a reception, where light refreshments were served. The Times, with a host of friends, wish the happy pair long life and happiness.

Shipped Hospital Supplies.

The Laredo Chapter is sending today to the Division Supply Depot at St. Louis two boxes of convalescent gowns of double faced canton flannel, 40 garments in each box, and a conservative estimate would be for the 80 garments $200. The box was from Circle B, Mrs. G. C. Woodman chairman.

SPORT CHATTER.

Bryan Downey of Chicago and Joe Eagan, the Boston battler, will clash again at Columbus, March 11. It will be the third time they have met in the ring.

Miller Huggings, the Yanks' pilot, is an ambitious cuss, anyway you take him. He put in a bid for about all the American league stars, even though he succeeded only in making a trade with the Browns.

Glowing accounts of how the Yankees are grabbing star players are printed in the New York papers one day and denied the next. Evidently Gotham scribes know as much about the Yankee outfit as does some hick in Squirrel Centre.

As Percy Houghton, Leo Leary and Reggie Brown, the Harvard football experts, are slated to return to the job at Cambridge this year, it looks as if the Crimson gridders intend to play real football instead of the informal variety.

Stranger Ed. Lewis must have been side-cracked in the wrestling championship merry-go-round. It was only a short time ago that the Kentucky grappler held the spotlight in the mat game, but now Joe Stecher, Earl Caddock and Biscuits Zbyszko are monopolizing the stage.

WILL INTERFERE WITH PLANS.

Prior to the last city election in Martinsville, the republican and democratic party leaders held a meeting and agreed not to buy votes at the coming election, says the Indianapolis News. One of the old citizens, who lives on a farm near the outskirts of the town, was told of the agreement, and was heard to say:

"Hum, that will interfere with my plans considerably."

PERSONALS

J. F. Gunther left for Del Rio yesterday on a short business visit.

Lee Edwards, after an absence of more than a year from Laredo, during which time he has been at the factory of the Bessemer Gas Works, has returned to his home in this city.

BENDER:—R. H. Jeffrey and wife, Saltillo, Mex.; H. Blenke, Cincinnati, O.; A. Y. Bartholemew, Peoria, Ill.; L. A. Smith, Peoria, Ill.; J. A. Bennan, San Antonio; J. H. Leon and son, Chicago, Ill.; M. Phillipe, Mexico City; Chas. B. Goldborough, G. L. Morgan, New York; J. W. Downing, St. Louis, Mo.; E. H. Sager, Memphis, Tenn.; Wm. Creamer, Memphis, Tenn.; G. H. Byrne, Los Angeles, Cal.; W. Kelso, San Antonio.

HAMILTON—R. L. Pratt, Manassa, Colo.; Mrs. C. H. Florian, J. J. Jordan, Chas. B. Watts, Wm. Paes, A. J. Spruill, John Jackson and wife, P. C. Lueche, Marshall Hicks, San Antonio; G. A. Bruni, Dallas; Ernest S. Kerlin, T. S. Harper, L. K. Mullenfux. 37th Inf.; Geo. Hart, N. Laredo; C. Ludveph, John Hamilton, Dallas; Cesar Soail and brother, M. G. Loyola, Mexico City; W. T. Wiley, Mission; W. L. Bradbury, Shangland; Chas. Votz, Mission; Ernest L. Anderson, Mexico City.

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up calls for a rubbing application of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inlonvenience. Price 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

DRY ZONE BILL WITH EMERGENCY CLAUSE EFFECTIVE APRIL 1 PASSED HOUSE TODAY

Drastic Prohibition Law Now Goes to the Senate—Attempts to Include Manufacturers of Liquors Failed---Decision Now Rests with Senate, as Governor Hobby is Behind the Bill.

GERMANY PREPARES TO OCCUPY FINLAND

SEIZURE OF ALAND ISLANDS PROTESTED BY SWEDEN BUT MADE NO DIFFERENCE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 4.—The German occupation of the Aland islands is only the preliminary to the total occupation of Finland. Germany has informed Sweden that she intends to occupy Finland and the latter has protested. Germany said she does not intend to permanently occupy Finland. By the occupation of the Aland islands the Germans expect to make a base there for supplying the occupation of Finland.

Occupied Aland Islands.

Christiania, Norway, March 4.—The Aland islands were occupied at noon aSturday by the Germans.

Not from American Trenches.

American Army in France, March 2.—The Americans which the Germans claim to have captured on the Chemin des Dames proper were the arger part of a patrol of 13 men which went out and is still missing. The enemy obtained no prisoners from the American trenches.

Germans Still Preparing.

Washington, March 4.—In the weekly military review the war department notes continued German preparations on the western front. Raids on the American sectors is an example "of what is taking place on the entire western front." The statement discloses nothing new regarding American operations.

Russians Destroying Bridges.

Washington, March 4.—The Russians have been destroying bridges in the trans-Siberian railroad between Baikal and the Chinese frontier. Officials believe the Russians are destroying the bridges to prevent the expected advance of Japanese troops. A large number of other structures have been mined, it is said, so they could be readily destroyed.

British Raids Successful.

London, March 4.—The British last night carried out a number of successful British raids on different parts of the front, says today's statement. About 50 Germans were killed in one encounter and 11 prisoners and one machine gun were captured by the British, whose casualties were light in all the raids. An attempted enemy raid was repulsed. Considerable enemy artillery activity is reported in the neighborhood of Lens.

British Outnumbered Enemy.

London, March 4.—In January the Germans dropped 1,482 bombs in the area in France occupied by the British. During the same period the British dropped 7,653 bombs in enemy areas.

British Still Advance.

London, March 4.—The British in Palestine north of Jerusalem have advanced along a 12-mile front to a depth of more than 3,000 yards astride and west of the Jerusalem Nabelus road.

German Raids Checked.

Paris, March 4.—German raids last night on the French lines north of Chemin des Dames and near Malincourt wood were checked by French fire, it is officially announced.

Austrians Make Progress.

Vienna, March 4.—The Austro-Hungarians operating in Podotia, southwestern Russia, are making satisfactory progress, says the Austrian statement. More than 770 guns and a large quantity of material were captured.

Military Operations Stopped.

Berlin, March 4.—Military operations in Russia stopped yesterday, says the German official statement. A number of Belgians were captured on the western front on the line of the Yser. In minor raids 27 prisoners were taken by the Germans.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 4.—The house today, by a vote of 108 to 10, passed the 10-mile dry zone bill with an emergency cluse making it effective April 1. The bill now goes to the senate. Cities with shipbuilding plants are included. Efforts to amend the bill to prohibit the manufacture of liquor, designed to put the brewers out of business, failed.

THREE PERSONS KILLED.

By Associated Press.

Boone, Iowa, March 4.—Three persons were killed and 30 injured in a head-on crash of the Des Moines passenger train from the Fort Dodge, Des Moines and Southern electric road with an interurban freight train near here.

FIVE AMERICANS KILLED.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 4.—General Pershing reports five Americans, including one lieutenant, killed; five severely wounded and four slightly wounded in a fight north of Toul.

PORK RESTRICTION ENDS.

Special to The Times.

Washingtotn, March 4.—The food administration announces that restrictions on the use of pork on Saturdays have been temporarily removed. The meatless restrictions on Tuesdays remain in effect. The necessity for saving wheat, on the other hand, is even greater than before.

TO HELP IN LOAN.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 4.—Treasury officials announced today that the war department will give all possible help to the campaign for the third Liberty Loan which starts April 6th. Aviators will be sent out from all training camps to distribute literature and stir the enthusiasm of the people.

POSTPONE ENDOWMENT.

Special to The Times.

Cambridge, Mass., March 4.—The endowment fund of $10,000,000 which the Harvard University alumni association was raising previous to the war has been postponed until peace is declared. There are 5612 Harvard men now actively engaged in army and navy and other forms of war service. Numerous Harvard buildings, laboratories, the famous botanical institute, the physiological laboratory, dental school, translation department, medical school and business administration school have all been turned over for government use.

ACCEPT GERMAN CONDITIONS.

Special to The Times.

Petrograd, March 4.—Fearing that to give argument to the German delegates would only result in still more severe peace terms, the Russian delegation at Brest-Litovsk has accepted all the German conditions and will sign the agreement. The German demands have already been increased to include the cession in southern Russia of Karaband, Kars and Batoum, with a stern hint that any delay in the acceptance of these terms would mean harsher ones.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

A slender acquaintance with the world must convince every man that actions, not words, are the true criterion of the attachment of friends; and that the most liberal professions of good-will are very far from being the surest mark of it.—Washington.

Despondency Due to Constipation.

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect. x

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

MEXICANS KILLED IN BOMB EXPLOSION

WORKERS IN STEEL PLANT AT FORT WORTH KILLED BY MYSTERIOUS BOMB.

By Associated Press.

Fort Worth, Texas, March 4.—Two Mexican workers were killed in an explosion of a bomb in the plant of the Armstrong steel mills early this morning. A number of other employees were injured. The bomb was brought into the plant in a junk car.

Must Rearrange Schedules.

Washington, March 4.—Passenger train schedules between Chicago and St. Louis have been ordered rearranged by Director McAdoo. The number of daily trains each way is reduced from 15 to 9.

Ordnance Base in France.

Washington, March 4.—The war department is building a $25,000,000 ordnance base in France, including approximately 20 large storehouses, 12 shop buildings and 100 smaller shops.

FOR OVERSEAS SHIPMENTS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 4.—The food administration has announced the creation of a marine transportation department headed by C. Doe, of San Francisco, president of the North Pacific Steamship company. Mr. Doe is to have direct charge of overseas shipments. John Fletcher, also of San Francisco, formerly with the Luckenback steamship company, is to have charge of coastwise food shipments.

MOBILIZING THE HENS.

Special to The Times.

New York, March 4.—America's hens have been mobilized and are now doing a tremendously effective bit to win the war. Following a stretch of mild weather, the hens suddenly contributed 300,000,000 eggs in the past week, of which a large part were rushed into the large cities, thus making it easy for the people to give up wheat flour, meat, etc., for shipment to our allies. The price of fresh eggs dropped 30c a dozen in two days as a result of the hens' effective mobilizatiton for the war.

WOULD KEEP THE SECRET.

A person was driveing home from an outlying village one night when he overtook a young woman. He recognized her as the maid of all work at a farm which he would pass, so he pulled up and offered her a lift. The girl gladly accepted his offer, and they chatted pleasantly all the way to the farm gate.

"Thank you, sir," she said, as she got down.

"Don't mention it, Mary; don't mention it," he replied, politely.

"No, I won't," Mary obligingly assured him.

SOME THROWER.

A house hunter saw an advertisement in the papers describing a charming house "within a stone's throw of the station."

He made an appointment, and in due course was escorted to the house in question, two miles away.

When they reached the threshold, he turned to the agent suavely, "Would you mind introducing me," he whispered, "to the person who threw that stone?"—Clippings.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

From Tuesday's Daily.

THE GERMAN WORD.

The esteemed Galveston News says that the German word is depreciated more than its mark. This little epigram is perhaps one of the neatest that has been born of the war. It expresses so fully what even the German people have come to know, that nothing else could so fully describe Germany's desperate situation.

When Germany speaks to her people, she is disbelieved, for the Germans have learned that the government is not alone treacherous to its enemies, but also to those who have supported it against their better judgment for the past three years and more.

When Germany speaks to the allied nations, not even is her voice listened to, for every statement which Germany has made to the world during the war has been false, or even when true, was uttered with the intention that it be disbelieved.

Germany reminds one of the man of whom a Laredo neighbor said: "Why, if he said 'Good morning!' I would not believe him." And that is the inevitable punishment which such false conduct brings. In the future no one will lend money to Germany, because of a belief that she will repudiate her obligations. No one will accept a treaty with her unless they be guaranteed by some naton which can be trusted. No one will believe her declarations of friendship, for she is known to be a liar.

The penalty of continuous lying is that the liar has no reputation. He has no friends. He has only enemies, and they include all who know him, for no one is willing to risk the friendship of one who cannot be trusted.

The German mark has depreciated in the money markets of the world for the reason that the German word behind it is no good. Some of our banks will give credit to a man who has no collateral other than that of his word. His honor is so nice that his "word is as good as his bond," to use the familiar saying.

For many years past Germany's word has been depreciating. The emperor who wore a Krupp-made halo and home-made wings and posed as the only original and genuine apostle of peace in Europe soon became to be known as a liar, for while he preached peace—for others—he increased his armament beyond all reaon save that of invasion and conquest.

His learned professors came to be known as liars, for they taught that there was nothing else so important in this world as subservience to the German emperor, and they daily made naught of history in order to justify their announced belief in the future of Germany, forgetting—or ignoring—the fact that all despotisms have been overthrown, while the republics endured so long as they remained honest and true to the trust of the people.

His preachers were proven to be liars, for while they ostentatiously wore the gown of the servant of Christ, they bowed the knee before the "good old German god," the ruler in Valhalla, the deity who was some day to bring crashing about the people the ruins of the Christian churches, and who permitted his servants to form a "holy alliance" with the Mohammedan, the age-old eremy of Christianity.

The very people have caught a touch of the prevailing spirit of mendacity, and they join in telling us that we are mistaken in believing that the German, especally the socialistic German, wants anything but what is lawfully his.

The soldiers, the sailors, the merchants, the manufacturers—all the various elements of Germany—have been liars for a generation or so in the past, and they smile a cynical smile when caught in a lie, for they say: "All's fair in war."

The Psalmist said: "I said in my haste, All men are liars." And if he had referred to modern Germany, with the insidious poison which comes from the inoculation of the Prussian blood in their veins, he would not have been far wrong. And that is why Germany will never be able to conquer, for the liar is primarily a coward; that is usually what makes him a liar.

FOOD DEMONSTRATIONS.

While other cities are awaiting the action of the food administration, including the sending of expert wood demonstrators to show the people how to use the wheat flour substitutes to the best advantage, the women of Laredo are going ahead and doing their own demonstrating.

Yesterday the Heights Civic Club had a "demonstration" meeting, at which several of the members showed by practical demonstration what could be done with the permitted materials on "wheatless" days to satisfy the inner man—and woman—and still keep the menu attractive and healthy.

Such work as this comes within the scope of every household where the cooking is done at home. Not for these fair demonstrators of the Heights the recourse to the baker for "our daily bread." They learn to make it at home, and, judging from the results of yesterday's demonstration, their menfolks must be pampered pets in these days of sacrifice.

If the Laredo women could but know what can be done with the substitutes, they would not, as some of them are accused of doing, "feed the cornmeal to the chickens and continue to use the same quantity of flour as heretofore."

There are hundreds of dainty foods that can be made from the plain, old-fashioned cornmeal. And each year is adding to the number of things that can be done with a mixing bowl, a handful of cornmeal and a good oven. True, there are some other things required to make the new kinds of bread, but they all come under the head of substitutes.

Now that eggs are coming within the reach of ordinary people, it is possible to make a delicious "egg bread" with cornmeal without the addition of a single ounce of wheat flour. Fried mush, fried grits, cornmeal ginger bread, cornmeal crisps, and a hundred other things which the outer world does not know can be made and are being made by American housewives who are doing as much to win the war as any soldier on the battle front. In fact, they are making it possible for that soldier to stay on the front by releasing a great percentage of the normal consumption of wheat flour in order that he may have his hardtack, his bread and his crackers.

As one of the Heights ladies said, the sacrifices we are called upon to make are trifling when compared with those of a former generation. We have all heard of Confederate troops who made long marches with but a roasting ear or two in their haversacks. And the shifts to which some of the men were put, when the corn was ripe, to pound it into some semblance of meal, mix it with water—usually without even salt—and then bake their ashcakes in the campfires.

It may be that the people of those days were upheld by a stern resolve to win that is not characteristic of some of our people of today. But we doubt if the people of that period were made of any sterner stuff than those of today; it is merely that the latter are not yet aroused to the necessity of doing all in their power, whereas the people of the Confederacy had it forced upon them.

Everywhere one reads of hotels, restaurants and other public caterers doing all in their power to help the food administration win this war. If the private homes will do as much—and those on the Heights are setting a noble example—we shall be able to send our soldiers and our allies all the food they need to win this war within a short time.

We are looking with interest for the next demonstration of the Heights Civic Club, and we wonder what they are doing in the way of meat substitutes. Of course, many of them have chickens and eggs, but what will they do to help us poor mortals who have neither?

It is not surprising to find the ladies of the Heights setting the pace for others to follow. They have always been pathfinders, and usually they get such a lead that it is possible only to follow them, not to pass them on the way.

More power, as the Irish say, to the Heights Civic Club and its loyal, patriotic members.

MAY NOT FINISH BUSINESS IN TIME TO CONVENE COURT

If Judge Mullally Does Not Return in Time Judge Thomas Will Be Here Monday to Begin Court.

Judge J. F. Mullally of this judicial district is presiding at the session of district court being held in Cotulla this week, sitting in the place of Judge C. C. Thomas, who is disqualified in a number of cases now on trial in that court, which is in a separate judicial district than this.

It is very probable that Judge Mullally will not be able to wind up the docket there this week in the cases in which the regular judge is disqualified, and will not be here to convene district court in this city next Monday morning, in which event Judge Thomas will come here and open court for Judge Mullally.

Despondency Due to Constipation.

Women often become nervous and despondent. When this is due to constipation it is easily corrected by taking an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets are easy to take and pleasant in effect. *

DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Easier, Quicker and Without the Blister

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole.

Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of out-of-date mustard plasters, and will not blister.

Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

A message from Chris. Reuter

Specialist In Seed for Southwest Texas

Seeds Are Scarce!

Bean Seed A full stock of all varieties for immediate shipment, including Burpee's Stringless, Giant Stringless, Black Valentine and Wax-podded sorts. All new crop seeds.

Seed Corn All varieties—more than 20—particularly adapted to Southwest Texas, including the Davis Prolific that has produced such heavy yields.

Cotton Seed Mebane's Triumph, Early King, Simpkins', Express, Bank Account and Big Boll varieties, selected from expert growers.

Garden Seed Pure strains of Watermelon, Cucumbers, Squash, Canteloupe, Eggplant, Pepper, Okra, Garden Peas, Tomatoes, etc., finest stock.

Farm Seed Broom Corn, Red Top Cane, Kaffir Corn, Milo Maize, Syrup Sorghums, Cowpeas, Velvet Beans, etc., every good field crop for the Southwest, and all recleaned land.

Order Early With the critical scarcity of seeds you should decide early about your planting and let me have your orders. Transportation is slow and congested.

Free Catalogue Your name and address on a postal will bring you a copy of my 1918 Spring Catalogue, 84 pages, beautifully illustrated in colors, with much helpful planting advice and suggestions. Remember—I'm prepared to give you quick service and prompt shipment.

CHRIS. REUTER
"South's Foremost Seedsman"
New Orleans, La.

NO REASON FOR PESSIMISM.

Just why the Germans have so long and persistently advertised their offensive on the western front is an enigma. It is not their custom to take the world into their confidence when about to begin an important military movement. The purpose of this advertising campaign will doubtless be disclosed in good time. Possibly their hope is to weaken the morale of the allies by keeping them in suspense as to just where the offensive is to begin.

But there are no signs of perturbation among the forces facing the Teutons from Flanders to Venetia. On the contrary there is an alert readiness that promises a smashing of German hopes. The decision of the Versailles conference for a unified control of the whole front, including the "side show" at Saloniki, means the elimination of the weakness that has heretofore come from divided councils.

Here at home one may detect occasionally an undercurrent of pessimism as to the outcome, an apprehensiveness that springs from ignorance of the true conditions. Perhaps this is one of the effects sought by the German advertising campaign. At any rate, every American should at once cast out of his mind any such feeling, for it has no sound basis.

After all, it must be remembered that the Germans have not yet won a single military victory of importance, except by treachery and intrigue. All their successes have been achieved in that way from the outset. They began by violating Belgian neutrality—a characteristic piece of treachery which enabled them to overrun Belgium and advance far into France. But they were stopped at the Marne and at Ypres by forces that were inferior numerically. If the unprepared English and the outnumbered French could stop them then, how can they hope to break through now?

On the eastern front German victories have been won by wholesale corruption and intrigue. The German cabal at Petrograd early succeeded in paralyzing the Russian arms by corrupting high officials, cutting off supplies of munitions and sending the mujiks into battle without weapons to fight with. It was thus that Hindenburg won his much-vaunted triumph of the Masurian Lakes; it was thus that the Russian invasion of Galicia that threatened to cut off Hungary was finally thrown back. German treachery has played a part in every step of the disintegration of Russia.

The case of Roumania is typical. Forced into the war before she was ready by a Russian ultimatum and on the promise of prompt Russian assistance, she was left naked to the German attack by the treachery of the unspeakable Sturmer, who not only prevented Russian help from being given her, but sent the whole Roumanian plan of campaign to Germany, so that Mackensen knew every move that was to be made and overran the country at his pleasure.

Serbia, too, was left defenseless by the treachery of Germany's tool, Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria, and the failure of Greece to keep her promise of assistance, due to the machinations of King Constantine, who was also under German influence.

Even the participation of Turkey in the war on the German side was brought about by a secretly planned attack on Russia in the Black Sea carried out by Turkish ships under German command.

The insidious undermining of Italian morale by carefully planned unscrupulous propaganda was the indispensable preface to the advance into Venetia last fall. But the Italian armies made the most wonderful recovery of morale ever recorded, and with the help of the French and English stopped the invasion in time.

Germany has broken about every tenet of international law, has indulged in every known form of illegal warfare, has invented numerous new schemes of frightfulness. Her submarine campaign is the greatest offense of all her sins against civilization.

But the Prussian bag of tricks is about exhausted. The allies are not to be overcome by any such methods. It is a case of fight, and nothing but fight, to win. In every instance where the Teutons and the western allies have stood up against each other face to face the Huns have been beaten. They will be beaten this time and it may prove their last gasp, their final hope.

There is no reason for pessimism. The forces are nearly equal in numbers, but in stamina, in morale, in confidence, in resources, France, England, Italy and the United States are insuperable. Germany can not win because Germany is autocracy. It is the devil's system.—Minneapolis Journal.

OIL MAN GAINS 20 POUNDS ON ONLY 2 BOTTLES OF TANLAC

FELT LIKE HE COULDN'T HAVE LASTED MUCH LONGER SAYS HARRY WILSON.

"A gain of twenty pounds on two bottles of Tanlac is going some, but that is just what happened to me since I began using it," said Harry D. Wilson, an employe of the Humble Oil Company at their Goose Creek, Texas plant, the other day.

"I had a spell of malarial fever some time ago," he continued, "and wasn't able to get straightened out afterwards. My system was badly run down, I lost my appetite and had to live almost exclusively on a diet of raw or very soft boiled eggs. Even that didn't always agree with me and many a time my stomach would feel all torn to pieces. My head ached so I thought it would split, rheumatism made me miserable and my system was clogged up with malaria. I fell off to a hundred and twenty-eight pounds and was in such a bad fix I believe I couldn't have lasted much longer.

"I had already tried about everything else I could get without finding relief and I was sure surprised to find this Tanlac getting hold of my troubles before I had taken many doses. I feel hungry all the time and am actually ashamed to eat enough to satisfy my appetite. My weight has increased to a hundred and forty-eight pounds and I feel fine in every way. I have got over that tired and drowsy feeling and have more life and energy than I have had in several months. I feel like Tanlac has made a new man of me and I will gladly recommend it to anybody."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

Notice of Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Ry. will be held at the offices of the company in Laredo, Texas, Thursday, March 7, 1918, at 3 p. m. for the purpose of electing a board of directors and the transacting of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The regular meeting of the board of directors will be held immediately after the meeting of the stockholders at the same place and on the same date.

C. C. BIGGIO,
Secretary.

Laredo, Texas, Feb. 5, 1918.

2-5-30t.

ECKMAN'S
Calcerbs
EASY-TAKE TABLETS
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against bronchi, lung and throat troubles. A tonic-restorative prepared without harmful opiate-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities 50c. per month.

CAR SHORTAGE PROBLEM IS ELIMINATED BY DIRECTOR

SECRETARY M'ADOO SAYS THERE WILL BE NECESSARY CARS.

Assures Congressman Garner That Onion Growers of Texas Will Have Ample Cars to Move Produce.

According to advices received by telegram from Congressman John N. Garner by the onion growers of this section, Director McAdoo of the railroads of the country has assured him that when the time arrives for the shipment of the Bermuda onion crop from Southwest Texas there will be plenty of cars made available and rushed to the onion growing section to move the product to market with the least possible delay.

This assurance from the head of the railroads of the country that there will be sufficient cars to facilitate the movement of the crop of onions within the usual time, beginning with shipments late this month or early in April, comes as news of great relief to the growers, as they were expecting a great car shortage following the report made to the general meeting here last week that there were practically 150,000 cars short at this time, and this number was expected to increase to approximately 200,000 cars by the time the onion crop began to move. The assurance given Congressman Garner by Director McAdoo suffices to settle that question, as he is in absolute control of the railway transportation problem at this time.

According to reports made at the recent onion growers meeting, the crop of onions this season will be moved within 80 to 90 days at the rate of from 75 to 100 carloads per day. The distribution will be so arranged that the usual delay in unloading the cars will not be experienced this year, for it is the intention of the shippers to place carload lots direct, and if the plan worked out by the onion growers is carried out successfully with Food Administrator Hoover, the onions will not pass through as many hands this year as in former years, and the consumer will be afforded ample opportunity to buy Texas onions from the first hands handling them after coming from the producers.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. *

W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

UTILITARIAN RESCUE.

A lot of them were fishing close to a railway bridge, when suddenly a lad of the party lost his balance and fell into the river. Immediately an old fisherman standing by threw off his coat, plunged into the stream, and, after a struggle, brought the boy safe to land.

"Noble individual!" cried a gentleman who was passing by at the time of the accident. "Generous preserver! But for thy timely help you poor boy's spirit would now be in the land of——"

"Stow that, guv'nor," interrupted the old fisherman. "I didn't care nuffin' 'bout the boy. But the young beggar has got all the bait in his trousers pocket."

TERRIBLY SWOLLEN

Suffering Described As Torture Relieved by Black-Draught.

Rossville, Ga.—Mrs. Kate Lee Able, of this place, writes: "My husband is an engineer, and once while lifting, he injured himself with a piece of heavy machinery, across the abdomen. He was so sore he could not bear to press on himself at all, on chest or abdomen. He weighed 165 lbs., and fell off until he weighed 110 lbs., in two weeks.

He became constipated and it looked like he would die. We had three different doctors, yet with all their medicine, his bowels failed to act. He would turn up a ten-cent bottle of castor oil, and drink it two or three days in succession. He did this yet without result. We became desperate, he suffered so. He was swollen terribly. He told me his suffering could only be described as torture.

I sent and bought Thedford's Black-Draught. I made him take a big dose, and when it began to act he fainted, he was in such misery, but he got relief and began to mend at once. He got well, and we both feel he owes his life to Thedford's Black-Draught."

Thedford's Black-Draught will help you to keep fit, ready for the day's work. Try it! NC-131

LITTLE LOCALS

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose Angel Hinojosa and Miss Marta Garza, Catarino Jimenez and Miss Adela Dominguez.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-tf.

—INCOME TAX reports carefully and correctly prepared. Leonard W. Craig. Phone 411 or 1015. 2-26-7t.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—Mauricio Carrejo was arrested yesterday charged with smuggling flour and sugar to the Mexican side of the river in violation of the presidential proclamation prohibiting the exportation of foodstuffs to Mexico without a federal license.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced. 3-5-tf.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's. 3-2-1m.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot. 3-4-5t.

—Deputy County Clerk Molina received a telegram this morning from County Clerk Rodriguez in San Antonio stating that County Judge Page was doing very nicely but could not yet return to Laredo, but will do so in a few days.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modrn machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-10t.

—When wanting milk phone 356. 1-22-tf.

—The Laredo onion crop, as well as that of all Southwest Texas, is to be "Hooverized," then "marketized," then "soldized" in short order this season if the efforts of the onion growers to get Mr. Hoover to help them succeeds. Onions will be strong in American homes this year—and the best of it all is they will be taken out of the luxury class and put within the reach of all.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street. Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage tel 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed. 8-11-tf.

—The Laredo Roller Mills, J. R. Harlan, proprietor, were sold under the hammer at trustee's sale at the courthouse door this morning, quite a number of gentlemen being on hand to bid on that institution. The successful bidder was A. M. Bruni, who bid in the property for $7,100.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street. 2-14-1m.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county. 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—The Bellmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

ENOUGH TO CARRY.

A minister came to the Episcopal Church at Williamsport, Pa., to speak. "Do you wish to wear a surplice?" asked the rector.

"Surplice!" cried the visitor. "Surplice! I am a Methodist. What do I know about surplices? All I know about is a deficit."—New York Evening Post.

The Pneumonia Season.

The cold, damp weather of March seems to be the most favorable for the pneumonia germ. Now is the time to be careful. Pneumania often results from a cold. The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger. As soon as the first indication of a cold appears take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. As to the value of this preparation ask anyone who has used it. *

WHAT SHE NEEDED.

The mistress of the house was obdurate.

"No," she said, firmly. "I don't want no buttons nor no laces."

Putting his foot in the fast-closing door, the tramp held up his hand.

"Here you are, madam," said he. 'Grammar for Beginners,' only sixpence.'"—London Fun.

A. Ritter
Blacksmith and Machine Shop
Horse shoeing A Specialty
Corner Farragut St. and Convent Ave.

LAREDO ICE FACTORY
P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.
Pure Crystal Ice and Distilled Water
Delivered to any part of the city.
TELEPHONE 252

Bautista Garage
Automobile and Gasoline Engine work a Specialty
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
607 SAN BERNARDO AVE.

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.
DEALERS IN
LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.
Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

CRAZY MINERAL WATER
A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes, acid dyspepcias, etc. Ask for booklet.
L. VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS
LAREDO, TEXAS

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNG WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS COLDS AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES
PRICE 50¢ & $1.00 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
THE LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE
Is now located in the Alexander Bldg. Rooms 215 and 217.

Fire Insurance
F. M. RAMSEY, AGT.
Phone 82
1301 Iturbide St. Laredo, Tex.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly." *

From Wednesday's Daily.

LAREDO TROOP OF CAVALRY IS NOW BEING ORGANIZED

RECRUITING OFFICE OPENED AT MOSER'S STORE AND READY

Laredo Already Has Organized Two Companies and Sent Them Away and Third is Now a Certainty.

Laredo is called upon to organize a troop of cavalry for the new national guard to be formed, and it is very probable that the required number of horsemen will be secured here to make the third complete organization from this city a success. Laredo already has two companies of infantry, the erstwhile Milmo Rifles and the Headquarters Company, in the army service, and with the organization of a cavalry troop here the third unit wil be perfected. Besides these there are a hundred or more Laredo young men in various other branches of the army.

Leonard T. Shockley, recruiting agent for the Texas National Guard, bearing credentials from W. B. Tuttle of San Antonio, one of the promoters of the new national guard, is in the city for the purpose of organizing the Laredo troop of cavalry and has established his headquarters at Moser's Store. Those eligible for membership in the troop are those from eighteen to twenty-one years and from thirty-one to forty-one. Members of the first and second classes of the national army who have not yet been called to appear before the exemption board may enlist in the cavalry with the understanding that if they are needed for the national army before entering the new national guard, which is for Texas service, they must go. Commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the troop will be selected according to their ability in leadership, etc.

Letters From Italy.

Mr. L. Bruni has just received two letters from Italy, one from Senator Luigi Pigoni of Rome and the other from Prof. Commendatore Raffaello Gistro, director of the Museum of Natural History of Genoa. Both letters say that the great defeat of the Italian soldiers was due to the insidious practices of the astute Germans, rather than to the valor and the arms of the Teutons, and conclude by saying that the defeat was due to a "cowardly treason." But that now the Italians, soldiers and citizens both, are more united than ever, and determined to continue the war while there remain one Bersagliere, one Alpine or one cannon. The letters end in saying that the writers expect much of the noble and valiant Americans, their powerful allies. Mr. Bruni hopes that as the Italians are reunited and consolidated, the allies of other countries will be the same.

SHORTAGE FOOD SUPPLIES IS CAUSING MUCH UNREST

People Are Condemning Carranza for Not Providing Solution of Food Problem and They Are Suffering.

According to information brought here by an American recently arrived from Mexico, and whose veracity is unquestioned, perturbed conditions prevail in San Luis Potosi, Guadalajara and other large cities of Mexico where the poorer classes are suffering from lack of food supplies and where much disension is shown. A serious outbreak in different parts of Mexico is momentarily exacted.

The Mexicans who are experiencing some difficulties in securing the necessities of life even at the exorbitant prices asked are said to be expressing pro-German sentiments and blaming Carranza for the food shortage and in very strong terms condemning him for not providing a solution of the food question. It is said that many federal soldiers are aligned with the element condemning the Mexican government for existing conditions. Much privation is reported in various portions of Mexico on account of the shortage of food.

BECKELHYMER ABANDONS PAVING JOBS AWARDED HIM

Evidently Made an Error in His Bid as He Found it Impossible to Do Work at Figure Stated.

At the meeting of the city council held last evening the committee on public parks reported on the opening of bids for paving work on School and Martin Plazas and that the work had been awarded to George Beckelhymer, who was the lowest bidder. Since awarding the bids, however, the committee reported that Mr. Beckelhymer had abandoned the work and thrown it up.

As there was a great difference in the bids of Beckelhymer and the other bidder, it was decided new plans would be necessary for the work. Though not present at the meeting, it was stated that Clarence Jefferies had a proposition to make the council to do the work on a labor basis, but as Mr. Jefferies had not submitted a proposition the matter was deferred until next meeting. It is very probable that by the next meeting the work will be awarded under some plan and carried on to completion.

CHANGE IN LAW FIRM.

The Times publishes in another column notice of the new law partnership of Hicks, Phelps, Dickson and Bobbitt which announces that Mr. Chas. M. Dickson is now serving in the Aviation Corps in Washington, and that Mr. Robt. L. Bobbit is in the Officers' Training camp in San Antonio, and that Mr. S. T. Phelps is now a partner of the new firm.

Messrs. Marshall and Yale Hicks are well known to the readers of The Times and need no commendation from us, having been associated with the legal business of Laredo and Southwest Texas for more than twenty-five years. Mr. S. T. Phelps is a prominent and able attorney who has been practicing in this district for many years and has the confidence and regard of all who know him. Mr. Phelps will have personal supervision of the office of the firm at Laredo and surrounding territory, and Mr. Yale Hicks will supervise the office in San Antonio while Mr. Marshall Hicks will give his attention to the general business of the firm. Mr. Dickson and Mr. Bobbitt are still members of the firm and will return to their active duties as such when they have done their bit in making the world safe for democracy.

The Laredo offices of the new firm are in the Valls Building in Laredo, and the San Antonio offices are in the Hicks Building in San Antonio. Personal, prompt and efficient service in all legal matters entrusted to them will be given by this firm either in San Antonio, Laredo or Southwest Texas, and either in State or Federal courts.

A Bilious Attack.

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAY TODAY.

MARCH 6.

Dr. Archibald Cary Coolidge, who was appointed to make a special investigation of Red Cross operations and methods in Europe, was born in Boston, 52 years ago today. Dr. Coolidge is a man of wide and varied experiences. He is a well-known professor of Harvard University, who, in addition to teaching history, is in charge of the library interests of the institution. He has made many trips to Europe, South America and other parts of the world to buy almost priceless collections of books for the Harvard library. At other periods of his career he has served in the American legations in Petrograd and has lectured at the leading French and German universities. He has a wide circle of friends among the savants and public men of Europe. Professor Coolidge's specialty is modern history. He is the author of numerous books, one of the best known being "The United States as a World Power."

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The law firm of Hicks, Hicks, Dickson and Bobbitt composed of Marshall Hicks, Yale Hicks, Chas. M. Dickson and Robt. L. Bobbitt announce that on account of the entry into the army of Mr. Dickson, who is now a First Lieutenant in the Aviation Section and stationed at Washington as Adjutant, and of Mr. Bobbitt, who is now in the Officers Training Camp at Camp Travis, Mr. S. T. Phelps, formerly of Pearsall, is now a member of the partnership and the style of the firm name has been changed to Hicks, Phelps, Dickson & Bobbitt.

The San Antotnio and Laredo offices of the firm will be continued as in the past, Mr. Phelps being in personal charge of the Laredo office, Mr. Yale Hicks at the San Antonio office, and Mr. Marshall Hicks will give his attention to the business of the firm at both places as in the past. Mr. Dickson and Mr. Bobbitt will both return to active practice with the firm when the war is over.

3-5-1m.

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a Harmless Substitute.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel — are a mild but sure laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

These pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad after effects. They don't injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They take hold of the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of the teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids. It is best not to take calomel, but to let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Most headaches, "dullness" and that lazy feeling come from constipation and a disordered liver. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "loggy" and "heavy." Note how they "clear" clouded brain and how they "perk up" the spirits. 10c and 25c a box. All druggists.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeld, Editor. Phone 76

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.

The Red Cross Surgical Room will be open at 9 o'clock in the morning.

The Nopales Chapter of Nopales Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. J. A. Burnett at 4 in the afternoon.

The Parish Guild of Christt Church will meet with Mrs. Elmer Anderson on the Heights at 3:30 in the afternoon.

The Christian Endeavor Training for Service Class will hold its regular weekly meeting.

Thursday.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist Church will meet with Mrs. Jennings at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet with Mrs. Frank Lattig in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest.

There will be an executive meeting of the Red Cross at Elks Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

General Mention.

Special Deputy Collector Ed Cotulla is here on a business trip.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Floyd reached Laredo yesterday in their auto, coming from Houston, where they have been residing, and will have apartments at 916 Salinas avenue. They report a splendid trip, the roads being in good condition.

* * *

Mrs. E. J. Pennell expects to leave tomorrow night for Mercedes for a ten days' visit to her son and family.

* * *

Mrs. W. L. Crounse of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city on Sunday morning on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Wilhelmina Werner. She stopped enroute at Little Rock, Ark., and spent the day with Mrs. Hansen and Mrs. Potter, who were the former Misses Brewster.

* * *

Dr. May Foster is expected home this week from San Antonio, where she has been for the past two weeks.

* * *

Rev. W. A. Gardner of Sabinal arrived yesterday. He will assist in the big Union Revival which will be conducted by the Protestant churches in the city.

* * *

Mrs. Albert Martin is in Poteet, visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Ernst.

* * *

The Red Cross class who have been taking lessons in surgical dressing work under the direction of Mrs. Covington of San Antonio, will be examined from two until five o'clock. There are over fifty members in the class.

* * *

Miss Amelia Epstein of Houston is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. A. Cohn.

* * *

Following their regular meeting on last Monday evening, Olive Camp No. 3170, Woodmen of the World, enjoyed a delightful smoker.

* * *

The many friends of Mrs. Chas. F. Yeager will regret to hear that she is reported seriously ill, being threatened with pneumonia.

* * *

Announcement.

The regular social and business meeting of the ladies of the Baptist church will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Jennings, 1915 Houston street.

* * *

Club Notes.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church held its regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon at the Rectory with Mrs. C. W. Cook. After the service and lesson at the church, the children devoted some time to working on their scrap books. The remainder of the time was spent in play. Those present were Anna May Mussett, Marjorie Fish, Mary Cook, Anita and Ethel Laue, Elizabeth, Charline, Elinor and Miles Nye, George, Bobby and Horace Kehl, Mollie Swartzmann, John Robert Fasnacht, Evans Younkin, Ralph Cook, Kathleen Aldridge, Dorothy and Walter Seamon, and Mrs. Cook.

* * *

Red Cross Notes.

The Tuesday Red Cross Knitters held a very pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon with Miss Annie Pace. This small band of workers are very busily engaged in knitting socks and helmets. Those present were Mesdames Atlee, J. G. Burr, Eistetter, Withoff, J. W. Thompson, Ulmer, Simpson and the hostess.

* * *

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church met with Mrs. R. A. Millar yesterday afternoon, and the time was devoted to knitting. Those present were Mesdames Scovill, Hodges, Smith, Keathley, Mason, Hornburg and Millar.

* * *

Alpha Club.

The Alpha Club met at the home of Mrs. Dario Sanchez yesterday afternoon and devoted the time to knitting for the Red Cross. The members are very busily engaged in making helmets and wristlets. Mrs. Sanchez was the instructor for the afternoon. Those present were Misses Ferrara, Lucia Zuñiga, Otilia and Eloisa Cardenas, Maria Prado, Clotilde Saldaña, Eudelia and Cuca Rodriguez, Ernestina, Elvira and Ofelia Sanchez. The club have set aside Tuesday afternoon of each week as their meeting day and Mrs. MacGregor and Mrs. Sanchez are assisting the young ladies in their work.

* * *

Eastern Star.

At a regular meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., last evening, a social time followed the work of conferring degrees. Refreshments were served and a most enjoyable hour hour was spent. A pleasing feature of the occasion was the presentation of an engraved silver tomato server to Mrs. Ed. Cotulla, one of its faithful and most beloved members, whose departure in the near future for her new home in San Antonio is to be greatly regretted. Mrs. W. B. Heaner, Worthy Matron, made a beautiful and appropriate presentation speech, to which Mrs. Cotulla responded in a most charming manner.

PERSONALS

Mrs. James Wilson is visiting in Corpus Christi as the guest of Mrs. Robert McCulloch.

Mrs. John Reynolds of Corpus Christi is visiting in Laredo as the guest of her daughter, Mrs. F. W. Radeker.

BENDER:—W. A. McTavish, Wm. Eppstein, W. H. Lugdale, San Antonio; F. M. Davies, New York; W. W. Cerswell, St. Louis, Mo.; W. A. Parker and wife, Waco; J. C. Mills, Sommerville; H. B. Barnes, San Antonio; R. A. Carpenter, Dallas; J. S. Lemley, Houston; E. H. Edwards, J. E. Harris, C. V. Brock, San Antonio; J. F. Faust, New Orleans, La.; G. Compton, W. F. Wells, Corpus Christi.

HAMILTON:—Mrs. A. Arriaga and child, Mrs. Dennis, W. L. Dennis, Tampico; J. E. Salas, Saltillo; Juan Gavito, P. Ingojen, Mexico City; Geo. Cooper, Monterey; E. D. Swisher, W. E. Ellis, Tom H. Eckenedge Jr., G. C. Garrette, Paul Saus, San Antonio; Walter Kampman, Cotulla; Mr. and Mrs. Arechiara, Georgia; Lieut. Joe Ryan, Dolores; Capt. A. J. Bassett, Capt. H. E. Ralston, Ft. McIntosh; W. V. Kimerly, Ira Stockton, Giddings; Geo. Kidder Jr., Houston; W. B. Patton, Fowlerton.

TRIAL OF THE MASSES CASE.

New York, March 6.—A notable legal battle is expected to be fought out in the United States district court here next week, when seven editors and writers of The Masses, a radical paper suppressed by the Government in the early part of the war, are brought to trial. The seven defendants have been criminally indicted under the espionage act. Most prominent of the number is Max Eastman, who was editor of the paper. The others are: Merrill Rogers, business manager; Floyd Dell, managing editor; Art Young, cartoonist; M. J. Glintenkamp, artist; Josephine Bell and John Reed, writers.

Through a nation-wide appeal made by the National Civil Liberties Bureau a large fund has been raised, to aid in the defense of the accused. According to announcement the defendants will be represented in court by Dudley Field Malone and Morris Hillquit.

NATIONAL PARTY ORGANIZES.

Chicago, Ill., March 6.—Permanent organization of the new National Party is to be perfected at a national convention of delegates which assembled at the Hotel Sherman here today. Attendance at the convention includes representatives of prohibition and reform organizations, labor bodies and farmers' organizations in many parts of the country.

After completing the party organization the convention will adopt a platform upon which it will solicit the support of the voters in the State and congressional elections to be held next fall. The platform is expected to embody resolutions indorsing woman suffrage national prohibition, the initiative, referendum and recall, the short ballot, proportional representation, site value taxation, public ownership of public utilities, including grain elevators, and various other reforms calculated to benefit the farmers and the working classes.

VIRGINIA DAIRYMEN.

Winchester, Va., March 6.—Representatives of the Federal food administartion came to Winchester today to discuss war-time problems with members of the Virginia State Dairymen's association and the Virginia State Creamerymen's association. The occasion is the joint annual convention of the two associations, the sessions of which will continue over tomorrow.

STATUTORY PROHIBITION NOW BEFORE THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE FOR PASSAGE

Not Content with Ten-Mile Zone Act, the Legislature is Determined to Enact Statewide Prohibition While the Going is Good—The Substitute Bill is Not so Drastic as the First.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, March 6.—The statutory prohibition bill which would prohibit the sale, manufacture or giving away of intoxicants in Texas was taken up in the house today. The point raised by Representative Tillotson that the bill was not germane to the governor's call was overruled by Speaker Fuller, who said that he understood the call to mean all liquor questions. A substitute statutory prohibition bill has been drawn up and in view that this was to be called this afternoon the consideration of the first bill was ordered stopped to allow an opportunity to reconcile differences in the two bills. The substitute bill is not so stringent regarding the issuance of liquor for medical purposes.

Beaumont Citizens Protest.

Austin, Tex., March 6.—A telegram signed by 100 Beaumont citizens read in the senate today protested against including ship yards in the ten-mile zone.

JAPAN SATISFIED WITH OUR ATTITUDE

WHILE WE HAVE MADE NO FORMAL STATEMENT JAPAN KNOWS WHERE WE STAND.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 6.—It is authoritatively stated that the United States has sent no communication to Japan on the Siberian question and that any views the United States wishes to express will be conveyed through Great Britain, through which all information has been received. It is said that without any exchange of written communications Japan understands the friendly attitude of the United States and its disposition to take no part.

Petrograd Evacuation Begun.

London, March 6.—The evacuation of Petrograd has begun. A Petrograd despatch dated Tuesday says three state ministers and the population were leaving then. The Bolsheviki propose to move the government to Moscow and declare Petrograd a free port.

Prepared to Withdraw.

Petrograd, March 6.—The Bolsheviki leaders are prepared to withdraw even as far as the Ural mountains rather than submit to the defeat of the revolution, said Leon Trotzky, foreign minister, in an interview today with the Associated Press correspondent.

Krylenko Wants Information.

London, March 6.—The Russian official statement says that Ensign Krylenko, the Bolsheviki commanier in chief, has sent a message to the Teuton chiefs stating that the Germans and Austrians are still fighting, notwithstanding the conclusion of peace. Krylenko asks whether the German commander has taken the necessary steps for the cessation of hostilities.

British Cruiser Torpedoed.

London, March 6.—The British armed merchant cruiser Calgarian was torpedoed and sunk March 1, the admiralty announces. Two officers and 46 men were lost.

American Steamship Beached.

An Atlantic Port, March 6.—The American steamship Armenia, formerly a German merchantman, lies beached and damaged on the British coast, after being torpedoed. The crew arrived here today. A similar attack was made on the Armenia last December.

British Raided Trenches.

London, March 6.—The British raide enemy trenches early this morning east of Bullecourt, capturing some prisoners and two machine guns. Two other raiding operations were successfully carried out. Enemy raiders were repulsed southeast of Gouzeaucourt.

GENERAL MARCH IS CHIEF.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Major General Peyton March today took up his active duties as chief of staff of the army. He said in part: "I am confident of ultimate victory over the German armies, but we must not underestimate the German strength. There is no pessimism at the front. The boys are doing the fighting and don't lack confidence. They are ready to fight. One who has not seen French soldiers in service or French women work cannot understand the French spirit. It will never be crushed."

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mrs. Selman Kempf, of Eagle Colo., is an expert in mine prospecting.

Vassar College is to conduct a training camp for nurses this summer.

The American Y. M. C. A. has opened a hotel in Paris especially for American women.

Women section hands employed by the Lehigh Valley railroad recently went on a strike for increased wages.

A bureau to supply woman labor to farmers is to be organized by the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

JOHN REDMOND DEAD.

By Associated Press.

London, March 6.—John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, died this morning. Death was due to heart failure, following an operation performed last Friday.

CALL NEGRO TROOPS.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Seventy thousand negro troops will be called to the army soon. They are mostly from the Southern states. The call has been delayed awaiting warm weather in the Northern training camps.

TELEGRAPHERS VOLUNTEER.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—A battalion of 230 railroad telegrapher volunteers is ready for service abroad. All but one of the officers and a majority of the enlisted men are employes of the Pennsylvania railroad. They consist of division operators, train despatchers, block signal operators, telegraphers, electricians, linemen and others. Their duties will be construction and maintenance of telegraph lines of communication for portions of the American expeditionary forces in France.

DUE TO AMERICANS.

Special to The Times.

London, March 6.—Sir Eric Geddes, speaking to the house of commons, said: "Our allies are making every effort to insure the production of ships. Undoubtedly considerable time must elapse before the desired output is attained." It is announced that Brazilian warships will soon join th allies' naval forces. "For some months, we believe," he added, "the Americans are sinking submarines faster than they are built. The greatest successes recently are due to the Americans."

GERMANS MUSN'T ROAM.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—The department of justice has issued a statement informing unnaturalized Germans in the United States that they are not to be permitted to roam the country, although registered under the alien enemy law. They are warned that they are subject to interment. The house of representatives has passed a legislative measure including German women among enemy aliens. The department of justice favored such action. Women were previously specifically exempted from operation of the enemy alien law. German women have been found taking advantage of their sex immunity. The measure now awaits the senate's approval.

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ASSOCIATION.

Atlantic City, N. J., March 6.—The need and opportunity which the war presents for the reorganization of the world under religious ideals is the general theme under discussion at the fifteenth annual convention of the Religious Education Association now in session here. Participating in the convention are many churchmen and educators of wide reputation.

FORMER SOLDIER IS CHARGED WITH THEFT

FRENCHMAN ARRESTED ON A CHARGE OF OBTAINING MILLIONS BY FRAUDULENT CONTRACTS

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 6.—On a warrant by the French embassy charging larceny of from $3,500,000 to $6,000,000 from the French government by means of truck and automobile contracts, Frank Goldsall, formerly a private in the French army, was arrested today. The authorities were asked to return him to France.

Condemn La Follette.

Madison, Wis., March 6.—The resolution condemning Senator La Follette passed by a vote of 52 to 32 in the state assembly this afternoon after a 24-hour deadlock.

Government Control of Packing.

Washington, March 6.—Government control and operation of the packing industry during the war was suggested by Senator Kenyon of Iowa before the senate agriculture committee today.

Complain of Sears-Roebuck.

Washington, March 6.—The federal trade commission has issued a complaint against Sears-Roebuck Company, charging unfair methods of competition. The firm is summoned to answer the charge of advertising sugar at an actual loss on condition that other groceries be bought for which the profit combined made up for the loss on the sugar.

Agreement on Railriads.

Washington, March 6.—Agreeement on government control of railroads for 21 months after the war was reached by the conferees on the railroad bill. The rate-making authority will be finally settled at the conference tonight.

MAY FORCE STRIKE.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Failing to secure the approval of navy representatives, the emergency fleet corporation and the metal trades unions of the proposal to place a spokesman of the carpenters on the wage adjustment committee in shipbuilding disputes, President Hutcheson of the carpenters announced that he would appeal to President Wilson. "If he does nothing, we are through," he said. Asked if that meant a strike, he answered: "How do I know?" He said the men only returned to work last month in response to the president's appeal.

AIR CRAFT PROGRAM.

Special to The Times.

Washington, March 6.—Further appropriations of $450,000,000 for the army aircraft program are asked of congress by the war department in addition to the $640,000,000 already spent. The senate committee was informed that $200,000,000 were immediately required. The aim is to make the United States supreme in the air on its battle front sectors. The largest item, $45,000,000, is for barracks and quarters. President Wilson in a formal proclamation forbids private flying in the United States and possessions after March 30. The proclamation says: "License must be obtained from the joint army and navy board on aeronautics cognizance by any person who contemplates flying in a balloon or airplane near any military or naval forces, camp, battery, torpedo station, arsenal, ammunition factory, navy yard, coaling, wireless or signal station."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

From Thursday's Daily.

BETTER RAIL TRANSPORTATION.

Without entering into the reasons, it is announced that the increase in rail transportation since the United States entered the war has been phenomenal. There is nothing to indicate how much the business has increased since the government took over the railroad, but it is no doubt of equal magnitude.

During the year 1917 the lines of the counfry carried 60 per cent more freight than they did in 1916, which latter is acknowledged to be a record year. The freight service increased 1,903,193,581 ton miles.

The passenger service also increased, the roads carrying ten per cent more passengers than they did during the previous year. The railroads' revenue increased nearly 12 per cent, although there was great congestion for several months owing to freight embargoes, snow and other disturbing factors.

If this does not point to eventual government ownership, we are mistaken. That the railroads, despite the enormous increase in the demands made upon their facilities, could increase their service and show so surprising an increase in efficiency under government management means that the government control was responsible for the improvement.

In past times there has been a great congestion of freight at times, although it was proved upon investigation that the obstruction of the employes and the natural tendency of the [illegible] to retaliate was mainly responsible for the trouble.

Since the government control began there have been no strikes, which is one item in favor of government ownership. True, the employes have with reluctance been won to adopt the government view that a strike would be anti-patriotic, but that the government has any influence at all is proof of the benefit of government control.

The bill which is expected to be passed by congress limiting government control to twenty-one months after peace is declared shows that even congress is not deceived by the truce now existing, and indicates that the congressmen want to give sufficient leeway to consider the question of government ownership while still holding the upper hand.

If the government finally decides to take over the railroads, which is not a remote possibility, it will have to consider the matter of compensation from a different angle than that usually taken by congress.

Government employes, even postmasters, are notoriously ill-paid. And the rule of government which prevents government employes to combine or to call strikes, while a wise provision, means that the government will not secure sufficient men to run the railways without assuring them an adequate wage contract.

The difference will be that the railroad question will no longer be dominated by the unions, but that each man will have to demonstrate his ability and accept the government wage scale without any recourse to a strike committee for redress of his supposed grievances.

The interstate commerce commission, that bugaboo of so many shippers, will cease to exist. The freight and passenger rates will be decided after the fashion of the postal rates, and when, as is certain to follow, the telegraphs and telephone companies are also taken over by the government, there will be no transportation problem which will not be solved by a congressional committee.

It may be that it will be for the good of the people. It may be that the opponents of government ownership are correct in their contention that the people will not stand any dictation from the central government in questions of individual rights. But one thing is certain, and that is that government ownership of public facilities is coming, sooner or later. The war may bring it, or it may be delayed for some years afterward. But it is as inevitable as the democracy of the world.

COMPETITION AND WAR.

Everything that has been done since the war began has tended to eliminate duplication of effort and competition. The greatest trust the world ever saw could not compete with the government in methods of eliminating waste and of monopolizing materials and machinery.

Editor Lorimer of the Saturday Evening Post says: "Our anti-trust laws, in the spirit in which they were framed and have been administered, are going to the scrap heap, however loath professional politics may to give up its favorite occupation of trust-busting. We have got to unsay that unrestrained competition is the only mode of doing the nation's business. Even now we all know it is not true. Every step we have taken to get greater efficiency out of the industrial machines has been in the opposite direction."

It is said that the Civil War was the creator of our trusts, and that all our "iniquitous" corporations came from that epoch. And if that was true of so loosely handled a war machine as that of the sixties, what will result from the co-ordination and the co-operation of the present war?

Every function of government is based upon monopoly. Even the lawmaking function, to be of any value has to be centralized, for if each municipality, county or state were to be permitted to make laws for the rest of the country, the result would be chaos. Even as it is, the conflicting laws of the various states have caused great annoyance and some confusion in our courts.

The war and navy departments have to be run like some great corporation, with a single head and a single mind. The treasury department has a monopoly of its own peculiar functions, and so have all the other executive departments.

And the co-ordination of effort is bringing such results as to astonish those who insist that the only way to run the world is by unrestrained competition. The fallacy of this is proven in the present crisis, when centralization of power in the hands of a few men is accomplishing what no competition on earth would do.

There is still much to be done in the art of conducting a great war with the least possible waste. The industrial machine is smoothly running, while the legislative machine is still depending upon duplication of effort and individual rights which are confussing the administration and causing great waste, not only of money, but of time and effort.

After all, our investigations into the operation of most of the trusts have convinced us that they are merely making more money because they are run in an economical manner, and the comparatively small executive and administrative forces means less waste and therefore a greater gain.

The government now finds it necessary to create monopolies where none existed before, and to aid those already existing in enlarging the scope of their actions. And the people are seeing that the centralization of an industry means cheaper output, while increasing the profits.

The return to peace of the man power and the industrial concerns will mean a devotion to peace time effort which will be more thoroughly co-ordinated than anything the world has ever seen. It will be like the German industrial machine, except that it will be run for the benefit of the people, not that of a few privileged persons. And it will not be devoted to war, but to the advancement of peace and prosperity of all.

It is probable that some time in the future such corporations as Standard Oil and International Harvester will be considered mere pikers in the business world. The centralization of industry will make the food, clothing and other necessities of the people cheaper, while it will still leave a working profit to both employer and employe.

MORE MECHANICS ARE ADDED TO LIST OF SHIPBUILDERS

Ladies of the Navy League Auxiliary Have Done Much in Increasing List of Available Men.

The action of the ladies connected with the Navy League co-operating with the Laredo Counsel of Defense has had the good effect of adding nine more mechanics to the shipbuilding campaign. Laredo now has about seventy mechanics enrolled for the shipbuilding work who hold themselves in readiness to answer the call of the shipbuilding board and engage in shipbuilding operations in short notice.

The campaign in this regard in Laredo is the result of the work of the "Four-Minute Men," R. K. Mims, chairman; the Counsel of Defense, J. R. Moore, chairman, and the Laredo Chamber of Commerce, J. W. Kenney, secretary. These have received invaluable assistance from C. N. Idar, who addressed the mechanics in their native tongue and through his sincere words brought about influence that conduced to adding stimulus to the campaign.

EN ROUTE TO WASHINGTON LAREDO DELEGATES LEAVE

Messrs. Davis and Mally, Representing Webb County on Onion Growers Committee, Take Departure.

John H. Davis, as the representative of the Webb county onion growers, and Prof. F. W. Mally county agent, as the special representative of the Webb County Farmers Association, who will act in an advisory capacity to the Southwest Texas onion growers committee going to Washington to confer with Food Administrator Hoover, left last night for San Antonio.

The members of the Southwest Texas onion growers committee from the five respective counties represented by delegates, met in San Antonio today and in a body leave tonight for Houston, where they confer with State Food Administrator Peden tomorrow, leaving Houston tomorrow night for Washington. Prof. Mally will endeavor to get C. N. Ousley, director of the extension service of the A. & M. and assistant secretary of agriculture, to take his place at Houston and accompany the committee to Washington, as Prof. Mally is desirous of getting back here as soon as possible and attend to much important business needing his personal attention.

Take HERBINE for indigestion. It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 50c. Sold by all durggists. x

ACTIVITY OF NON-PARTISANS.

St. Paul, Minn., March 7.—The prediction made some time ago that the National Non-Partisan League, following the successful culmination of its efforts to gain political control of North Dakota, the State of its birth, would seek to make its influence felt in other States, is being fulfilled in a manner that is already causing the leaders of other political parties in this section to sit up and take notice.

While the Non-Partisan propaganda has been carried into Iowa, South Dakota and even as far distant as New York and Maine, it is in Minnesota that the greatest activity of the league organizers is now displayed. Following a convention held in this city last fall, the organizers have been carrying their campaign into every county of the State. The organization meetings held in the various county seats have been as lively as any politician could wish for. The spread of the movement has only served to increase the intensity of the opposition, which in some localities has led to forcible attempts to break up the league meetings. Recently public interest in the movement has been aroused to a high pitch by charges from the opposition that the Non-Partisan League is disloyal to the nation in the war. Needless to say, these charges have been vigorously refuted by the Non-Partisan leaders, who declare that the accusation of disloyalty shows to what lengths the opposition is willing to go in a desperate endeavor to check the spread of the Non-Partisan movement. Notwithstanding these denials, however, the charge of disloyalty has taken root in many localities, with the result that in some places the Non-Partisan speakers have met with open threats of personal violence if they persisted in their attempts to hold organization meetings.

The storm-center of the campaign is A. C. Townley, president of the National Non-Partisan League and the active director of the movement to organize the farmers and working classes of Minnesota along the same lines that have brought victory to the league in the neighboring State of North Dakota. Mr. Townley is generally regarded as the "brains" of the Non-Partisan league. At any rate he is the active well as the titular head of the organization and undoubtedly has much to do with its success in North Dakota.

President Townley is a native of Traverse county, Minnesota. His formal education was closed when he was graduated from a high school. With what capital he could raise he migrated for North Dakota, bought a homestead, and began to grow flax, instead of wheat. In a few years he was known as "the Flax King of the State," and in 1909 his acreage of flax amounted to 9,000 acres. A turn in events lost for him his harvest from this crop, and compelled him to start at the bottom again.

It was at this time that his thoughts tunned to the economic and political aspects of his vocation and that of his fellow-laborers on the farms of the Northwest. A radical transformation of social conditions through collaboration of the farmers and the labor forces was his aim. Severe taxation of "profiteers" furnished one of the chief planks of his platform. He conceived a distinctly class or group propaganda which would put the State under the political control of the farmers, and in a surprisingly short time he saw his conception take form.

In the last State election in North Dakota the league was successful in gaining control of a large proportion the public offices. In the campaign about to begin it will endeavor to gain a majority influence on the State supreme bench and will also endeavor to elect a United States senator and representatives in Congress.

Now the league, figuring that it has virtually pocketed North Dakota, is busy in the adjoining States, and its most recent activities give unmistakable signs of its intention to make its influence felt in national affairs.

CITY ELECTION IS CALLED TO BE HELD ON APRIL 2d.

Complete List of Municipal Officers Will Be Chosen; No Opposition to the Present Incumbents.

On Tuesday, April 2, a regular election will be held in this city for the election of municipal officers to serve for the ensuing two years, the officers to be elected at that time being a major, city secretary, city tax collector, city treasurer, city marshal, city attorney and two aldermen from each of the four wards of the city.

The present incumbents, so far as known, have no opposition for the places they hold in the city government and it is believed that there will be no second ticket put in the field this year. The proclamation calling the election has been promulgated by Mayor McComb.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 7.

1707—Stephen Hopkins, signer of the Declaration of Independence, born at Scituate, R. I. Died at Providence, July 13, 1785.

1791—Goold Brown, the most celebrated of American grammarians, born at Providence, R. I. Died at Lynn, Mass., March 31, 1857.

1850—British Government offered $100,000 to any party of any country that should render efficient assistance to the missing crews of Sir John Franklin's Arctic expedition.

1865—Hugh McCulloch of Indiana was appointed secretary of the treasury in Lincoln's cabinet.

1867—Congress voted a gold medal to Cyrus Field as a recognition of his services in laying the Atlantic cable.

1890—International conference met in Berlin to discuss plans for improving the condition of the working classes.

1898—New cabinet formed in Austria by Count Thun.

1900—Queen Victoria ordained that Irish regiments, in recognition of gallantry in South Africa, should wear shamrock on St. Patrick's Day.

1906—Princess Ena of Battenberg (now Queen Victoria of Spain) was received into the Roman Catholic church.

THE WAR:—

1915—French troops attacked German positions in the Vosges.

1916—Germans advanced at Verdun with terrible sacrifice of life, taking the village of Fresnes.

1917—Irish Nationalists demanded immediate application of the Home Rule Law.

DISCUSS VOCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES.

Norton, Mass., March 7.—The second intercollegiate conference on vocational opportunities opened at Wheaton College today and will continue over tomorrow. The list of speakers is headed by Dr. Philander P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, and Miss Julia C. Lathrop of the children's bureau of the Department of Labor, Washington.

Children who have worms are pale, cross, fretful, and sickly most of the time. To rid the little body of these parasites WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is an approved remedy. When the worms have been driven out the child grows strong, healthy and robust. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists x

CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royse City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Killman, of this place, says; "After the birth of my little girl...my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me...but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable...I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up in a knot...

I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it... I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me... for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this."

Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial. J. 71

FIFTY YEARS AGO A PARTY OF SISTERS ARRIVED HERE

AND LATER THEY FOUNDED INSTITUTION OF LEARNING.

The Members Were of the Ursuline Order, and Through Many Vicissitudes They Finally Triumphed.

Just half a century ago next month, back in those days when the Texas frontier was the mecca for many characters who roved at will and committed depredations that terrorized the inhabitants, a party of God's noblest women devoted to a religious life and who live under imperishable vows of poverty, chasity and obedience, arrived in Laredo to include this city on the border in their field of effort. Those good women in their robes of black were Sisters of the Ursuline Order.

It was with difficulty, no doubt, that they established their order here back yonder in the yesteryears of fifty years ago, but it has never been known where determination and good intention of the kind that they demonstrated ever failed. Within a short time a little school was established here, and this in later years developed into the Ursuline Academy. There are men and women in Laredo today who can let their minds revert to the days when they were pupils of the good sisters. Though some now have "silver threads among the gold" adorning their heads, they can remember how as little tots they attended the Ursuline Academy and there learned the rudiments that gave them their education, of how through the intervening years they labored to master the curriculum of the institution and finally how the proudest day of their lives arrived and they received diplomas of graduation. These thoughts bring happy memories to Laredo people who attended the school of the good sisters years ago and they will help to make the golden jubilee of the institution all that it should be.

Fifty years has been a long time, especially when the early days of the founding of the institution here were fraught with so many vicissitudes and hardships, but these were all met and overcome in that formidable and honest manner in which the Ursuline Sisters, pioneers in educational institutions all over the world, are capable of coping with and overcoming those obstacles. Today the institution conducted by the Ursuline Sisters is a credit to Laredo.

W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF RED CROSS HELD MEETING

Considerable Business of Importance to Members Transacted at Session Session Held Last Evening.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross was held last night and much business of importance was transacted. A letter was read from the headquarters in St. Louis giving information about the second war fund campaign to be carried on from May 6 to 13. The committee appointed Asher R. Smith as manager for the war fund campaign.

A letter was read from the director of nursing telling of the duties of the women of America in this respect. A public health nurse will arrive in Laredo on Sunday morning to remain for two weeks or more.

The committee extended thanks to M. Little for use of room, Mrs. Slaughter for meals, Mr. Soltau for use of room in annex of the Bender for hospital garments, Mr. Stowers and Mr. Dubin for loan of chiffoniers for surgical dressings room for period of war.

Reports were made on the organization of Junior Auxiliaries of the Red Cross in the public schools and the Catholic schools of the city.

A letter from Mrs. Covington recommending Mrs. R. B. Lee as supervisor of surgical dressing work was favorably acted upon.

The report of R. K. Mims read to the meeting showed that the chapter had about $1,100 in the treasury.

Mrs. L. Nelson, Henry Borchers, Alfred Poggenpohl, Mrs. R. A. Millar —— Northmore and J. E. Trout were named as a civilian relief committee.

The executive committee extended a vote of thanks to Mrs. Covington for her work in the surgical dressing room during the past two weeks.

COST SYSTEM FOR MOTOR TRUCKS.

New York, March 7. The adoption of a standard operating and cost system for motor trucks is to be one of the important subjects taken up at the National Truck Owners' conference, which met today at the Waldorf-Astoria. The conference will continue its sessions over tomorrow and Saturday.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

BRANDS REPORT A BUGABOO; NUEVO LAREDO NOT HUNGRY

ABUNDANCE OF PROVISIONS OF ALL KINDS ARE THERE.

In Fact Personal Investigation Shows Surplus Supply of Flour and Lard in the Stores There.

Refuting the story published to the effect that Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, was in a bad shape on account of lack of food supplies and that the people of that place are on the verge of starvation, official information given out today branded the story as a "bugaboo" that had no foundation.

The official giving the information stated that he had made a personal investigation to determine the true condition of affairs in Nuevo Laredo and visited the various business establishments of that place. He says that at no place visited did he find the scarcity of supplies reported by stocks being depleted, but that there was a plentiful supply and even surplus of flour and lard obtained from Laredo, San Antonio and Austin and these goods all bear the brands of leading merchants of these cities. All these are in addition to the allotment of provisions allowed weekly to be exported from this city by the customs department, which allows each head of a family in Nuevo Laredo to secure a weekly allotment of corn, flour, sugar, lard, beans, etc., and cards for this purpose are issued to heads of families, each card good for three months.

With this weekly allowance of food supplies from the American side for use of families, and the considerable surplus of lard and flour on hand in the grocery establishments of Nuevo Laredo, the canard about starvation confronting the people of that city is erroneous. Besides the weekly allotments of food from the American side of the river, the supplies on hand in Nuevo Laredo, the people of that city have also recently received allotments of 1,200 bushels of corn per week by the committee of necessities of Mexico City, which secured a large quantity of corn for the relief of the food situation through special arrangement with Washington authorities. This corn is being sold by the Mexican government to the consumers in Nuevo Laredo at cost plus eight per cent. Previously the price of corn on the local markets of Nuevo Laredo was quite high, but since the arrival of the first shipment of the government corn there a big drop in price has resulted, and the price tumbled from 20 cents per kilo to 11 cents per kilo, saving the people of that place nine cents per kilo on corn, the prime food of the poorer classes.

Besides a good supply of provisions, the dealers of Nuevo Laredo have large supplies of fruits and vegetables on hand at all times. Hence there is no imminent danger of starvation in Nuevo Laredo, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

People Don't Get Supplies.

From the above it is inferred that the merchants of Nuevo Laredo are hoarding flour and lard and other supples, for there is a demand for them from the people of that city, but they must come to this side to get what they need. One government official stated after having his attention called to the above information about a surplus of lard and flour being on hand in Nuevo Laredo, that he knew the people of Nuevo Laredo were suffering for want of food supplies after securing them from this side. There is therefore no starvation from "lack of supplies in Nuevo Laredo," but from "refusal to sell the provisions on hand."

HERBINE cures constipation and reestablishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists. r

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite for Colds.

J. L. Easley, Macon, Ill., in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy says, "During the past fifteen years it has been my sister's favorite medicine for colds on the lungs. I myself have taken it a number of times when suffering with a cold and it always relieved me promptly."

DRIVE AWAY HEADACHE

Rub Musterole on Forehead and Temples

A headache remedy without the dangers of "headache medicine." Relieves headache and that miserable feeling from colds or congestion. And it acts at once! Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Better than a mustard plaster and does not blister. Used only externally, and in no way can it affect stomach and heart, as some internal medicines do.

Excellent for sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, all pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

LITTLE LOCALS

—Four carloads of ixtle were among the "follow-up" importations from Mexico yesterday.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-tf.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty. 2-11-tf.

—First Lieutenant A. B. Zooman, who left today on his return to Camp Stanley, disposed of his interest in the Laredo Electric & Telephone Supply Co. to P. Floyd.

—A. S. Hiatt, representing Thos. Goggan Bros., San Antonio. Phone 150, Travelers Hotel. New and second-hand pianos for sale just like rent. 3-6-2t.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced. 3-5-tf.

—Gage hats, Gossard corsets and brassieres at Miss M. Sallee's. 3-2-1m.

—County Clerk J. A. Rodriguez and Justo S. Penn, who accompanied County Judge Geo. R. Page to San Antonio on Sunday, returned to Laredo this morning and report that when they left Judge Page he was very much improved and was doing nicely at the P. & S. Hospital.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information. 2-27-tf.

—Effective March 1, no reservations will be made for Pullman accommodations. All Pullman tickets to be purchased at Pullman ticket office at the I. & G. N. depot. 3-4-5t.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modrn machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—The Times is requested to state that any parties having a surplus of flower seeds, shrubs or vines can dispose of them to a worthy cause, as the soldiers at Kelly field want them for beautification of the grounds there. Those having any seed, etc., which they care to donate to the boys in khaki should send them to "Landscape Engineer, Kelly Field, South San Antonio."

—Dr. H. Stow Garlick, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has returned and will resume practice at the usual office hours. 2-25-10t.

—When wanting milk phone 356. 1-22-tf.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227. 2-14-1m.

—Miss Baugh, a public health nurse from Austin, has been assigned to Laredo and will deliver a series of lectures at the public schools here, beginning next week.

—Samples of all styles of engraving. Ask to see them. G. C. Hiatt. Phone 692. 3-2-6t

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—City Garage, tel 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed. 8-11-tf.

—A list has been circulated and signed by the merchants of the city agreeing to close their places of business at 6 o'clock each evening, except on Saturdays, when they will close at the usual hour.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street. 2-14-1m.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012½ Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county. 7-19-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf.

—The Bellmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-t.

Farmers and others who live at a distance from a drug store should keep in the house a bottle of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It may be needed at any time for cuts, wounds, sores, sprains or rheumatism. It is a powerfull healing and penetrating remedy. Price 25, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x



Modern Homes and Bungalows

Book of 50 different designs and plans for $1.50 postpaid. This book is 7x9 inches and contains 64 pages, homes costing from $2,000.00 to $18,000.00. Be sure to get this book before building

H. M. MILLER, Architect
Roanoke, Va.

THE ECONOMY GROCERY STORE
NEW AND SANITARY GROCERY
Phone 637
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES
1320 HIDALGO ST.
We solicit your patronage and promise service, satisfaction and promptness.

BLACK LEAF "40"
FOR ONION THRIPS
UNION MERCANTILE COMPANY

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 8.

1726—Earl Howe, the British admiral who commanded a fleet in American waters during the Revolution, born in London. Died Aug. 5, 1799.

1785—Gen. Henry Knox was appointed secretary of the army and of the navy.

1799—Simon Cameron, Lincoln's first secretary of war, born in Lancaster, Pa. Died there, June 26, 1889.

1815—British ship Tiber captured the American privateer Lee.

1844—Expedition under John C. Fremont reached Sutter's fort, in California.

1846—American army under Gen. Zachary Taylor broke camp at Corpus Christi and started for the Rio Grande.

1865—The construction of a canal to connect Amsterdam with the North Sea was begun.

1889—John Ericsson, inventor of the Monitor, died in New York city. Born in Sweden, July 31, 1802.

1897—Mrs. Eunice White Beecher, widow of Henry Ward Beecher, died at Stamford, Ot.

1906—Six hundred Moros were killed in battle with American troops and constabulary near Jolo.

THE WAR:—

1915—Austrians claimed further victories over the Russians in the Carpathians.

1916—Germany declared war on Portugal.

1917—British commission appointed to investigate the disastrous Dardanelles campaign made its report.

W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

STRAIGHTEN THAT BENT BACK.

No need to suffer from that tired, dead ache in your back, that lameness, those distressing urinary disorders. Laredo people have found how to get relief. Follow this Laredo resident's example.

E. T. Ramon, merchant, 1619 Lincoln St., says: "I have suffered from attacks of backache for some time. I have had dull throubing pains through my kidneys, so I couldn't stoop or straighten up without suffering greatly. When one of those attacks has come on, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have never failed to remove the trouble. Doan's relieve the pain and make me feel better generally."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ramon had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

PERSONALS

D. D. Davis of Dolores was a visitor in the city yesterday.

W N. Young is in the city from his ranch for a short visit.

BENDER:—M. Holland, New Orleans, La.; A. W. Hunt, M. J. Castro, R. M. Emerson, Claude G. Mathews, F. A. Cox, San Antonio; Harry Wright and wife, J. Clydes, wife and family, New York; Will A. Davis, Ludlow; Jack Fryer, Denver, Colo.; M. London, St. Louis, Mo.; G. H. Copeland, Tampico; H. C. Hart, Houston; C. W. Heller and wife, Hebbronville; P. R. De elly, San Antonio.

HAMILTON:—T. M. Little, Clarendon; J. N. Petralia, Zapata; M. M. Uribe, Rio Grande; C. E. Wallace, San Antonio; R. B. Houston, W. R. Fisher, Kansas City, Mo.; H. Lee, N. Laredo; L. V. Stewart and wife, Payette, Idaho; O. B. Crowe, Geo. D. Moyer, E. Z. Burns, J. B. Hazelrigg, Mrs. E. W. Knight, Miss Nellie Mathews, J. W. Grimes and family, San Antonio; L. A. Smith, Houston; W. G. Hamilton, Cleveland, Ohio.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Washington, D. C., has a woman telephone lineman.

The Joan of Arc monument in Riverside Drive is the only public memorial statue of a woman in New York city.

Women comprise more than 80 per cent of all the teachers employed in the common schools of the United States.

The number of women automobile drivers in the United States is believed to have more than doubled the past year.

The oldest American college fraternity for women is the Alpha Delta Pi, founded at Wesleyan Female College in 1851.

Harriet Prescott Spofford, one of the oldest of American women authors of prominence, will enter upon her 84th year next month.

William and Mary College, the second oldest educational institution in America, has been opened to women students by action of the Virginia legislature.

It is just 40 years since the University of London opened its doors to women students, the first prominent educational institution in England to take such action.

Miss Elizabeth Langsdale Duvall, the only licensed woman radio operator in the United States, has applied for enlistment in that capacity in the United States Navy.

Women employed as chief operators with the United States Army Telephone Unit in France will receive a salary of $125 a month, together with the rations and quarters accorded to army nurses.

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Monday, March 11th
Matinee 2:45 p. m. Night 8 p. m.
D. W. Griffith's Military Spectacle
"The Birth of a Nation"
18000 People
3000 Horses
COST $500,000
5000 Scenes
THE BIRTH OF A NATION
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 15 PIECES

Entire Lower Floor Reserved	50c:	War Tax 5c
Balcony (not reserved)	25c.	" " 3c
BOX SEATS	75c.	" " 8c

Children under 12 years, any seat 25c at MATINEE ONLY

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfelct
Editor . . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.

The Lone Star Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Honor Guard Girls will meet with Miss Belle Westbrook at 4:30 in the afternoon.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Charles Hopkins, 905 Cortez Street, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 1 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the League room of the Methodist Church in the evening at the regular time.

The Boy Scouts of Troop No. 2 will meet at Fireman's Hall at 7:30 in the evening.

Saturday.

The Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Junior Scouts will hold their weekly meeting at the League Room in the Methodist Church at the regular hour.

Boy Scouts of Troop No. 3 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Fireman's Hall at 7 o'clock in the evening.

* * *

He filled the crystal goblet
With golden-beaded wine:
"Come, comrades, now, I bid ye—
To the true love of mine!

"Her forehead's pure and holy,
Her hair is tangled gold,
Her heart to me is tender,
To others' love is cold.

"So drain your glasses empty
And fill me another yet;
Two glasses at least for the dearest
And sweetest girl, Lisette."

Up rose a grizzled sergeant—
"My true love I give thee,
Three loves blent in one love,
A soldier's trinity.

"Here's to the flag we follow,
Here's to the land we serve,
And here's to the holy honor
That doth the two preserve."

Then rose they up around him,
And raised their eyes above,
And drank in solemn silence
Unto the sergeant's love.
—Edward Wentworth Hazewell.

* * *

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Buenz will leave today for San Antonio and New Braunfels to visit relatives.

* * *

Mrs. F. S. Ulmer has returned to her home in Houston, after a pleasant visit to Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ulmer.

* * *

Mrs. Ira O'Meara has as her guests her mother and sister, Mrs. G. G. Cavender of Van Horn, and Mrs. Horace Wood, of Asherton. They arrived yesterday and will remain for a week's stay.

* * *

Captain Rinearson has returned from Zapata, where he has been for the past two months.

* * *

Mr. Ed. Cotulla of San Antonio is in the city for a short visit to his family.

* * *

Club Notes.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church met with Mrs. Frank Lattig yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. G. Earnest for a business and social meeting. Mrs. Earnest led the meeting and the subjects for discussion were "Sunday School Extensions and Young People's Societies." At the conclusion of the study hour a delightful social time was enjoyed in which the hostess served an ice course and cake. Those present were Mesdames Sweatman, Windrow, Borchers, H. M. Austin, Cotulla, Wharton, Poole, Sutton, Hansen, Pratt, Butler, Spear, Hudson, Buttron and Earnest.

* * *

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist Church held a business and social meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Jennings. At the conclusion of the business session the hostess served delicious cream and cake. Those present were Mesdames Abshear, Burr, Sallee, Moore, Smith Bergman, Wharton, Landrum, Trout, Windrow, Craig, Horner, Wilkes, Mann, Henry, Campbell, Ince, Ulmer, Heaner, and Miss Pace. Mrs. Fraly was the guest of the afternoon.

* * *

What to Eat at Present.

We eat entirely too much meat as a nation, and now is an excellent time to cure ourselves of the habit. Eat more fish, poultry, eggs (they will soon be both plentiful and cheap), cheese, milk, dried beans, dried peas, peanuts, etc. Use cottonseed oil, corn oil and peanut oil in cooking and save fats. Germany is feeling the need of fats more than any other article of food. We are exceedingly fortunate in having so many good substitutes.

YEARS OF TROUBLE ENDED AND SHE HAS GAINED 15 POUNDS

"MY FRIENDS SAY I'M LOOKING YEARS YOUNGER" SHE SAYS—TANLAC BRINGS RELIEF.

"When I began taking Tanlac I had been down in bed for three months and just think of it, I'm feeling as strong and healthy as I ever felt in my life," said Mrs. Mollie J. Lord, who resides at the East Denver High School, Denver, Colorado, in an interview recently. Mrs. Lord has lived in Denver for the past twenty-five years, her husband has been in charge of the East Denver High School building for twenty-two years and they are highly respected by all who know them.

"Years ago," continued Mrs. Lord, "I had an attack of bronchitis from which, I contracted catarrh of the head and stomach. The trouble got a firm grip on me because for a long time I tried to make myself believe I didn't have catarrh, but at last I realized I was in a bad fix. My nose and throat were feverish and the mucus collecting in my throat would nauseate and almot choke me. My stomach got in such a bad condition I couldn't even eat potatoes or toast. In fact, everything would sour almost as soon as I had eaten it and the gas caused such a burning and fluttering around my heart that I was afraid I had heart trouble. Sleep seemed impossible for me. I would toss and roll in bed and have to jump up every little while so I could get my breath. My kidneys worried me constantly and my back hurt me so bad at times it felt like it would break in two.

"I doctored and took everything I heard of but kept getting worse until I just had to give up and go to bed. I never got any better until I began taking Tanlac and it certainly has been a Godsend to me. I can tell from the way my clothes fit that I have gained all of fifteen pounds and I have not only gotten entire relief from the catarrh in both my head and stomach, but my kidneys are also in perfect condition and I don't have any more pain in my back. I go to sleep as soon as I get in bed and sleep soundly all night long. My stomach never troubles me now and, oh, it's such a pleasure to be able to eat what I want without suffering afterwards. And since the gas stopped forming all the burning sensation and palpitation of the heart is gone. My friends say I'm looking years younger and I can certainly endorse Tanlac in the highest terms, and expect to always have it on hand in case I should need it."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

Fats supply energy, and our soldiers and allies must have them both for food and for explosives (glycerine).

When Gifford Pinchot was studying forestry in the interests of the government, he necessarily made frequent excursions of long duration into our forests. His main diet on these occasions was raisins and nuts. He managed to take a wonderful amount of physical labor without feeling the need of meat at all.

Prof. Kellogg, whom many Laredo people pleasantly remember as having been here during the encampment of the militia in our city, told of many endurance tests he made in connection with his Japanese students while he was instructed in a Japanese college for young men. Rice was their main diet and no meat was eaten. Prof. Kellogg has been a rice enthusiast ever since.

During the times of Marcus Aurelius, when scholars banded together for serious study, they tabooed all rich foods and especially meat. Isn't this a thought worthy of consideration?

Perhaps some of our "heaviness" is attributable to our meat habit. Let us hope for an improvement during the war. I am sure life would be more worth living!

Cornmeal mush, oatmeal, rice and homity grits are decidediy cheaper than prepared breakfast foods. Even if a large package of cereal costs only 15c, if it weighs only one-fourth of a pound, that means 60c a pound for cereal, or eight to ten times more than that prepared at home!

Cold oatmeal sliced and fried is as good as cold corn mush prepared the same way. Try a little originality in your recipes. Even if "hubby" should call your tea cakes "all day suckers," don't be discouraged. We have to win this fight.

The next demonstration of the Heights Civic Club will be at Mrs. J. R. Moore's next Monday at 4 o'clock.—Contributed.

STAR ATHLETES IN BIG MEET.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 8.—One of the greatest aggregations of military athletes seen this winter will strive for honors in the annual indoor games of the Meadowbrook Club of this city, scheduled for tonight and tomorrow. Numerous naval stations and Army cantonments throughout the East and South will be represented by the stars of the competitive firmament. The soldiers and sailors, in fact, will monopolize the two-day program, only a few special events being left open to outside athletes. A leading feature of the program will be the relay championships of the army, navy and aviation corps.

MERCHANT GIVEN ANOTHER CHANCE BY FOOD CHIEF

BLACK LIST ORDER LIFTED IN CASE OF SCHULTZ ON CONDITION THAT HE REMEDY WRONG DONE.

Conditional that Paul Schultz, retail grocer at New Baden, Texas, obtain within 15 days the excess of all sugar and flour which he sold to his customers—more than is provided by the food control law—and that Schultz arrange at once for the distribution of an excess of 25,000 pounds of sugar which he has on hand over and above what he should have for his 30-day needs, the Federal Food Administration of Texas has decided to make the suspension of the black list order permanent. Schultz must, however, show within 15 days on the first count and 30 days on the second count that he has complied with the requirements.

The decision of the administration, states the legal department, is not to be construed as establishing a policy of leniency with offenders, nor a letting down of the present bars which make for the strength of the food control law. The evidence offered by Schultz at a hearing held on Friday disclosed that Schultz was not wholly to blame, but the responsibility was to be traced to jobbers and wholesalers who had been remiss in issuing instructions, as licensees, to their retail trade, and because of this failure to fulfill the obligation of the jobber Schultz should not be permanently suspended from doing business.

Letter From Headquarters.

In the letter to Schultz, acquainting him with the decision of the administration, he has been written as follows:

"From the evidence submitted by you in connection with the black list order issued by me, cutting off your source of supplies, I am of the opinion that, to a large extent, you were led into violating the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration by persons who, in the course of their business, should have kept you informed as to the rules and regulations.

"However, I also find that you did violate the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration after receipt of definite instructions from me, but such violations might have occurred without your personal knowledge.

"In view of the good recommendations as to your standing and service in your community, furnished by a district judge of the State of Texas, also by other prominent citizens, I have decided to suspend the cutting off of your supplies on the following conditions:

"On all sales of sugar and flour for which you received or will receive payment after January 1, 1918, you will get back from the people to whom you sold this sugar and flour their surplus supplies. That is, all sugar above 10 pounds in the hands of your customers and any flour in excess of 96 pounds in the hands of your customers.

Fortnight Limit Given.

"You must have these commodities returned to you within 15 days after Monday, February 4, and sufficient proof must be in my hands that you have followed these instructions.

"You must take back these commodities at the same price at which they were sold by you, and in turn redistribute same according to the rules and regulations of the United States Food Administration at no advance in price.

"You have on hand at the present time approximately 25,000 pounds of sugar. This sugar you are permitted to sell to the various retailers in your section of the State, or through wholesalers, at the same price at what it was purchased by you. This must be done within 30 days from February 4, 1918, and sufficient evidence be furnished me that you have followed these instructions.

"Upon fulfillment of all the above, I shall then make the suspension of the black list order against you permanent.

(Signed) "E. A. Peden,
"Federal Food Administrator for the State of Texas."

STATE FOOD ADMINISTRATOR FAVORS MEAT-CURING PLANTS

The establishment of meat-curing plants to be operated in cities and towns where there is a cold storage and ice company using ammonia pipes for refrigeration, advocated by the extension department of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, is to be taken up by State Food Administrator E. A. Peden, according to George S. Bruce, industrial agent for the International & Great Northern railroad, who has been assisting the college in this work.

The meat-curing plant at Georgetown has been so successful that plants are being contemplated at Bryan, Trinity, Hearne, Navasota and Calvert.

By this method the farmer can do his own killing, have his hams and shoulders cured at a cost of 1c a pound and sell to the local merchants at packers' prices.

While the packers have complained that peanut-fed pork is not worth as much, a paper published in Georgia contained the news that in that state a premium was being paid for peanut-fed hogs.

PHONE 43 Classified Advertisements

1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks J. Maxcy Pace, 1412 Matamoros St Phone 576. 4-4-tf

For Rent—Elegant furnished rooms for light house-keeping. 1209 Victoria street. 2-7-tf.

For Rent:—Three room apartment; also small four room cottage, both completely furnished for house-keeping. Apply 1704 Houston street. 2-11-tf

Wanted to Buy:—Scrap iron for export. Pipe and oil well supplies. Brooks Supply Company, Beaumont, Texas. 2-15-30t

For Sale—Corn seed at $5 a bushel Apply J. K. Forseck and Son. 2-23-tf

Wanted—Position by general office man, who understands accounting, stenography, etc. Address "Q" care Times office. 2-25-tf.

For Rent:—Seven room house. Apply to A. R. Kahn, Custom House. 2-26-tf.

For Rent:—Furnished rooms. Apply 816 Victoria street. 2-27-tf

For Sale:—Seed corn, $4 a bushel. Phone 493. 2-27-tf

For Rent:—Furnished room. Apply 1620 Farragut street. 3-1-6t.

For Rent:—Three partly furnished rooms; private home. 1016 Main Ave. 3-2-6t.

For Sale:—Two lots on the Heights one block from street car. Address "X" this office. 2-2-tf.

For Rent:—Light housekeeping rooms, 1612 Victoria street. Telephone 801. 3-2-tf.

Wanted:—Experienced bookkeeper-accountant and typist wants set of books or other work during spare time and evenings. Address F, care Times. 3-4-6t.

For Rent:—Entire second floor of J. K. Forseck & Sons' building. Inquire at store. 3-5-5t.

Wanted:—Young lady for office work. Must have experience in typewriting and keeping accounts. Laredo Chamber of Commerce. 3-5-tf.

For Rent:—Furnished room with southeast exposure; all conveniences. Inquire at 617 Flores avenue. 3-7-tf.

For Rent—Cottage 1503 Matamoros street. For particulars write Mrs. Julia M. Moore, 212 S. Broadway, Tyler, Texas. 3-7-6t.

Wanted:—To rent cottage or bungalow for family of three by March 15th. Will be permanent if suitable. Best of references. Address: J. W. Ward, Dilley, Texas. 3-7-tf.

For Sale:—One Humphrey waterheater, seond hand, price $10. Address M, care Times. 3-7-3t.

For Sale:—A fine lot centrally located. Address Drawer 370, City. 3-8-6t.

For Rent:—Two furnished rooms. Apply 1311 Grant street. 3-8-tf.

Want to Rent:—Four, five or six-room unfurnished modern house or cottage; permanent. Captain Chapman, Bender Hotel, or phone 1082. 3-8-tf.

For Sale:—Feterita seed grown and prepared under the direction of Prof. Mally. Phone 68. 3-8-tf.

For Sale—Three mules. See Charlie Ross. 3-8-2t.

Used 40 Years
CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic
Sold Everywhere

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists
Members Webb Co. Medical Society

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones: Residence, 1107; Office, 634.

DR. H. C. HALL,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 5 to 5 p. m.
Office:—Valls Building.
Phones:—Residence 467. Office 346.

SPECIALISTS.

DR. H. STOW GARLICK,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office: Richter Building.
Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment.
Phone: Office, 699.
Res. Milmo Nat. Bank Bdlg.
Phone 213.

OSTEOPATHS.

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY,
Osteopaths.
Residence and Office
1603 Matamoros. Tel. 197.

LAWYERS.

HICKS, PHELPS, DICKSON AND BOBBITT,
Attorneys at Law.
Offices: Hicks Building, San Antonio, Valls Building, Laredo.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office: Second Floor Alexander Bldg.

IRA O'MEARA,
Attorney at Law.
Office:—Suite 202 Alexander Bldg. over Woolworth's.

E. A. ATLEE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office:—New Alexander Building, next to Laredo Nat'l Bank.
Phone 771.

POPE & SUTHERLAND,
Attorneys.
Valdez building, Rooms 7 and 10.
Phone 1027.

DENTISTS.

DR. A. E. McCULLOCH,
Dentist.
Office: Wilcox Block,
Telephone, 299.

J. K. THOMPSON
Dentist.
Office: Richter Building N. W. Corner Market Plaza.
Phone, 648.

DR. A. BARJAU,
Dentist.
Treviño Building.
Phone 1043.

DR. W. I. WILSON,
Dentist.
Office:—Valls Bldg., over People's Pharmacy.
Telephone 746, Laredo, Texas.

DR. O. E. DUNLAP,
Dentist.
Nuevo Laredo near Foot Bridge.

ARCHITECTS.

ALFRED GILES CO,
Architects.
Monterey, Mexico.
San Antonio, Texas.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN CONVERY,
Funeral Director.
Complete Auto Equipment.
Jarvis Plaza, Phone, 65.

COLLEGES.

Laredo Business College.
Rooms 215 and 217, Alexander Buldg.

STUDIOS.

MRS. DAVID F. ANDERSON,
Teacher of Singing.
Organist Supervisor
Choirmaster Public School
Christ Church. Music.
Studio Werner Bldg. Market Plaza.
Residence: The Shelby.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight cloudy. Saturday unsettled weather.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 58 degs.
Min. temp. 52 degs.
General direction of wind: East.
Cloudy.

TIMES WANT ADS.
$ $ $ $ $ Money Makers $ $ $ $ $

From Saturday's Daily.

THE ARMY OFFICER.

It has been the boast of many Americans that our officers are so much better paid than those of officers in foreign armies that they are in a class apart. But present conditions are such that our officers would be almost glad to exchange with foreign officers as far as pay in concerned.

In peace times the army officer is given quarters for his family, if he has one, or is allowed commutation of quarters. In war times, especially with the many thousands of new officers in the service, he receives neither quarters nor commutation.

The army officer pays the same income tax which is demanded of mere civilians, while the enlisted man does not reach the income tax class until he is promoted to commissioned rank.

The enlisted man has his pay net; the commissioned officer has to meet his expenses out of his pay. The enlisted man is fed, bedded and clothed without the expenditure of a single cent, while the commissioned officer has to furnish his own clothing, food, arms and equipment. The only thing furnished a commissioner officer is the ammunition he expends, with quarters, fuel and light in peace times.

This is a manifest injustice. The officer goes to war with the same patriotism as the enlisted man, and he is forced to leave his family behind with [illegible] heavy expenses as his [illegible] it impossible for his family to live in modest circumstances. His wife is obliged to keep up a certain social standard. She must live in proportion to the rank of her husband, must dress and entertain in keeping with her position.

Meanwhile, the officer on active service must pay for his own food and clothing, must dress in accordance with his rank, and besides that, must keep up an expensive establishment at home.

And while the enlisted man may save the bulk of his pay, the average commissioned officer must have outside resources or drop behind in the game.

For many years it was considered a part of British army traditions that no poor man could afford to accept commissioned rank. The most of the officers were supported from home, as their pay would not even pay their mess bills. Their equipment was costly, and their position had to be maintained at all cost.

The result was that the "gentleman ranker" was a common thing in the army, and the men who were fitted for command were forced to drop back into the ranks because they had not sufficient income with which to keep up the traditions and the demands of the service.

We should make it so that the man who is fitted for command is paid in proportion to his services. If the government can keep up a lot of quarters for staff officers who have never smelt powder, it should be able to furnish quarters for the officers who are actually on the firing line.

There are many officers of the old school who will remember the pitiful makeshifts to which their families were put when they were sent to a Western post. The packing box furniture, the army blanket portieres, the sand box "furnace" in which their cooking was done, while the winds of heaven passed through their inadequately built quarters, will remain with some of them as a nightmare.

We are spending a great sum of money for the prosecution of the war. We are demanding many junior officers for the command of the various units. We need the officers, and we promise them a salary commensurate with their ability and their rank.

But we have enlisted men who are depositing money in the savings banks while their officers are desperately moving heaven and earth to get enough money with which to meet their monthly mess bills and still leave enough to send "back home" for the support of the family.

GERMAN IN SCHOOLS.

There is some agitation nowadays of the subject of prohibiting the teaching of German in public schools, especially those maintained by the state. The Texas legislature was prompt in sidetracking this issue, as they have been in dodging anything that was not based upon the question of the prohibition of the liquor traffic, but there is no doubt that a great majority of the people of this state are opposed to having any of the state funds used in the teaching of German in the public schools.

In the first place, modern Germany is not in sympathy with the teaching of any of the German classics. The writings of Goethe, Heine, and all the others of a past age are looked upon in Germany as the vaporings of poetic license. They are as much out of date as would be Chaucer or Wyclyffe in modern England or the United States.

During the past few years it has been demonstrated that the modern Germany is no more in touch with the real German thought as exemplified by the classic German writers than it is with the Germans of whom Tacitus and Suetonius wrote.

The modern German finds his delight in reading of how much Germany surpasses the world, not of what a poet may inscribe in honor of his lady. "Du bist wie eine Blume" has given place to "Deutschland ueber Alles." The Tell legend has given way to the story of how a modern pirate, the legitimate successor of Blackbeard Tench and Captain Kidd, has sunk a passenger vessel and drowned countless women and children, "to the glory of the Fatherland."

There was formerly a reason for the American children learning German, if for no other reason than that of dealing with the people who, in the heart of Chicago, could put up over an occasional store: "English spoken here!"

But nowadays when even the German spy speaks English like that of the universities, not that of the Bowery or of Milwaukee avenue, it is no longer necessary for our children to learn the language of Schiller and Goethe, of Mendelssohn and Beethoven.

Here in the Southwest it is still necessary to study Spanish—not only because of the writings of Calderon and Cervantes—but because the people who speak that language are still a great majority of our population and have little English.

The day is coming when a study of foreign languages will be taken up as a necessary accomplishment, but the day is far off when the Americans will want to learn German. If it is necessary as a polite accomplishment, one can wait until he gets to the university, but the children of Texas have no more need of studying German than they have of studying Sanscrit.

It is a pity that so many of the [illegible] as to refuse to consider a proposition of throwing the study of German out of our public schools. The few German scholars who are going to our public schools do not need the teaching of that language, for all that they require they can learn at home by word of mouth.

There is a great waste of money in teaching a language which 999 out of every 1,000 pupils do not want to learn. There is a greater waste in employing teachers at a salary to teach the few who really do wish to learn German.

It is significant that those who do know any German are now ashamed of it, and that they do not display their accomplishment in public. The ones who are capable of reading Schiller or Goethe or Heine or Fichte in the original are not parading their knowledge before the public.

Cut out the teaching of German. The average American boy or girl has no need of it, and it is time and money wasted to demand a course in German from those who do not intend to use it in the future.

TWO ASSISTANT CASHIERS AT LAREDO NATIONAL BANK

P. W. Buttron Resigns and A. L. Vidaurri and M. W. Brennan Are Appointed Assistant Cashiers.

Some important changes have been made at the Laredo National Bank, effective yesterday, with the result that there are now two new assistant cashiers in that institution.

Prinz W. Buttron, for several years past assistant cashier, resigned his position to go with the Milmo National Bank and has assumed his duties in that place. A. L. Vidaurri, for the past ten years general bookkeeper of the Laredo National Bank, has been promoted to assistant cashie, whiler M. W. Brennan, for some time past local representative of the American Smelting & Refining Co., is now an assistant cashier also at the bank. Mr. Brennan is a son of City Marshal Brennan and an excellent business man, and in securing his services the bank gets a good acquisition to their staff.

HAS RECEIVED PROMOTION IN IMMIGRATION SERVICE

D. C. Kinne is Transferred to Del Rio, Where He Becomes Inspector in Charge of Station There.

D. C. Kinne, who for the past six years has been stationed with the immigration service in Laredo, most of the time as assistant to the inspector in charge, leaves for Del Rio Monday accompanied by Mrs. Kinne to make his future home.

Mr. Kinne goes to Del Rio to succeed Inspector in Charge Shafer in that capacity.

FUNERAL HELD YESTERDAY AND IS LARGELY ATTENDED

Last Sad Rites Over Remains of Late E. S. Mackin Attended by Large Number of Friends.

The funeral of Edward S. Mackin, who died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Foster, on the Heights, Thursday afternoon, took place from the Foster home yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock under the auspices of the Masons, and was very large attended. Many beautiful floral tributes were sent to the home.

Ritualistic funeral services of the Masonic order were conducted at both the home and grave and a large number of members of the order were present to participate in the services. Interment was made in the Masonic burial ground. The pallbearers were the following: R. L. Sutton, Andrew Ritter, E. P. Gifford, John Colman, Robert McCulloch and T. A. Bunn.

BANDITS RAID RANCH TWO KILLED BY POSSE

Had Mr. and Mrs. Tom East, Tyre Downs and C. J. McGill as Prisioners while Looting Ranch

Intended to Rob Hebbronville Bank But Changed Their Minds. Robbed Ranch Home, Store and Corral and Got Away with Many Horses

Details of one of the most daring raids perpetuated by Mexican bandits in this section of the border country, and which occurred on the San Antonio Viejo ranch, owned by Tom East, and located twenty-five miles south of Hebbronville, or thirty miles north of the Rio Grande, reached here late yesterday afternoon from Hebbronville.

The information secured by The Times is to the effect that on Thursday night about 10 o'clock a band of eighteen Mexican bandits arrived at the ranch, all of them mounted and heavily armed. Tom East, the owner of the ranch, was absent at the time, and only Mrs. East, the servants and a chauffeur named Tyre Downs, were at the ranch home at the time. The bandits [illegible] home after dismounting and tying their horses and after entering the place from different sides in short order threw their guns down on Mrs. East, then Downs, making them prisoners after tying their hands and placing them under guard. Just as they had finished this work Mr. East, accompanied by J. C. McGill, a ranchman of Jim Wells county, arrived at the ranch in an automobile. As they entered the house they were covered by bandits who were on guard and summarily given the same treatment as Mrs. East and Downs—bound and made prisoners.

Then the bandits decided to rob the ranch home, while four members of the gang went outside, found the chauffeur of the car which had just arrived with East and McGill, and compelled him to take them toward Hebbronville, where the bandits stated they intended to rob the bank there. A short distance out from the East ranch on the road to Hebbronville one of the Mexicans asked the chauffeur what kind of protection Hebbronville had, and if there were any American soldiers there. The chauffeur replied that there were no soldiers there, but that Captain Will Wright and some of his state rangers were there. There was a minute's silence before any more words passed, but a hasty conference took place between the bandits and then one of them commanded the chauffeur to turn his car about, as it was decided not to proceed to Hebbronville, but to return to the ranch, and this the chauffeur did.

Reaching the ranch the leader of the gang, who was one of those who were in the car, commanded the men to proceed to loot the whole ranch, taking everything of value that could be found. The house was first ransacked and all valuables, guns, ammunition, etc., stolen, after which the gang divided and scattered about the place to rob the store, where all provisions and supplies on hand were taken, then the barn and corral were visited and all saddles, harness, etc., were taken, and all horses on hand were rounded up and tied together. Then all the stolen goods were tied into bundles and placed on the backs of the horses and everything made ready for departure of the bandits from the ranch. After the loading process was completed they severed the telephone wires and cut off communication with Hebbronville, then they went into the ranch house and liberated Mr. and Mrs. East, McGill and Downs and left the ranch going southward in the direction of the Rio Grande at a gallop, the departure taking place long after midnight.

As soon as possible Mr. East, after realizing his predicament by the telephone being cut, dispatched a rider to Hebbronville twenty-five miles away to notify the rangers and other officers of what had happened. The news spread like wildfire in Hebbronville and a big posse was quickly organized headed by Captain Will Wright of the state rangers, who happened to be there, and Sheriff Craighead of Jim Hogg county. Just before daylight the posse, traveling in automobiles and on horseback, reached the ranch, quickly gathered what information was necessary and by daylight were speeding southward toward the Rio Grande, thirty miles away, with the bandits about four hours ahead of them, but traveling with horses loaded with stolen goods.

Who Was Leader of Gang?

A report received here states that it is positively certain that the members of the raiding party were from the Mexican side of the Rio Grande and were unacquainted with the East ranch, but there is a suspicion that the leader of the gang, who is said to have been disguised, knew his bearings, and was well acquainted with conditions on the ranch and at Hebbronville. One of the men who started in the auto toward Hebbronville was the leader, it is reported, and when he learned that Texas rangers were there that information sufficed to convince him that he should "shy clear" of Hebbronville. After the news of the raid reached Hebbronville early Friday morning two Mexicans who acted in a rather suspicious manner, were taken into custody, as the officers believed they knew something of the plan to rob the Hebbronville bank, but after putting them through an investigation and nothing being elicited from them they were turned loose, but kept under surveillance.

Mrs. East is a daughter of R. J. Kleberg, manager of the Santa Gertrudis ranch, and a granddaughter of Mrs. H. M. King, owner of the ranch, who is known as the cattle queen of the world.

Two Bandits Killed in Chase.

[illegible] the posse to a point not far from the Rio Grande. Two bandits were killed by the posse and their bodies left in the road some miles south of the East ranch. Late yesterday afternoon, a report received in Hebbronville stated, the bandits scattered and went in different directions, and when the posse came up to the place where the dispersing occurred they readily realized what had happened, and they, too, divided into several detachments and set out in different directions on the tracks of the brigands. Because of the fact that the pursuit is on in a portion of country near the Rio Grande which is sparsely settled and without telephone communication, news is much delayed in being received giving information concerning what is taking place.

Attention Elks—Important Meeting.

Monday night, March 11 is regular meeting night of Laredo Lodge No. 1018 B. P. O. E. There will be election of officers. A full attendance is earnestly urged.

G. R. WEBER,
Secretary.

3-9-2t.

ACKNOWLEDGES FELICITATIONS.

The city editor of The Times is in receipt of the following greeting from a young lady who is only a few weeks old:

I am too small my part to do,
And hardly yet can understand;
So I am sending this to you
To serve till I can write by hand.
The message, though, you sent thru pappy
Has made my little heart quite happy.
Sincerely yours,
May Clark McLemore, Jr.

Washington, D. C., March 6, 1918.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY.

MARCH 9.

1749—Count de Mirabeau, one of the greatest orators and statesmen that France has ever produced, born. Died April 2, 1791.

1865—New Brunswick rejected the plan for the Canadian confederation.

1867—About 1,000 persons perished in an earthquake in Mitylene.

1877—Oliver Ames, one of the builders of the Union Pacific Railroad, died at North Easton, Mass. Born at Plymouth, Mass., Nov. 5, 1807.

1888—William I, German emperor and king of Prussia, died in Berlin. Born there, March 22, 1797.

1890—Serious dissensions reported to exist between Emperor William and Prince Bismarck, the imperial German chancellor.

1901—Count Tolstoi, the Russian author and reformer, was excommunicated by the Orthodox Greek Church.

1914—Thirty lives lost in a fire that destroyed the home of the Missouri Athletic Club in St. Louis.

1916—A large force of Mexican brigands under Villa crossed the border and raided the town of Columbus, N. M.

THE WAR:—

1915—Great battle between the British and Germans at Neuve-Chapelle.

1916—Russians continued their advance on Trebizond.

1917—President Wilson called an extra session of the Sixty-fifth Congress to meet April 16.

The hockey season has developed at least one wonder, the experts all agreeing that young Herb Drury of the Pittsburgh team is the greatest player in the game.

LITTLE LOCALS

—The details of the raid by Mexican bandits on the East ranch in Jim Hogg county reached the Times just as it was going to press yesterday, but the account published today is an accurate one. The delay in getting the news was caused by the bandits cutting the telephone wires at the ranch.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tf.

—Just received, new shipment spring pumps, moderately priced. Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

—B. Juarez, 419 Matamoros street, plumbing and heating, drain laying and gas fitting. Repair work a specialty.

2-11-tf.

—The Imperial Cafe in the Alexander building opposite the city hall is serving real Mexican dishes. Give it a visit and you will be convinced.

3-5-tf.

—In publishing the list of names of former school students who are on the list of the service flag, the Times unintentionally omitted the name of Boniface J. Leyendecker Jr., who is one of the national army men fron Laredo in the service of his country.

—Shipment new spring shoes just received. Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

[illegible] brassieres at Miss M. Sallee s.

3-2-1m.

—The Border Foundry & Machine Co. has ordered a large tire press to press on and off solid truck tires. See Con Mims for further information.

2-27-tf.

—The regular term of district court for Webb county will be convened at the courthouse in this city on Monday morning. Unless Judge Mullally finishes his work at Cotulla today, the term of court here will be convened by Judge C. C. Thomas, for whom Judge Mullally is holding court at Cotulla.

—New white kid pumps. Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

—New electric shoe shop just opened. Modtrn machinery. Located 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m.

—When wanting milk phone 356.

1-22-tf.

—Private Pablo Buitron, one of the national army men from Laredo, stationed at Camp Travis, will be married at San Agustin cathedral tomorrow afternoon, his bride being Miss Severa Martinez.

—Hooverize by having your old shoes made new. Electric shop 1215 Lincoln street, Phone 227.

2-14-1m.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office.

10-11-tf.

—The following marriage lincense has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Pablo Buitron and Miss Severa Martinez.

—Havana brown, white kid, black patent leather, black kid, new spring styles, Echols and Edwards, cash shoe store.

3-9-2t.

—City Garage, tel. 515. Jitney cars. Vulcanizing. Work guaranteed.

8-11-tf.

—Shoe repair work called for and delivered, 1215 Lincoln street.

2-14-1m.

—Texas Real Estate & Abstract Co. 1012 Farragut street. Phone 1061. Abstracts of property in Laredo and lands of Webb county.

7-19-tf.

—It has been nearly two years since there had been a big bandit raid in these parts on the Texas border, and the five men who were captured and convicted and each given the death penalty are still in the county jail, their appeal having been held up for the past fifteen months by the state court of critinal appeals—but it will be acted on some time in the future.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office.

6-5-tf.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

6-20-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

4-24-t.

A RAW, SORE THROAT

Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little Musterole.

And Musterole won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster. Just spread it on with your fingers. It penetrates to the sore spot with a gentle tingle, loosens the congestion and draws out the soreness and pain.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. It is fine for quick relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds on the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). Nothing like Musterole for croupy children. Keep it handy for instant use.

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt, Editor. Phone 76

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday.

The Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Junior Scouts will hold their weekly meeting at the League Room in the Methodist Church at the regular hour.

Boy Scouts of Troop No. 3 will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Fireman's Hall at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Sunday.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor of the Presbyterian Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church at 7 o'clock in the evening.

The B. Y. P. U. Senior and Junior will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Creath Memorial Baptist Church, at 6:45 in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor of the Christian Church will meet at the church at 7:00 in the evening.

Monday.

[illegible] will be a meeting of the [illegible] committee of the Woman's Club at 4 o'clock in the club room at Market Hall.

There will be a "food demonstration" of the Heights Civic Club at the home of Mrs. J. R. Moore at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold their regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

This May Interest You.

The Times desires all social items of interest and cordially invites its readers to supply such news to the society editor. Send or phone all items about weddings, parties, visitors, dinners, receptions, bazaars, children's parties, etc. If you are leaving town or returning, or have visitors arriving or departing. The Times will be glad to know it. While names will not be used all written communications must be signed. This is imperative to prevent imposition. Phone all society communications to the Society Editor of The Times at No. 70 between 7 and 8 o'clock in the

If every one were wise and sweet,
And every one were jolly
If every heart with gladness beat,
And none were melancholy;
If none should grumble or complain,
And nobody should labor
In evil work, but each were fain
To love and help his neighbor—
Oh, what a happy world 'twould be
For you and me—for you and me!

And if perchance we both should try
That glorious time to hurry,
If you and I—just you and I,
Should laugh instead of worry;
If we should grow—just you and I,
Kinder and sweeter hearted—
Perhaps in some near by-and-by
That good time might get started;
Then what a happy world 'twould be
For you and me—for you and me!

—Anon.

General Mention.

Mrs. Mary F. Daly of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived in Laredo yesterday for an indefinite stay with her daughter, Mrs. L. D. Moon of South Laredo.

Miss Celeste Hamilton and Kenneth Hamilton left last night for San Antonio to visit their mother.

Mrs. O. E. Kennedy, who has been having a delightful visit in San Antonio and San Marcos for the past ten days, will return home on Monday morning. While in San Marcos she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Vollmer and little son, Robert, have returned to their home in Marshall, Texas, after a pleasant visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Irwin. They will stop en route in San Antonio, for a several days' stay.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hamilton have moved into their handsome new residence on the Heights.

Announcements.

There will be a meeting of the executive board of the Woman's Club Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

There will be a called meeting of the Married Ladies' Dancing Club on Tuesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. M. T. Cogley. All members are urged to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

Red Cross Notes.

The Red Cross surgical room will be open at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon under the supervision of Mrs. R. B. Lee.

Club Notes.

The regular monthly meting of the W. C. T. U. was held yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Hopkins. Several reports regarding the work being done were read, among these being one from the superintendent of the soldiers and sailors. A number of comfort kits have been made and sent to the soldier boys. The members have decided to set apart the third Monday of each month for Red Cross work, the members to meet at the Surgical room. Those present were Mesdames Burr, Shelby, Seaman, Northmore, Perkins, Shanks, Evans and the hostess.

The members decided to contribute to the Lillian M. Stevens campaign fund and to the Frances Willard memorial fund.

Camp Fire Girls.

The Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon with their guardian, Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl. A business meeting was held to perfect the plans for a "St. Patrick's party" which will be given on March the sixteenth. Those present were Molly Swartzman, Mabel Barr, Grace Simpson, Lucille Hyams, Nellie Ward, Margaret and Eugenia Copeland, Gladys Sauvignet, Josephine Daiches, Jack Jurgens, Jamie Ward, Gordon Barr and Mrs. Poggenpohl.

The Swastika Chapter of Camp Fire Girls held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon with their guardian, Mrs. W. D. Butler. They then made a hike to the Chaparral Valley, [illegible] the young people had a good time and enjoyed every minute of the outing. Those who attended were Beatrice Barlow, Margaret Schleyer, Madonna Sorrell, Anna Guernsey, Rosalie Wormser, Grace Simpson, Arvilla Seaman and Mrs. Butler.

PERSONALS

J. F. Gunther returned yesterday from a short business trip to Del Rio.

Hon. Marshall Hicks of San Antonio arrived in the city this morning.

W. C. Clover has returned from a several weeks visit to New York.

C. W. Hellen, a prominent stockman of Jim Hogg county, is in the city on business and pleasure.

R. G. Blossman of Corpus Christi is visiting in Laredo as the guest of his daughter, Mrs. C. C. Biggio.

BENDER:—James O'Keefe and daughter, Jacksonville; F. A. Armbrust, T. B. Miller, San Antonio; E. G. Hegadorn and wife, Detroit, Mich.; H. W. Hixer, Philadelphia, Pa.; C. H. Knight, Mexico City; L. A. Smith, Houston; M. E. Matthews, E. E. Shaw, San Antonio; Harry H. Hovey, Washington, D. C.; George Watson, San Diego, Cal.

HAMILTON:—E. O. Gossett, Pearsall; Chas. Schlosser Chicago; J. N. Taft, Cincinnati; W. E. Ellis, Marshall Hciks, W. Thompson, San Antonio; W. W. Coleman, D. H. Mulholland, Cotulla; Fred L. Sevbolt and wife, Milpitas, Cal.; J. Baker, London, Eng.; E. L. Alcayaga, A. E. Hememann, Mexico City; M. Kondo, Mexico City; H. H. Hallett, Tampico; R. San Miguel, Guerrero, Mex.; T. C. Rogers, San Diego; G. Peeler, Campleton; Capt. A. J. Bassett, Ft McIntosh; Lieut. H. Robertson Ft McIntosh; J. G. Kennedy Jr., Sarata; I. J. Harris, Chicago.

Mrs. J. E. Biggio Dead.

Rev. J. Ward received a telephone message this afternoon advising him of the death of his daughter, Mrs. John E. Biggio, which occurred at a hospital in San Antonio at 1:15 o'clock this afternoon. The remains will be brought here tomorrow morning for burial. At this writing the hour for the funeral had not been fixed.

FEWER PLEASURE CARS.

Special to The Times

New York, March 9.—The national automobile chamber of commerce, representing the country's chief automobile manufacturers, has voluntarily decided to curtail the output of pleasure cars this year 30 per cent, in order to use their plants to a greater degree for the manufacture of trucks, motors, etc., for war purposes. The curtailment followed a conference with the war industries board, which expressed gratification at the manufacturers' attitude. The fuel administration also approved it.

GRAMMAR AT THE BAR.

"Gentlemen of the jury," declaimed the attorney for the plaintiff, addressing the twelve Missouri peers who were sitting in judgment and on their respective shoulder blades in a damage suit against a grasping corporation for killing a cow, "if the train had been running as slow as it should have been ran, if the bell had been rung as it ought to have been rang, or the whistle had been blowed as it ought to of been blew, none of which was did, the cow would not of been injured when she was killed."—Country Gentleman.

Buck Herzog, who goes from the Giants to the Braves, will be pleased to read that Eddie Fitzpatrick prefers working on a farm to playing with the Braves.